

# Environmental and Process Water

Proficiency Testing and Reference Materials

2018-2019 Product Catalog

*Your Partner In Quality*

Waters  
THE SCIENCE OF WHAT'S POSSIBLE.™

# YOUR PARTNER IN QUALITY FOR OVER 40 YEARS

Since ERA's inception in 1977, we've seen laboratory technologies emerge, compliance regulations tighten and customer needs evolve. However, what's remained constant in that time is our deep-rooted commitment to providing you with the highest quality Proficiency Testing (PT) and Certified Reference Materials (CRMs) that help you achieve reliable, defensible data and long-term laboratory success.

Waters ERA was founded on the principles of Client Partnership and Commitment to Quality. To us, that means we have a responsibility to you, our customer, to be much more than a PT standards vendor or CRM supplier. For over four decades, we've worked to become a complete resource, providing in-depth industry and product expertise, maintaining a comprehensive set of globally recognized accreditations, developing technical tools to help you manage and optimize data, building product solutions that address real world analytical challenges, and delivering unmatched service that fosters convenience, efficiency and reliability.

As we look forward to the next 40 years, we understand that technologies will continue to advance, demands will increase and the baseline for quality will be raised. We are ready for the challenge. Our commitment to our founding principles will continue to be the basis for how we do business today and into the future.





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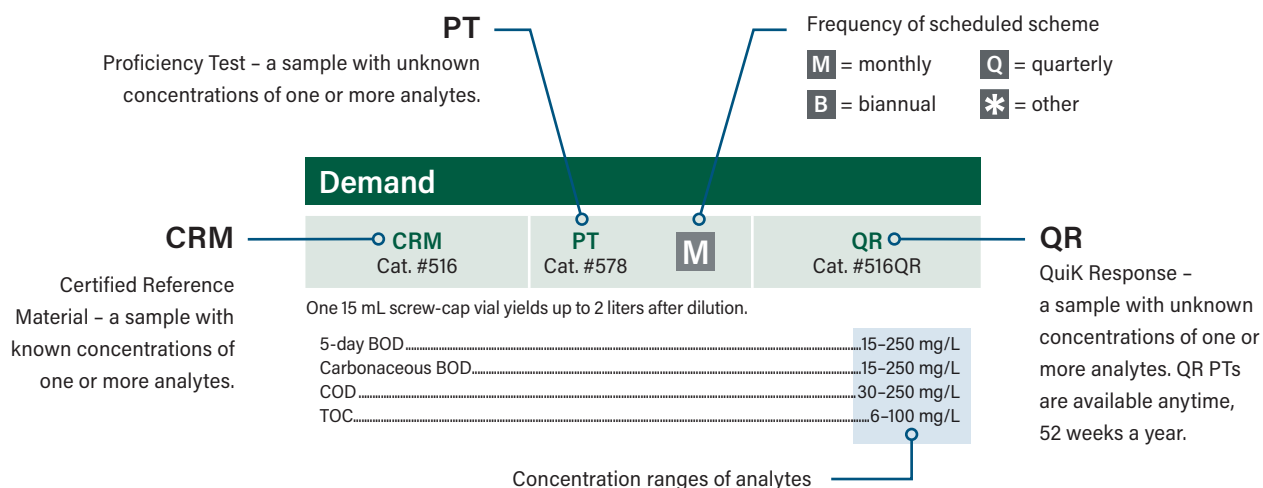
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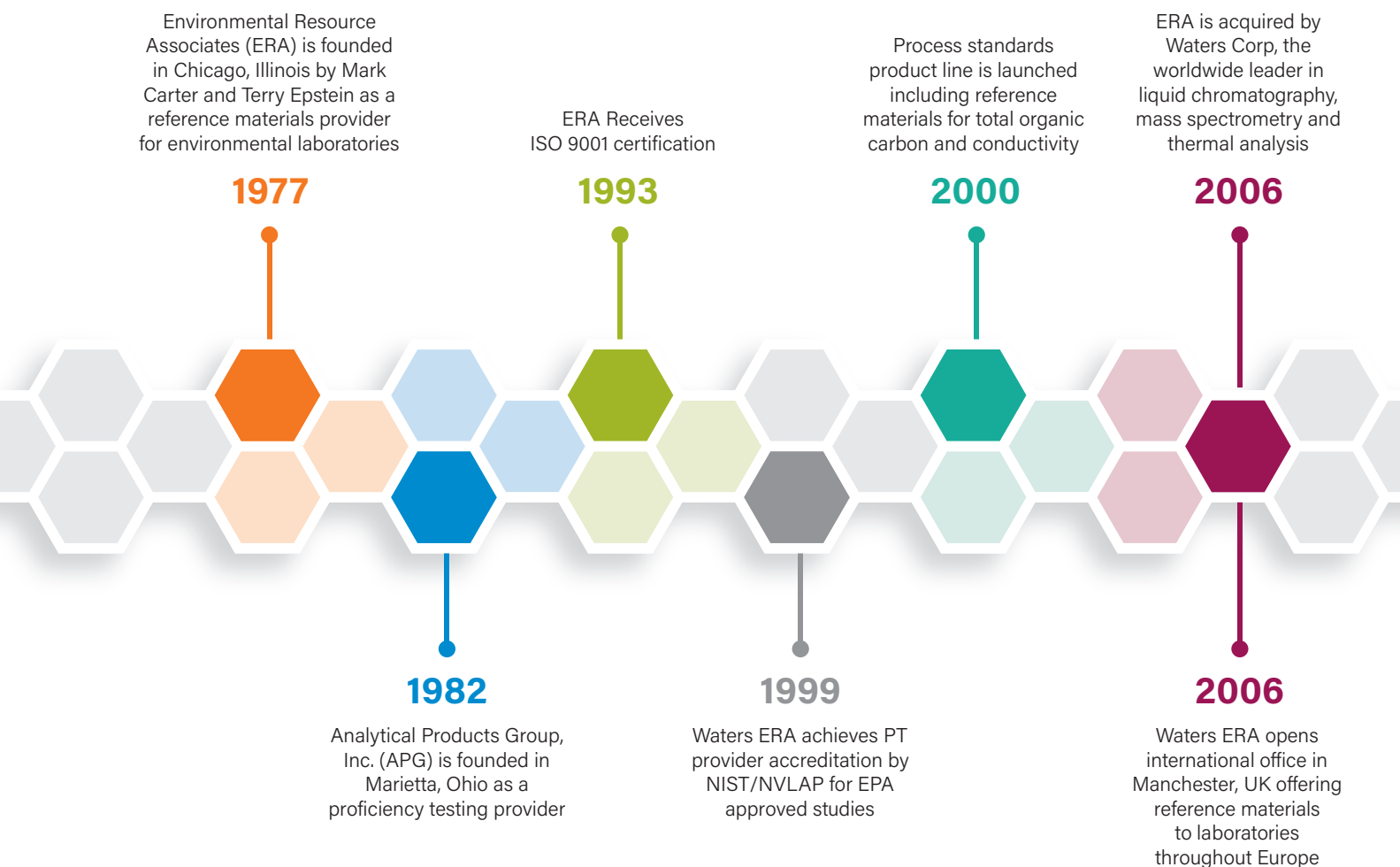
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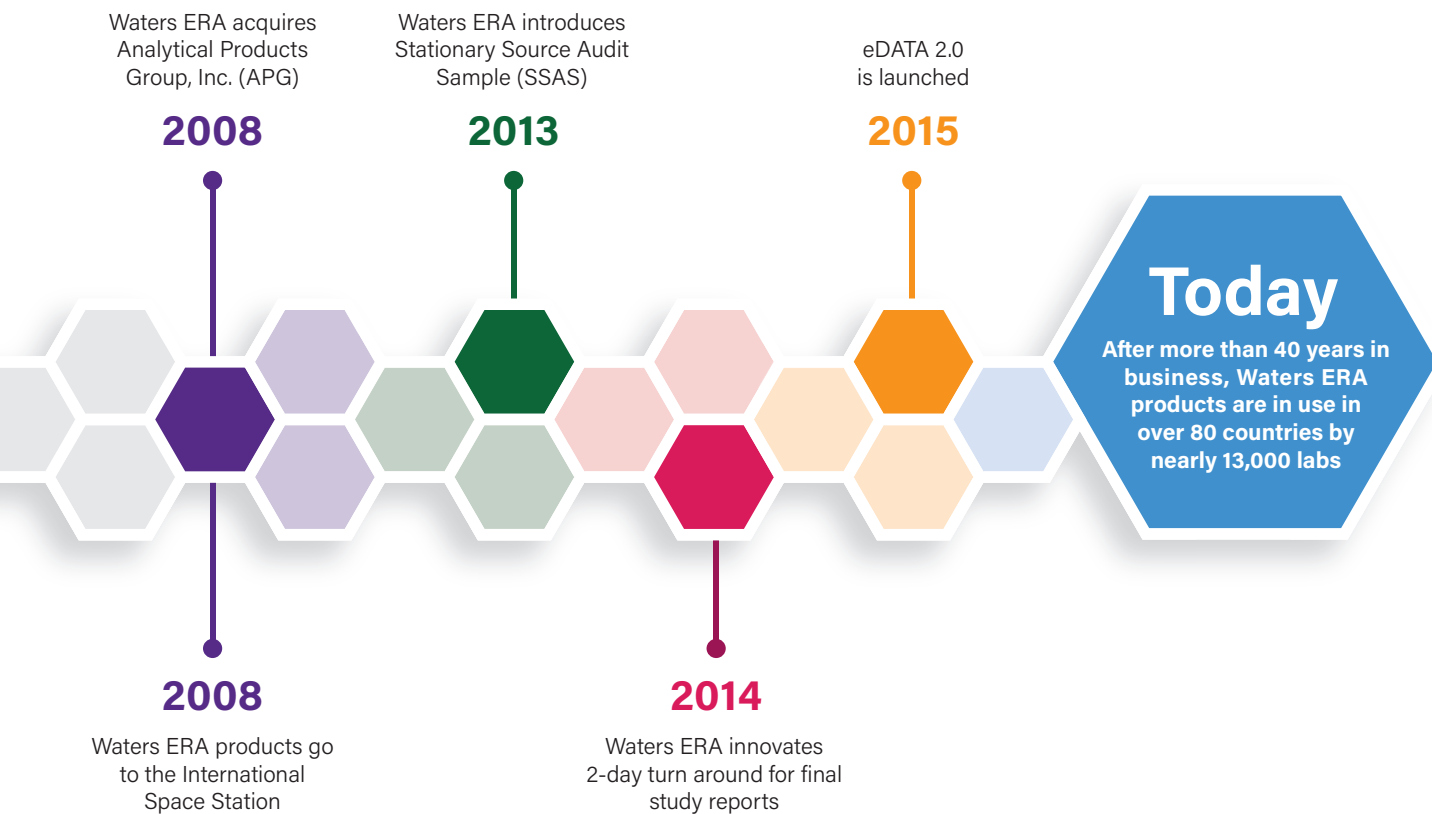
## Ordering Your Standards



# STANDING THE TEST OF TIME



Over the last four decades we've chosen to commit to partnering with our clients to help them achieve the highest quality, most reliable results. Our commitment to quality helps drive the success of your operations to ultimately produce a safer, healthier environment and economy that affects us all. Explore some of the highlights of our 40-year journey in the timeline above.



A Waters Company

# 2018 Proficiency Testing Scheme Schedule



www.eraqc.com

## Water Pollution (including UST in Water)

|   | Scheme # | Opens  | Closes       |
|---|----------|--------|--------------|
| Q | WP 276   | Jan 15 | Mar 1        |
|   | WP 277   | Feb 12 | Mar 29       |
|   | WP 278   | Mar 12 | Apr 26       |
| Q | WP 279   | Apr 16 | May 31       |
|   | WP 280   | May 14 | Jun 28       |
|   | WP 281   | Jun 11 | Jul 26       |
| Q | WP 282   | Jul 16 | Aug 30       |
|   | WP 283   | Aug 13 | Sep 27       |
|   | WP 284   | Sep 10 | Oct 25       |
| Q | WP 285   | Oct 12 | Nov 26       |
|   | WP 286   | Nov 12 | Dec 27       |
|   | WP 287   | Dec 10 | Jan 24, 2019 |

## Water Supply

|   | Scheme # | Opens | Closes       |
|---|----------|-------|--------------|
| Q | WS 258   | Jan 8 | Feb 22       |
|   | WS 259   | Feb 5 | Mar 22       |
|   | WS 260   | Mar 5 | Apr 19       |
| Q | WS 261   | Apr 9 | May 24       |
|   | WS 262   | May 7 | Jun 21       |
|   | WS 263   | Jun 4 | Jul 19       |
| Q | WS 264   | Jul 9 | Aug 23       |
|   | WS 265   | Aug 6 | Sep 20       |
|   | WS 266   | Sep 4 | Oct 19       |
| Q | WS 267   | Oct 5 | Nov 19       |
|   | WS 268   | Nov 5 | Dec 20       |
|   | WS 269   | Dec 3 | Jan 17, 2019 |

## MRAD

| Scheme # | Opens  | Closes |
|----------|--------|--------|
| MRAD 028 | Mar 19 | May 18 |
| MRAD 029 | Sep 17 | Nov 16 |

2 schemes per year – open for 60 days

## Soil (including UST in Soil)

|   | Scheme # | Opens  | Closes |
|---|----------|--------|--------|
| Q | SOIL 101 | Jan 22 | Mar 8  |
| Q | SOIL 102 | Apr 23 | Jun 7  |
| Q | SOIL 103 | Jul 23 | Sep 6  |
| Q | SOIL 104 | Oct 15 | Nov 29 |

## Air & Emissions

|   | Scheme # | Opens  | Closes |
|---|----------|--------|--------|
| Q | AE 043   | Jan 29 | Mar 15 |
| Q | AE 044   | Apr 30 | Jun 14 |
| Q | AE 045   | Jul 30 | Sep 13 |
| Q | AE 046   | Oct 22 | Dec 6  |

## Radiochemistry

|   | Scheme # | Opens | Closes |
|---|----------|-------|--------|
| Q | RAD 112  | Jan 8 | Feb 22 |
| Q | RAD 113  | Apr 9 | May 24 |
| Q | RAD 114  | Jul 9 | Aug 23 |
| Q | RAD 115  | Oct 5 | Nov 19 |



**Need PT results fast?** QuiK Response™ PTs are available on demand, 52 weeks a year. Plus, with QuiK Response you receive final results in just two business days. Contact your Customer Service Representative or an authorized Waters ERA sales partner to place your QuiK Response order.

Schedule subject to change – see Waters ERA's website at [www.eraqc.com](http://www.eraqc.com).

Q Quarterly Study



# 2019 Proficiency Testing Scheme Schedule



www.eraqc.com

## Water Pollution (including UST in Water)

|   | Scheme # | Opens  | Closes       |
|---|----------|--------|--------------|
| Q | WP 288   | Jan 14 | Feb 28       |
|   | WP 289   | Feb 11 | Mar 28       |
|   | WP 290   | Mar 11 | Apr 25       |
| Q | WP 291   | Apr 15 | May 30       |
|   | WP 292   | May 13 | Jun 27       |
|   | WP 293   | Jun 10 | Jul 25       |
| Q | WP 294   | Jul 15 | Aug 29       |
|   | WP 295   | Aug 12 | Sep 26       |
|   | WP 296   | Sep 9  | Oct 24       |
| Q | WP 297   | Oct 11 | Nov 25       |
|   | WP 298   | Nov 11 | Dec 26       |
|   | WP 299   | Dec 9  | Jan 23, 2020 |

## Water Supply

|   | Scheme # | Opens | Closes       |
|---|----------|-------|--------------|
| Q | WS 270   | Jan 7 | Feb 21       |
|   | WS 271   | Feb 4 | Mar 21       |
|   | WS 272   | Mar 4 | Apr 18       |
| Q | WS 273   | Apr 8 | May 23       |
|   | WS 274   | May 6 | Jun 20       |
|   | WS 275   | Jun 3 | Jul 18       |
| Q | WS 276   | Jul 8 | Aug 22       |
|   | WS 277   | Aug 5 | Sep 19       |
|   | WS 278   | Sep 3 | Oct 18       |
| Q | WS 279   | Oct 4 | Nov 18       |
|   | WS 280   | Nov 4 | Dec 19       |
|   | WS 281   | Dec 2 | Jan 16, 2020 |

## MRAD

| Scheme # | Opens  | Closes |
|----------|--------|--------|
| MRAD 030 | Mar 18 | May 17 |
| MRAD 031 | Sep 16 | Nov 15 |

2 schemes per year – open for 60 days

## Soil (including UST in Soil)

|   | Scheme # | Opens  | Closes |
|---|----------|--------|--------|
| Q | SOIL 105 | Jan 21 | Mar 7  |
| Q | SOIL 106 | Apr 22 | Jun 6  |
| Q | SOIL 107 | Jul 22 | Sep 5  |
| Q | SOIL 108 | Oct 18 | Dec 2  |

## Air & Emissions

|   | Scheme # | Opens  | Closes |
|---|----------|--------|--------|
| Q | AE 047   | Jan 28 | Mar 14 |
| Q | AE 048   | Apr 29 | Jun 13 |
| Q | AE 049   | Jul 29 | Sep 12 |
| Q | AE 050   | Oct 25 | Dec 9  |

## Radiochemistry

|   | Scheme # | Opens | Closes |
|---|----------|-------|--------|
| Q | RAD 116  | Jan 7 | Feb 21 |
| Q | RAD 117  | Apr 8 | May 23 |
| Q | RAD 118  | Jul 8 | Aug 22 |
| Q | RAD 119  | Oct 4 | Nov 18 |

The Industry Standard  
for over 40 years



Schedule subject to change – see Waters ERA's website at [www.eraqc.com](http://www.eraqc.com).

Q Quarterly Study

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# WATER POLLUTION

Matrices with high concentrations of analytes for testing water pollution or waste water. Standards are based on requirements of the United States Environmental Protection Agency Clean Water Act and may be used to satisfy PT requirements worldwide.

## Water Pollution (including UST in Water) PT Schedule 2018 2019

|   | Scheme # | Opens  | Closes       |
|---|----------|--------|--------------|
| Q | WP 276   | Jan 15 | Mar 1        |
|   | WP 277   | Feb 12 | Mar 29       |
|   | WP 278   | Mar 12 | Apr 26       |
| Q | WP 279   | Apr 16 | May 31       |
|   | WP 280   | May 14 | Jun 28       |
|   | WP 281   | Jun 11 | Jul 26       |
| Q | WP 282   | Jul 16 | Aug 30       |
|   | WP 283   | Aug 13 | Sep 27       |
|   | WP 284   | Sep 10 | Oct 25       |
| Q | WP 285   | Oct 12 | Nov 26       |
|   | WP 286   | Nov 12 | Dec 27       |
|   | WP 287   | Dec 10 | Jan 24, 2019 |

|   | Scheme # | Opens  | Closes       |
|---|----------|--------|--------------|
| Q | WP 288   | Jan 14 | Feb 28       |
|   | WP 289   | Feb 11 | Mar 28       |
|   | WP 290   | Mar 11 | Apr 25       |
| Q | WP 291   | Apr 15 | May 30       |
|   | WP 292   | May 13 | Jun 27       |
|   | WP 293   | Jun 10 | Jul 25       |
| Q | WP 294   | Jul 15 | Aug 29       |
|   | WP 295   | Aug 12 | Sep 26       |
|   | WP 296   | Sep 9  | Oct 24       |
| Q | WP 297   | Oct 11 | Nov 25       |
|   | WP 298   | Nov 11 | Dec 26       |
|   | WP 299   | Dec 9  | Jan 23, 2020 |

Schedule subject to change – see Waters ERA's website at [www.eraqc.com](http://www.eraqc.com)



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| 1 Liter Oil & Grease                    | 518  | 582 <b>M</b>  | 518QR  | 11   |
| Acidity                                 | 915  | 885 <b>Q</b>  | 915QR  | 13   |
| Acids                                   | 712  | 834 <b>M</b>  | 712QR  | 16   |
| Base/Neutrals                           | 711  | 833 <b>M</b>  | 711QR  | 16   |
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| Complex Nutrients                       | 525  | 579 <b>M</b>  | 525QR  | 10   |
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|  |                          |               |        |    |
|--|--------------------------|---------------|--------|----|
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| Perchlorate                                    | 1501                     | 1500 <b>Q</b> | 1501QR | 13 |
| pH   | 977                      | 577 <b>M</b>  | 977QR  | 14 |
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| Settleable Solids                              | 911                      | 883 <b>M</b>  | 911QR  | 10 |
| Silica   | 775                      | 890 <b>Q</b>  | 775QR  | 13 |
| Simple Nutrients                               | 505                      | 584 <b>M</b>  | 505QR  | 10 |
| Solids   | 499                      | 241 <b>M</b>  | 499QR  | 10 |
| Solids Concentrate                             | 4032                     | 4030 <b>M</b> | 4032QR | 10 |
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| Sulfide  | 071                      | 891 <b>M</b>  | 071QR  | 13 |
| Sulfite  | 534                      | 244 <b>B</b>  | 534QR  | 13 |
| Tin & Titanium                                 | 517                      | 573 <b>M</b>  | 517QR  | 12 |
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| Total Phenolics (4-AAP)                        | 515                      | 589 <b>M</b>  | 515QR  | 13 |
| Total Residual Chlorine (TRC)                  | 501                      | 587 <b>M</b>  | 501QR  | 14 |
| Toxaphene                                      | 717                      | 838 <b>M</b>  | 717QR  | 17 |
| Trace Metals                                   | 500                      | 586 <b>M</b>  | 500QR  | 12 |
| Turbidity                                      | 777                      | 893 <b>M</b>  | 777QR  | 13 |
| Uranium  | 4402                     | 4400 <b>Q</b> | 4402QR | 12 |
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| Volatile Solids                                | 913                      | 884 <b>M</b>  | 913QR  | 10 |
| Volatiles                                      | 710                      | 830 <b>M</b>  | 710QR  | 14 |

CRM – Certified Reference Material  
PT – Proficiency Testing  
QR – Quik Response  
RM – Reference Material

All Waters ERA WP PTs open monthly (**M**), quarterly (**Q**), or biannually (**B**) unless otherwise noted. **\*** WP Lithium PTs open in February and August. Quarterly months are January, April, July, and October. Biannual months are January and July.

# Minerals/Solids

## Minerals

| CRM<br>Cat. #506 | PT<br>Cat. #581 | M | QR<br>Cat. #506QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 500 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze.

|                                       |                   |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Total alkalinity as CaCO <sub>3</sub> | 25–400 mg/L       |
| Chloride                              | 35–275 mg/L       |
| Fluoride                              | 0.4–4 mg/L        |
| Potassium                             | 4–40 mg/L         |
| Sodium                                | 10–100 mg/L       |
| Specific conductance at 25 °C         | 200–1200 µmhos/cm |
| Sulfate                               | 5–125 mg/L        |
| Total dissolved solids at 180 °C      | 140–800 mg/L      |
| Total solids at 105 °C                | 140–800 mg/L      |

## Hardness

| CRM<br>Cat. #507 | PT<br>Cat. #580 | M | QR<br>Cat. #507QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 500 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze.

|                                       |             |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| Calcium                               | 10–100 mg/L |
| Calcium hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub> | 25–250 mg/L |
| Total hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub>   | 40–415 mg/L |
| Magnesium                             | 4–40 mg/L   |
| Total suspended solids (TSS)          | 20–100 mg/L |

## Settleable Solids

| CRM<br>Cat. #911 | PT<br>Cat. #883 | M | QR<br>Cat. #911QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 60 mL poly bottle with a solid yields 1 liter after dilution. Use with EPA Method 160.5, Standard Methods 2540F, or other applicable method.

|                   |           |
|-------------------|-----------|
| Settleable solids | 5–50 mL/L |
|-------------------|-----------|

**CRM:** A Certified Reference Material (CRM) is a standard with known concentrations or assigned values of specified analytes. The standard has a known uncertainty, homogeneity, and stability and assigned values of the analytes are traceable to an independent reference. A CRM is accompanied by an authenticated certificate of analysis.

**PT:** A Proficiency Test (PT) is an analysis of what is often referred to as a blind sample or a sample with unknown concentrations of analytes for the purpose of evaluating a laboratory's analytical performance.

**QR:** Similar to a Proficiency Test, a Quik Response (QR) is a sample with unknown concentrations. However, unlike a scheduled PT, QR is on-demand and available at any time. Plus, your results are returned within two business days. Quik Response can be used as a bilateral PT as referenced in the IUPAC/CITAC guide: Selection and use of PT schemes for a limited number of participants – chemical analytical labs.

**RM:** A Reference Material is a material sufficiently homogeneous and stable with reference to specified properties, which has been established to be fit for its intended use.

## Volatile Solids

| CRM<br>Cat. #913 | PT<br>Cat. #884 | M | QR<br>Cat. #913QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 12 mL screw-cap vial with a solid yields 1 liter after dilution. Use with EPA Method 160.4, Standard Methods 2540E, or other applicable method.

|                       |              |
|-----------------------|--------------|
| Total volatile solids | 100–500 mg/L |
|-----------------------|--------------|

## Solids Concentrate

| CRM<br>Cat. #4032 | PT<br>Cat. #4030 | M | QR<br>Cat. #4032QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

One 24 mL screw-cap vial with a powder yields 1 liter of solution.

|                                  |              |
|----------------------------------|--------------|
| Total solids at 105 °C           | 140–800 mg/L |
| Total dissolved solids at 180 °C | 140–800 mg/L |
| Total suspended solids (TSS)     | 20–100 mg/L  |

## Solids

| CRM<br>Cat. #499 | PT<br>Cat. #241 | M | QR<br>Cat. #499QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 500 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze. The CRM is also certified for pH.

|                                  |              |
|----------------------------------|--------------|
| Total solids at 105 °C           | 140–800 mg/L |
| Total dissolved solids at 180 °C | 140–800 mg/L |
| Total suspended solids (TSS)     | 20–100 mg/L  |

# Nutrients

## Simple Nutrients

| CRM<br>Cat. #505 | PT<br>Cat. #584 | M | QR<br>Cat. #505QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution.

|                           |              |
|---------------------------|--------------|
| Ammonia as N              | 1–20 mg/L    |
| Nitrate as N              | 2–25 mg/L    |
| Nitrate plus nitrite as N | 2.5–25 mg/L  |
| ortho-Phosphate as P      | 0.5–5.5 mg/L |

## Complex Nutrients

| CRM<br>Cat. #525 | PT<br>Cat. #579 | M | QR<br>Cat. #525QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution.

|                              |             |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| Total Kjeldahl nitrogen as N | 3–35 mg/L   |
| Total phosphorus as P        | 0.5–10 mg/L |

## Nitrite

| CRM<br>Cat. #770 | PT<br>Cat. #888 | M | QR<br>Cat. #770QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution.

|              |            |
|--------------|------------|
| Nitrite as N | 0.4–4 mg/L |
|--------------|------------|



# Oil & Grease/Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

▶▶▶ When ordering Oil & Grease or Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) PTs, please specify if you need a sample compatible with SPE.

## Oil & Grease

**CRM**  
Cat. #504

One 250 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze. For gravimetric and IR analyses.  
Hexane Extractable Materials (O&G).....20-200 mg/bottle

## Oil & Grease Concentrate

**CRM**  
Cat. #4122

**PT**  
Cat. #4120

**M**

**QR**  
Cat. #4122QR

One 24 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Method 1664, or other applicable method. Gravimetric analysis only.  
Hexane Extractable Materials (O&G).....20-200 mg/L

## 1 Liter Oil & Grease

**CRM**  
Cat. #518

**PT**  
Cat. #582

**M**

**QR**  
Cat. #518QR

One liter whole-volume glass bottle with a 33-430 thread is ready to analyze. For gravimetric and IR analyses.  
Hexane Extractable Materials (O&G).....20-200 mg/L

## 1 Liter Boston Round Oil & Grease

**CRM**  
Cat. #818

**PT**  
Cat. #582

**M**

**QR**  
Cat. #518QR

One liter whole-volume glass bottle with a 33-400 thread is ready to analyze. For gravimetric and IR analyses.  
Hexane Extractable Materials (O&G).....20-200 mg/L

## HEM/SGT-HEM

**CRM**  
Cat. #519

**PT**  
Cat. #489

**Q**

**QR**  
Cat. #519QR

One 5 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Method 1664, or other applicable method to measure hexane extractable material (HEM) and silica gel treated-HEM. Contains both hexadecane and stearic acid.

*Note: If a NELAC compliant PT is required, use Cat. #582 or Cat. #4120.*

Hexane extractable material.....5-100 mg/L  
Silica gel treated-HEM.....5-100 mg/L

## Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) in Water #1

**CRM**  
Cat. #600

**PT**  
Cat. #642

**Q**

**QR**  
Cat. #602QR

One liter whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze for TPH without interfering fatty acids. Use with EPA Methods 1664, 5520, or other applicable method.

Total petroleum hydrocarbons.....20-200 mg/L

## Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) in Water #2

**CRM**  
Cat. #601

**PT**  
Cat. #642

**Q**

**QR**  
Cat. #602QR

One liter whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze for TPH in the presence of interfering fatty acids. Use with EPA Methods 1664, 5520, or other applicable method.

Total petroleum hydrocarbons.....20-200 mg/L

CRM – Certified Reference Material

PT – Proficiency Testing

QR – Quik Response

All Waters ERA WP PTs open monthly (**M**) or quarterly (**Q**) unless otherwise noted.

Quarterly months are January, April, July, and October.

**Mike Deines**  
General Manager

Years with Waters ERA: 1



**Melissa McNamara**  
Director of Sales and Marketing

Years with Waters ERA: 26



## Demand

### Demand

| CRM<br>Cat. #516 | PT<br>Cat. #578 | M | QR<br>Cat. #516QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution.

|                       |             |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| 5-day BOD.....        | 18-230 mg/L |
| Carbonaceous BOD..... | 18-230 mg/L |
| COD.....              | 30-250 mg/L |
| TOC.....              | 6-100 mg/L  |

## Metals

### Trace Metals

| CRM<br>Cat. #500 | PT<br>Cat. #586 | M | QR<br>Cat. #500QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 1 liter after dilution. Use with AA, ICP-OES or ICP-MS and selected colorimetric methods.

|                 |               |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Aluminum.....   | 200-4000 µg/L |
| Antimony.....   | 90-900 µg/L   |
| Arsenic.....    | 90-900 µg/L   |
| Barium.....     | 100-2500 µg/L |
| Beryllium.....  | 50-500 µg/L   |
| Boron.....      | 800-2000 µg/L |
| Cadmium.....    | 100-1000 µg/L |
| Chromium.....   | 100-1000 µg/L |
| Cobalt.....     | 100-1000 µg/L |
| Copper.....     | 100-1000 µg/L |
| Iron.....       | 200-4000 µg/L |
| Lead.....       | 100-1500 µg/L |
| Manganese.....  | 200-2000 µg/L |
| Molybdenum..... | 60-600 µg/L   |
| Nickel.....     | 200-2000 µg/L |
| Selenium.....   | 100-1000 µg/L |
| Silver.....     | 100-1000 µg/L |
| Strontium.....  | 50-500 µg/L   |
| Thallium.....   | 80-800 µg/L   |
| Vanadium.....   | 50-2000 µg/L  |
| Zinc.....       | 300-2000 µg/L |

### Mercury

| CRM<br>Cat. #514 | PT<br>Cat. #574 | M | QR<br>Cat. #514QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 1 liter after dilution. Analyze for total mercury.

|                    |           |
|--------------------|-----------|
| Total mercury..... | 3-30 µg/L |
|--------------------|-----------|

### Low-Level Mercury

| CRM<br>Cat. #931 | PT<br>Cat. #896 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #931QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 5 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 4 liters after dilution. Use with EPA1631, or other sensitive mercury analysis methods.

|                    |             |
|--------------------|-------------|
| Total mercury..... | 20-100 ng/L |
|--------------------|-------------|

*Waters ERA Low-Level Mercury is also available during February and March WP PT schemes.*

## Metals (continued)

### Hexavalent Chromium

| CRM<br>Cat. #984 | PT<br>Cat. #898 | M | QR<br>Cat. #984QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with IC or colorimetric methods.

|                          |             |
|--------------------------|-------------|
| Hexavalent chromium..... | 90-900 µg/L |
|--------------------------|-------------|



### Tin and Titanium

| CRM<br>Cat. #517 | PT<br>Cat. #573 | M | QR<br>Cat. #517QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 1 liter after dilution. Use with AA, ICP-OES or ICP-MS methods.

|               |               |
|---------------|---------------|
| Tin.....      | 200-2000 µg/L |
| Titanium..... | 60-300 µg/L   |

### Uranium

| CRM<br>Cat. #4402 | PT<br>Cat. #4400 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #4402QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 1 liter after dilution.

|              |             |
|--------------|-------------|
| Uranium..... | 25-200 µg/L |
|--------------|-------------|

### Lithium

| CRM<br>Cat. #4992 | PT<br>Cat. #4990 | * | QR<br>Cat. #4992QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 1 liter after dilution. Designed for the Ohio VAP program.

|              |             |
|--------------|-------------|
| Lithium..... | 50-500 µg/L |
|--------------|-------------|

\* Waters ERA WP Lithium PTs open in February and August.

# Physical Property

## Color

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #070 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #882 | <b>Q</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #070QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 125 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze. Use with EPA Methods 110.1, 110.2, and 110.3, Standard Methods 2120B, 2120C, 2120E, or other applicable method.

Color ..... 10–75 PC units

## Turbidity

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #777 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #893 | <b>M</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #777QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 1 liter after dilution. Use with nephelometric methods.

Turbidity ..... 2–30 NTU

# Miscellaneous Chemistry

## Cyanide & Phenol

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #502 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #588 | <b>M</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #502QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution. The CRM is also certified for phenol at 0.5–5 mg/L. The PT (Cat. #588) is for Cyanide only. For a Total Phenolics PT, order Cat. #589.

Total cyanide ..... 0.1–1 mg/L  
Amenable cyanide ..... 0.1–1 mg/L

## Dissolved Oxygen

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #213 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #212 | <b>Q</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #213QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 500 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze.

Dissolved oxygen ..... 1–20 mg/L

## Total Organic Halides (TOX)

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #670 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #895 | <b>Q</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #670QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Analyze for total organic halides with adsorption pyrolysis titrimetric methods.

TOX ..... 300–1500 µg/L

## Total Phenolics (4-AAP)

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #515 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #589 | <b>M</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #515QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Analyze for total phenolic compounds by 4-AAP methods.

Total phenolics by 4-AAP ..... 0.5–5 mg/L

## Perchlorate

|                          |                         |          |                           |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------|---------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #1501 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #1500 | <b>Q</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #1501QR |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------|---------------------------|

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA methods 314.0, 314.2, 331.0, 332.0, or other applicable methods. LCMS and IC compatible.

Perchlorate ..... 10–200 µg/L

## Silica

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #775 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #890 | <b>Q</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #775QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 60 mL poly bottle yields up to 1 liter after dilution. Analyze for silica as SiO<sub>2</sub> with colorimetric or ICP methods.

Silica as SiO<sub>2</sub> ..... 50–250 mg/L

## Sulfide

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #071 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #891 | <b>M</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #071QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 10 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 1 liter after dilution. Preserved sample is guaranteed stable. Analyze for sulfide by titrimetric or colorimetric methods or ISE.

Sulfide ..... 2–10 mg/L

## Sulfite

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #534 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #244 | <b>B</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #534QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 10 mL concentrate yields up to 2 liters after dilution.

Sulfite ..... 10–250 mg/L

**B** Waters ERA WP Sulfite PTs open in January and July.

## Surfactants-MBAS

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #776 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #892 | <b>Q</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #776QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Analyze for surfactants-MBAS with EPA Method 425.1, or other applicable method.

Surfactants-MBAS ..... 0.2–1 mg/L

## Acidity

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #915 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #885 | <b>Q</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #915QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 250 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze. Designed for use with titrimetric methods to a pH endpoint of 8.3 S.U.

Acidity as CaCO<sub>3</sub> ..... 650–1800 mg/L

CRM – Certified Reference Material  
PT – Proficiency Testing  
QR – Quick Response

All Waters ERA WP PTs open monthly (**M**), quarterly (**Q**), or biannually (**B**) unless otherwise noted. **\*** WP Lithium PTs open in February and August. Quarterly months are January, April, July, and October. Biannual months are January and July.

## Miscellaneous Chemistry (continued)

## pH

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #977 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #577 | <b>M</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #977QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 250 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze.

pH.....5-10 units

## Boron

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #919 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #886 | <b>Q</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #919QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One unpreserved 60 mL poly bottle yields in excess of 2 liters after dilution. Designed for colorimetric methods.

Boron.....800-2000 µg/L

## Bromide

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #769 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #887 | <b>Q</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #769QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with ion chromatography or colorimetric methods.

Bromide.....1-10 mg/L

## Total Residual Chlorine (TRC)

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #501 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #587 | <b>M</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #501QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with titrimetric or colorimetric methods.

Total residual chlorine.....0.5-3 mg/L

Free residual chlorine.....0.5-3 mg/L

## Low-Level Total Residual Chlorine (TRC)

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #917 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #881 | <b>M</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #917QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

Designed for testing at low µg/L levels. One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with sensitive titrimetric or colorimetric methods.

Total residual chlorine.....50-250 µg/L

## Volatiles

## Volatiles

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #710 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #830 | <b>M</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #710QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 601, 602, 8021, 624, 8260, or other applicable method. Contains a subset of the analytes listed below at 5-300 µg/L.

|                           |                                    |                                |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Acetone                   | 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP) | Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) |
| Acetonitrile              | 1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)            | 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)    |
| Acrolein                  | Dibromomethane                     | Methylene chloride             |
| Acrylonitrile             | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene                | Naphthalene                    |
| Benzene                   | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene                | Nitrobenzene                   |
| Bromobenzene              | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene                | n-Propylbenzene                |
| Bromochloromethane        | Dichlorodifluoromethane            | Styrene                        |
| Bromodichloromethane      | 1,1-Dichloroethane                 | 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane      |
| Bromoform                 | 1,2-Dichloroethane                 | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane      |
| Bromomethane              | cis-1,2-Dichloroethene             | Tetrachloroethene              |
| 2-Butanone (MEK)          | 1,1-Dichloroethene                 | Toluene                        |
| n-Butylbenzene            | trans-1,2-Dichloroethene           | 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene         |
| sec-Butylbenzene          | 1,3-Dichloropropane                | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene         |
| tert-Butylbenzene         | 1,2-Dichloropropane                | 1,1,1-Trichloroethane          |
| Carbon disulfide          | 2,2-Dichloropropane                | 1,1,2-Trichloroethane          |
| Carbon tetrachloride      | cis-1,3-Dichloropropene            | Trichloroethene                |
| Chlorobenzene             | 1,1-Dichloropropene                | Trichlorofluoromethane         |
| Chlorodibromomethane      | trans-1,3-Dichloropropene          | 1,2,3-Trichloropropane         |
| Chloroethane              | Ethylbenzene                       | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene         |
| 2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether | Hexachlorobutadiene                | 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene         |
| Chloroform                | Hexachloroethane                   | Vinyl acetate                  |
| Chloromethane             | 2-Hexanone                         | Vinyl chloride                 |
| 2-Chlorotoluene           | Isopropylbenzene                   | m&p Xylene                     |
| 4-Chlorotoluene           | p-Isopropyltoluene                 | o-Xylene                       |
|                           |                                    | Xylenes, total                 |

## Volatile Aromatics

|                          |                         |          |                           |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------|---------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #4452 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #4450 | <b>Q</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #4452QR |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------|---------------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 602, 8021, or other applicable method. Each standard contains all listed analytes at 10-300 µg/L after dilution.

|                     |                        |                        |
|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Benzene             | Ethylbenzene           | 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene |
| Chlorobenzene       | Naphthalene            | m&p Xylene             |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | Toluene                | o-Xylene               |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | Xylenes, total         |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene |                        |

**Craig Huff**  
Senior Technical Manager  
Years with Waters ERA: 28



**Jason Furness**  
Senior Account Manager  
Years with Waters ERA: 6





## Volatiles (continued)

### BTEX & MTBE in Water

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #760 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #643 | <b>Q</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #760QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 602, 8021, or other applicable method. Includes all BTEX compounds and MTBE at 10–300 µg/L after dilution.

### Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) in Water

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #762 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #640 | <b>Q</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #762QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with both purge and trap and modified EPA 8015 GC/FID methods or other applicable methods to test for GRO at 400–4000 µg/L. Also use to test for BTEX in gasoline.

*Note: This standard is not compliant with the NELAC concentration ranges for the BTEX analytes. If you require a NELAC-compliant sample for these analytes, use WP Volatiles catalog #830 or BTEX in Water catalog #643.*

## Herbicides

### Chlorinated Acid Herbicides

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #718 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #829 | <b>M</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #718QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 615, 8151, or other applicable methods. Contains a subset of the analytes listed below at 2–10 µg/L (except MCPA and MCPP at 10–100 µg/L).

*Note: 4-nitrophenol and pentachlorophenol are not within the EPA/NELAC range. Use the Acids standard (page 16) for these compounds in the EPA/NELAC range.*

|                       |                          |                   |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Acifluorfen           | Dalapon                  | MCPP              |
| Bentazon              | Dicamba                  | 4-Nitrophenol     |
| Chloramben            | 3,5-Dichlorobenzoic acid | Pentachlorophenol |
| 2,4-D                 | Dichlorprop              | Picloram          |
| 2,4-DB                | Dinoseb                  | 2,4,5-T           |
| Dacthal diacid (DCPA) | MCPA                     | 2,4,5-TP (Silvex) |

## PCBs

### PCBs in Water

|                          |                         |          |                           |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------|---------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #734S | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #832S | <b>M</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #734SQR |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------|---------------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 608, 8082, or other applicable method. Contains a different aroclor randomly selected from the list below at 2–10 µg/L.

|              |              |              |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Aroclor 1016 | Aroclor 1242 | Aroclor 1254 |
| Aroclor 1221 | Aroclor 1248 | Aroclor 1260 |
| Aroclor 1232 |              |              |

### PCBs in Water Standards

PCBs in water standards are sold individually in 2 mL flame-sealed ampules that yield 1 liter after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 608, 8082, or other applicable methods. Each standard contains an Aroclor at 1–15 µg/L after dilution.

| CRM Cat. # | Aroclor | Range     |
|------------|---------|-----------|
| 860        | 1016    | 1–15 µg/L |
| 861        | 1221    | 1–15 µg/L |
| 862        | 1232    | 1–15 µg/L |
| 863        | 1242    | 1–15 µg/L |
| 864        | 1248    | 1–15 µg/L |
| 865        | 1254    | 1–15 µg/L |
| 866        | 1260    | 1–15 µg/L |

### PCBs in Oil

|                          |                         |          |                           |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------|---------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #729S | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #835S | <b>M</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #729SQR |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------|---------------------------|

One 10 mL flame-sealed ampule is ready to analyze. Use with EPA Method 8082, or other applicable method. Contains a different aroclor randomly selected from the list below at 10–50 mg/kg.

|              |              |              |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Aroclor 1016 | Aroclor 1242 | Aroclor 1254 |
| Aroclor 1221 | Aroclor 1248 | Aroclor 1260 |
| Aroclor 1232 |              |              |

CRM – Certified Reference Material  
PT – Proficiency Testing  
QR – Quik Response

All Waters ERA WP PTs open monthly (**M**), quarterly (**Q**), or biannually (**B**) unless otherwise noted. Quarterly months are January, April, July, and October. Biannual months are January and July.

## Semivolatiles

## Base/Neutrals

| CRM<br>Cat. #711 | PT<br>Cat. #833 | M | QR<br>Cat. #711QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 625, 8270, or other applicable method. Contains a subset of the analytes listed below at 10–225 µg/L (except Benzidine at 200–1000 µg/L).

|  |                             |                              |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Acenaphthene                             | 2-Chloronaphthalene         | Hexachlorocyclopentadiene    |
| Acenaphthylene                           | 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether | Hexachloroethane             |
| 2-Amino-1-methylbenzene<br>(o-Toluidine) | Chrysene                    | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene       |
| Aniline                                  | Dibenz(a,h)anthracene       | Isophorone                   |
| Anthracene                               | Dibenzofuran                | 2-Methylnaphthalene          |
| Benzidine                                | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene         | Naphthalene                  |
| Benzo(a)anthracene                       | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene         | 2-Nitroaniline               |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene                     | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene         | 3-Nitroaniline               |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene                     | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine      | 4-Nitroaniline               |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene                     | Diethyl phthalate           | Nitrobenzene                 |
| Benzo(a)pyrene                           | Dimethyl phthalate          | N-Nitrosodiethylamine        |
| Benzyl alcohol                           | Di-n-butyl phthalate        | N-Nitrosodimethylamine       |
| 4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether               | 2,4-Dinitrotoluene          | N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine   |
| Butyl benzyl phthalate                   | 2,6-Dinitrotoluene          | N-Nitrosodiphenylamine       |
| Carbazole                                | Di-n-octyl phthalate        | 2,2'-Oxybis(1-Chloropropane) |
| 4-Chloroaniline                          | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate  | Pentachlorobenzene           |
| bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane               | Fluoranthene                | Phenanthrene                 |
| bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether                  | Fluorene                    | Pyrene                       |
| 1-Chloronaphthalene                      | Hexachlorobenzene           | Pyridine                     |
|  | Hexachlorobutadiene         | 1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene   |
|  |                             | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene       |

## Acids

| CRM<br>Cat. #712 | PT<br>Cat. #834 | M | QR<br>Cat. #712QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 604, 625, 8041, 8270, or other applicable method. Contains a subset of the analytes listed below at 30–200 µg/L.

|                         |                            |                           |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Benzoic acid            | 2,4-Dinitrophenol          | Pentachlorophenol         |
| 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | 2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol | Phenol                    |
| 2-Chlorophenol          | 2-Methylphenol             | 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol |
| 2,4-Dichlorophenol      | 3 & 4-Methylphenol         | 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol     |
| 2,6-Dichlorophenol      | 2-Nitrophenol              | 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol     |
| 2,4-Dimethylphenol      | 4-Nitrophenol              |                           |

## Diesel Range Organics (DRO) in Water

| CRM<br>Cat. #764 | PT<br>Cat. #641 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #764QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with modified EPA 8015 GC/FID methods, or other applicable method. Includes #2 Diesel at 800–6000 µg/L.

## EDB/DBCP/TCP

| CRM<br>Cat. #692 | PT<br>Cat. #562 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #692QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Use with EPA Method 8011, or other applicable method. Each lot contains all analytes at 0.2–2.0 µg/L.

1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP)  
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)  
1,2,3-Trichloropropane (TCP)

## Glycols in Water

| CRM<br>Cat. #401 | PT<br>Cat. #271 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #401QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 8015B, 8430, 1671, or other applicable method. Each lot contains all analytes in the concentration range 75–200 mg/L.

|                   |                      |                    |
|-------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| Diethylene glycol | Propylene glycol     | Triethylene glycol |
| Ethylene glycol   | Tetraethylene glycol |                    |

## Low-Level Nitroaromatics &amp; Nitramines

| CRM<br>Cat. #677 | PT<br>Cat. #932 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #677QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters of sample after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 8330, 8091, or other applicable method for explosive and explosive residue analytes. Contains at least 80% of the analytes, randomly selected from the list below at 1–20 µg/L.

|                            |                |                       |
|----------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| 4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene | HMX            | RDX                   |
| 2-Amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene | Nitrobenzene   | Tetryl                |
| 1,3-Dinitrobenzene         | 2-Nitrotoluene | 1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene |
| 2,4-Dinitrotoluene         | 3-Nitrotoluene | 2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene |
| 2,6-Dinitrotoluene         | 4-Nitrotoluene |                       |

## Low-Level PAHs

| CRM<br>Cat. #715 | PT<br>Cat. #836 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #715QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA HPLC Methods 610, 8310, or other applicable method, and GC/MS Method 8270 SIM. Contains a subset of the analytes listed below at 0.5–20 µg/L.

|                      |                       |                        |
|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Acenaphthene         | Benzo(g,h,i)perylene  | Fluorene               |
| Acenaphthylene       | Benzo(a)pyrene        | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene |
| Anthracene           | Chrysene              | Naphthalene            |
| Benzo(a)anthracene   | Dibenz(a,h)anthracene | Phenanthrene           |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | Fluoranthene          | Pyrene                 |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene |                       |                        |

## PAHs – GC/GCMS

| CRM<br>Cat. #4882 | PT<br>Cat. #4880 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #4882QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

One 2mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 625, 8100, 8270, or other applicable method. Each standard contains a subset of the analytes listed below at 10–200 µg/L.

|                      |                       |                        |
|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Acenaphthene         | Benzo(k)fluoranthene  | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene |
| Acenaphthylene       | Benzo(g,h,i)perylene  | 1-Methylnaphthalene    |
| Anthracene           | Chrysene              | 2-Methylnaphthalene    |
| Benzo(a)anthracene   | Dibenz(a,h)anthracene | Naphthalene            |
| Benzo(a)pyrene       | Fluoranthene          | Phenanthrene           |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | Fluorene              | Pyrene                 |

# Pesticides

## Organochlorine Pesticides

| CRM<br>Cat. #713 | PT<br>Cat. #831 | M | QR<br>Cat. #713QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 608, 8081, or other applicable method. Contains a subset of the analytes listed below at 1–20 µg/L.

|                     |                    |                           |
|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| Aldrin              | 4,4'-DDD           | Endrin                    |
| alpha-BHC           | 4,4'-DDE           | Endrin aldehyde           |
| beta-BHC            | 4,4'-DDT           | Endrin ketone             |
| delta-BHC           | Dieldrin           | Heptachlor                |
| gamma-BHC (Lindane) | Endosulfan I       | Heptachlor epoxide (beta) |
| alpha-Chlordane     | Endosulfan II      | Methoxychlor              |
| gamma-Chlordane     | Endosulfan sulfate |                           |

## Chlordane

| CRM<br>Cat. #716 | PT<br>Cat. #837 | M | QR<br>Cat. #716QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters of sample after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 608, 8081, or other applicable method. Contains technical chlordane at 3–25 µg/L.

## Toxaphene

| CRM<br>Cat. #717 | PT<br>Cat. #838 | M | QR<br>Cat. #717QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters of sample after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 608, 8081, or other applicable method. Contains toxaphene at 20–100 µg/L.

## Carbamate Pesticides

| CRM<br>Cat. #908 | PT<br>Cat. #899 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #908QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA method 632, or other applicable method. Contains a subset of the analytes listed below at 5–200 µg/L.

|                    |                     |            |
|--------------------|---------------------|------------|
| Aldicarb           | Carbaryl            | Methiocarb |
| Aldicarb sulfone   | Carbofuran          | Methomyl   |
| Aldicarb sulfoxide | Diuron              | Oxamyl     |
| Baygon             | 3-Hydroxycarbofuran | Propham    |

## Nitrogen Pesticides

| CRM<br>Cat. #674 | PT<br>Cat. #487 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #674QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 619, 633, 8141, 8270, or other applicable method. Contains a subset of the analytes listed below at 2–20 µg/L.

|           |                      |             |
|-----------|----------------------|-------------|
| Alachlor  | Deethyl atrazine     | Prometon    |
| Ametryn   | Deisopropyl atrazine | Prometryn   |
| Anilazine | Diaminotrazine       | Pronamide   |
| Atraton   | EPTC (eptam)         | Propachlor  |
| Atrazine  | Hexazinone           | Propazine   |
| Bromacil  | Metolachlor          | Simazine    |
| Butachlor | Metribuzin           | Terbacil    |
| Butylate  | Napropamide          | Trifluralin |
| Cyanazine |                      |             |

## Organophosphorus Pesticides (OPP)

| CRM<br>Cat. #665 | PT<br>Cat. #934 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #665QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA methods 614, 622, 8141, or other applicable method. Contains a subset of the analytes listed below at 2–20 µg/L.

|                           |                             |                                |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Azinphos-methyl (guthion) | Dioxathion                  | Malathion                      |
| Carbophenothion           | Disulfoton                  | Methyl parathion               |
| Chlorpyrifos              | Ethion                      | Phorate                        |
| Demeton                   | Ethoprop                    | Phosmet                        |
| Demeton O & S             | Ethyl Parathion (parathion) | Ronnel                         |
| Diazinon                  | Famphur                     | Stirophos (tetrachlorovinphos) |
| Dichlorvos (DDVP)         | Fonofos                     | Terbufos                       |
| Dimethoate                |                             |                                |

CRM – Certified Reference Material

PT – Proficiency Testing

QR – Quik Response

All Waters ERA WP PTs open monthly (M) or quarterly (Q) unless otherwise noted. Quarterly months are January, April, July, and October.

**Audrey Cornell**  
Principal Proficiency Testing  
Technical Specialist  
Years with Waters ERA: 19



**Christian Milek**  
Chemist  
Years with Waters ERA: 13



# Ready-to-Use CRMs

The following whole-volume standards are ready-to-use as provided and require no dilution before analysis.\*

## Minerals

**CRM**  
Cat. #506

One 500 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze.

|                                       |                   |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Total alkalinity as CaCO <sub>3</sub> | 25–400 mg/L       |
| Chloride                              | 35–275 mg/L       |
| Fluoride                              | 0.4–4 mg/L        |
| Potassium                             | 4–40 mg/L         |
| Sodium                                | 10–100 mg/L       |
| Specific conductance at 25 °C         | 200–1200 µmhos/cm |
| Sulfate                               | 5–125 mg/L        |
| Total dissolved solids at 180 °C      | 140–800 mg/L      |
| Total solids at 105 °C                | 140–800 mg/L      |

## Hardness

**CRM**  
Cat. #507

One 500 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze.

|                                       |             |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| Calcium                               | 10–100 mg/L |
| Calcium hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub> | 25–250 mg/L |
| Total hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub>   | 40–415 mg/L |
| Magnesium                             | 4–40 mg/L   |
| Total suspended solids (TSS)          | 20–100 mg/L |

## pH

**CRM**  
Cat. #977

One 250 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze.

|    |            |
|----|------------|
| pH | 5–10 units |
|----|------------|

## Oil & Grease

**CRM**  
Cat. #504

One 250 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze. Use with EPA hexane extraction Method 1664, or other applicable method. Certified values are provided for IR and gravimetric methods. For additional Oil & Grease CRMs see page 11.

|                |                  |
|----------------|------------------|
| Oil and grease | 20–200 mg/bottle |
|----------------|------------------|

## Solids

**CRM**  
Cat. #499

One 500 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze.

|                                  |              |
|----------------------------------|--------------|
| Total solids at 105 °C           | 140–800 mg/L |
| Total dissolved solids at 180 °C | 140–800 mg/L |
| Total suspended solids (TSS)     | 20–100 mg/L  |
| pH                               | 5–10 units   |

## Trace Metals\*

**CRM**  
Cat. #740

One 500 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze. Use with AA, ICP-OES, ICP-MS, and selected colorimetric methods.

|            |               |
|------------|---------------|
| Aluminum   | 200–4000 µg/L |
| Antimony   | 90–900 µg/L   |
| Arsenic    | 90–900 µg/L   |
| Barium     | 100–2500 µg/L |
| Beryllium  | 50–500 µg/L   |
| Boron      | 800–2000 µg/L |
| Cadmium    | 100–1000 µg/L |
| Chromium   | 100–1000 µg/L |
| Cobalt     | 100–1000 µg/L |
| Copper     | 100–1000 µg/L |
| Iron       | 200–4000 µg/L |
| Lead       | 100–1500 µg/L |
| Manganese  | 200–2000 µg/L |
| Molybdenum | 60–600 µg/L   |
| Nickel     | 200–2000 µg/L |
| Selenium   | 100–1000 µg/L |
| Silver     | 100–1000 µg/L |
| Strontium  | 50–500 µg/L   |
| Thallium   | 80–800 µg/L   |
| Vanadium   | 50–2000 µg/L  |
| Zinc       | 300–2000 µg/L |

## Demand\*

**CRM**  
Cat. #743

One 500 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze.

|                  |             |
|------------------|-------------|
| 5-day BOD        | 18–230 mg/L |
| Carbonaceous BOD | 18–230 mg/L |
| COD              | 30–250 mg/L |
| TOC              | 6–100 mg/L  |

## Simple Nutrients\*

**CRM**  
Cat. #739

One 500 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze.

|                           |              |
|---------------------------|--------------|
| Ammonia as N              | 1–20 mg/L    |
| Nitrate as N              | 2–25 mg/L    |
| Nitrate plus nitrite as N | 2.5–25 mg/L  |
| ortho-Phosphate as P      | 0.5–5.5 mg/L |

## Complex Nutrients\*

**CRM**  
Cat. #741

One 500 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze.

|                              |             |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| Total Kjeldahl nitrogen as N | 3–35 mg/L   |
| Total phosphorus as P        | 0.5–10 mg/L |

\*These standards are guaranteed stable for a minimum of one month after receipt at your facility.



# QC Plus

The QC Plus Program includes environmental analytes at concentrations that reflect realistic levels of pollutants in industrial settings. Each sample level is designed for wastewater and industrial analysis. These Reference Materials (RM) are an asset to any quality assurance program because they enable you to test your internal systems to ensure that your equipment, methods, and analysts are producing quality data.

## QC Plus – Demand

**RM**  
Cat. #4013

One 24 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 1 liter after dilution.

|                        |               |
|------------------------|---------------|
| 5-day BOD .....        | 100–300 mg/L  |
| Carbonaceous BOD ..... | 87.0–256 mg/L |
| COD .....              | 150–500 mg/L  |
| TOC.....               | 50.0–200 mg/L |

## QC Plus – Hexavalent Chromium

**RM**  
Cat. #4183

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution.

|                           |               |
|---------------------------|---------------|
| Hexavalent chromium ..... | 100–1000 µg/L |
|---------------------------|---------------|

## QC Plus – Minerals

**RM**  
Cat. #4053

Two 30 mL screw-cap vials to be diluted together to yield up to 2 liters of sample.

|   |                   |
|---|-------------------|
| Alkalinity as CaCO <sub>3</sub> .....       | 10.0–300 mg/L     |
| Calcium .....                               | 5.00–150 mg/L     |
| Calcium hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub> ..... | 12.5–375 mg/L     |
| Chloride .....                              | 10.0–700 mg/L     |
| Conductivity.....                           | 100–4000 µmhos/cm |
| Magnesium .....                             | 1.00–50.0 mg/L    |
| Potassium.....                              | 1.00–300 mg/L     |
| Sodium .....                                | 10.0–300 mg/L     |
| Sulfate.....                                | 10.0–300 mg/L     |
| Total dissolved solids at 180 °C .....      | 20.0–2400 mg/L    |
| Total hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub> .....   | 15.0–600 mg/L     |

## QC Plus – Nutrients

**RM**  
Cat. #4023

Two 15 mL screw-cap vials yield up to 2 liters each after dilution.

|                              |                  |
|------------------------------|------------------|
| Ammonia nitrogen as N .....  | 0.250–10.0 mg/L  |
| Nitrate nitrogen as N.....   | 0.250–10.0 mg/L  |
| ortho-Phosphate as P .....   | 0.0500–10.0 mg/L |
| Total Kjeldahl nitrogen..... | 0.250–10.0 mg/L  |
| Total phosphorus as P .....  | 0.100–10.0 mg/L  |

## QC Plus – Oil & Grease

**RM**  
Cat. #4123

One 24 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution.

|                     |               |
|---------------------|---------------|
| Oil and grease..... | 10.0–100 mg/L |
|---------------------|---------------|

## QC Plus – pH

**RM**  
Cat. #4063

One 250 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze.

|          |                 |
|----------|-----------------|
| pH ..... | 2.00–12.0 units |
|----------|-----------------|

## QC Plus – Fluoride

**RM**  
Cat. #4423

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution.

|                |           |
|----------------|-----------|
| Fluoride ..... | 5–20 mg/L |
|----------------|-----------|



CRM – Certified Reference Material  
PT – Proficiency Testing  
QR – QuiK Response  
RM – Reference Material

Quarterly months are January, April, July, and October. Biannual months are January and July.

**Claire Toon**

Customer Service  
Representative

Years with Waters ERA: 3



# QC Plus

## QC Plus – Solids

**RM**  
Cat. #4033

One 24 mL screw-cap vial with a powder yields 1 liter after dilution.

|                                       |               |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| Total dissolved solids at 180 °C..... | 500–2000 mg/L |
| Total solids at 105 °C.....           | 600–2500 mg/L |
| Total suspended solids (TSS).....     | 100–500 mg/L  |

## QC Plus – Total Cyanide

**RM**  
Cat. #4093

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution.

|                    |                |
|--------------------|----------------|
| Total cyanide..... | 1.00–5.00 mg/L |
|--------------------|----------------|

## QC Plus – Total Phenolics

**RM**  
Cat. #4083

One 24 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution.

|                               |               |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Total phenolics by 4-AAP..... | 0.05–0.5 mg/L |
|-------------------------------|---------------|

## QC Plus – Total Residual Chlorine

**RM**  
Cat. #4103

One 24 mL amber screw cap vial yields up to 2 liters of solution after dilution.

|                              |                 |
|------------------------------|-----------------|
| Total residual chlorine..... | 0.100–1.00 mg/L |
|------------------------------|-----------------|

## QC Plus – Trace Metals

**RM**  
Cat. #4073

Two 15 mL screw-cap vials to be diluted together to yield up to 1 liter of sample.

|                 |                 |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| Aluminum.....   | 50.0–200 µg/L   |
| Antimony.....   | 10.0–300 µg/L   |
| Arsenic.....    | 10.0–250 µg/L   |
| Barium.....     | 50.0–500 µg/L   |
| Beryllium.....  | 5.00–100 µg/L   |
| Boron.....      | 50.0–250 µg/L   |
| Cadmium.....    | 5.00–100 µg/L   |
| Chromium.....   | 15.0–500 µg/L   |
| Cobalt.....     | 25.0–500 µg/L   |
| Copper.....     | 15.0–500 µg/L   |
| Iron.....       | 25.0–500 µg/L   |
| Lead.....       | 50.0–500 µg/L   |
| Manganese.....  | 50.0–500 µg/L   |
| Mercury.....    | 0.500–5.00 µg/L |
| Molybdenum..... | 20.0–500 µg/L   |
| Nickel.....     | 50.0–500 µg/L   |
| Selenium.....   | 10.0–100 µg/L   |
| Silver.....     | 10.0–100 µg/L   |
| Strontium.....  | 50.0–500 µg/L   |
| Thallium.....   | 10.0–250 µg/L   |
| Tin.....        | 200–1000 µg/L   |
| Titanium.....   | 10.0–100 µg/L   |
| Vanadium.....   | 50.0–250 µg/L   |
| Zinc.....       | 25.0–250 µg/L   |

CRM – Certified Reference Material

PT – Proficiency Testing

QR – QuiK Response

RM – Reference Material

Quarterly months are January, April, July, and October. Biannual months are January and July.

**Chris Crone**  
Senior Product Manager  
Years with Waters ERA: 2



**Pat Maloney**  
Senior Proficiency Testing  
Technical Specialist  
Years with Waters ERA: 9







# MAKING YOUR DMR-QA PROCESS SMOOTH SAILING

Whether you are new to the U.S. EPA's Discharge Monitoring Report-Quality Assurance Study Program (DMR-QA) or a seasoned participant, our team is ready to help you meet the requirements of this annual study. We work with more DMR-QA participants than any other PT provider so you can be confident your study process is simple, successful and stress-free.

Discover our complete set of DMR-QA products , including Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET), online at [www.eraqc.com/dmrqa](http://www.eraqc.com/dmrqa). There you will also find a variety of study planning tools, training videos, webinars and information to help guide you through the entire DMR-QA study process.

For more information, contact our customer service team at 800.372.0122 and request your DMR-QA Planning Guide.



# WATER SUPPLY

Matrices with low concentrations of analytes for testing water supply, drinking water, or ground water. Standards are based on requirements of the United States Environmental Protection Agency Safe Drinking Water Act and may be used to satisfy PT requirements worldwide.

## Water Supply PT Schedule 2018

|   | Scheme # | Opens | Closes       |
|---|----------|-------|--------------|
| Q | WS 258   | Jan 8 | Feb 22       |
|   | WS 259   | Feb 5 | Mar 22       |
|   | WS 260   | Mar 5 | Apr 19       |
| Q | WS 261   | Apr 9 | May 24       |
|   | WS 262   | May 7 | Jun 21       |
|   | WS 263   | Jun 4 | Jul 19       |
| Q | WS 264   | Jul 9 | Aug 23       |
|   | WS 265   | Aug 6 | Sep 20       |
|   | WS 266   | Sep 4 | Oct 19       |
| Q | WS 267   | Oct 5 | Nov 19       |
|   | WS 268   | Nov 5 | Dec 20       |
|   | WS 269   | Dec 3 | Jan 17, 2019 |

## 2019

|   | Scheme # | Opens | Closes       |
|---|----------|-------|--------------|
| Q | WS 270   | Jan 7 | Feb 21       |
|   | WS 271   | Feb 4 | Mar 21       |
|   | WS 272   | Mar 4 | Apr 18       |
| Q | WS 273   | Apr 8 | May 23       |
|   | WS 274   | May 6 | Jun 20       |
|   | WS 275   | Jun 3 | Jul 18       |
| Q | WS 276   | Jul 8 | Aug 22       |
|   | WS 277   | Aug 5 | Sep 19       |
|   | WS 278   | Sep 3 | Oct 18       |
| Q | WS 279   | Oct 4 | Nov 18       |
|   | WS 280   | Nov 4 | Dec 19       |
|   | WS 281   | Dec 2 | Jan 16, 2020 |

Schedule subject to change – see Waters ERA's website at [www.eraqc.com](http://www.eraqc.com)

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**CRM:** A Certified Reference Material (CRM) is a standard with known concentrations or assigned values of specified analytes. The standard has a known uncertainty, homogeneity, and stability and assigned values of the analytes are traceable to an independent reference. A CRM is accompanied by an authenticated certificate of analysis.

**PT:** A Proficiency Test (PT) is an analysis of what is often referred to as a blind sample or a sample with unknown concentrations of analytes for the purpose of evaluating a laboratory's analytical performance.

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| Perchlorate                         | 910  | 903 <b>Q</b>  | 910QR  | 26   |
| Pesticides                          | 709  | 850 <b>M</b>  | 709QR  | 28   |
| PFAS Drinking Water                 | 735  | 960 <b>B</b>  | 735QR  | 28   |
| PFAS Ground Water and Surface Water | 731  | 929 <b>B</b>  | 731QR  | 28   |
| pH                                  | 779  | 552 <b>M</b>  | 779QR  | 26   |
| Regulated Volatiles                 | 703  | 840 <b>M</b>  | 703QR  | 27   |
| Residual Chlorine                   | 696  | 593 <b>M</b>  | 696QR  | 25   |
| Semivolatiles #1                    | 690  | 848 <b>M</b>  | 690QR  | 29   |
| Semivolatiles #2 Herbicides         | 691  | 849 <b>M</b>  | 691QR  | 29   |
| Silica                              | 785  | 902 <b>Q</b>  | 785QR  | 26   |
| Solids Concentrate                  | 5152 | 5150 <b>M</b> | 5152QR | 24   |
| Surfactants-MBAS                    | 784  | 901 <b>Q</b>  | 784QR  | 26   |
| Toxaphene                           | 700  | 844 <b>M</b>  | 700QR  | 28   |
| Turbidity                           | 699  | 592 <b>M</b>  | 699QR  | 26   |
| Unregulated Volatiles               | 683  | 841 <b>M</b>  | 683QR  | 27   |
| Uranium                             | 930  | 858 <b>Q</b>  | 930QR  | 24   |
| UV 254 Absorbance                   | 662  | 904 <b>Q</b>  | 662QR  | 26   |
| Vanadium                            | 660  | 856 <b>Q</b>  | 660QR  | 24   |

**QR:** Similar to a Proficiency Test, a QuiK Response (QR) is a sample with unknown concentrations. However, unlike a scheduled PT, QR is on-demand and available at any time. Plus, your results are returned within two business days. QuiK Response can be used as a bilateral PT as referenced in the IUPAC/CITAC guide: Selection and use of PT schemes for a limited number of participants – chemical analytical labs.

**RM:** A Reference Material is a material sufficiently homogeneous and stable with reference to specified properties, which has been established to be fit for its intended use.

**CRM** – Certified Reference Material  
**PT** – Proficiency Testing  
**QR** – QuiK Response

All Waters ERA WS PTs open monthly (**M**), quarterly (**Q**), or biannually (**B**) unless otherwise noted. Quarterly months are January, April, July, and October. Biannual months are January and July.

## Minerals/Solids

## Hardness

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #693 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #555 | <b>M</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #693QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 250 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze.

|   |             |
|---|-------------|
| Calcium.....                                | 30-90 mg/L  |
| Calcium hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub> ..... | 75-225 mg/L |
| Total hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub> .....   | 83-307 mg/L |
| Magnesium.....                              | 2-20 mg/L   |
| Sodium.....                                 | 12-50 mg/L  |

## Inorganics

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #698 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #591 | <b>M</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #698QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 500 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze. The CRM is also certified for sodium at 10-400 mg/L. For a Sodium PT, order Hardness, Cat. #555.

|   |                   |
|---|-------------------|
| Alkalinity as CaCO <sub>3</sub> .....       | 25-200 mg/L       |
| Chloride.....                               | 20-160 mg/L       |
| Fluoride.....                               | 1-8 mg/L          |
| Nitrate as N.....                           | 3-10 mg/L         |
| Nitrate plus nitrite as N.....              | 3-10 mg/L         |
| Potassium.....                              | 10-40 mg/L        |
| Specific conductance at 25 °C.....          | 130-1300 µmhos/cm |
| Sulfate.....                                | 25-250 mg/L       |
| Total dissolved solids (TDS) at 180 °C..... | 100-1000 mg/L     |

## Solids Concentrate

|                          |                         |          |                           |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------|---------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #5152 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #5150 | <b>M</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #5152QR |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------|---------------------------|

One 24 mL screw-cap vial with a powder yields 1 liter after dilution.

|   |               |
|---|---------------|
| Total filterable residue (TDS) at 180 °C..... | 100-1000 mg/L |
| Total solids (TS) at 105 °C.....              | 123-1100 mg/L |
| Total suspended solids (TSS).....             | 23-100 mg/L   |

The Industry  
for over 40 years



## Trace Metals

## Metals

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #697 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #590 | <b>M</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #697QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with ICP-OES, ICP-MS and AA methods.

|                 |               |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Aluminum.....   | 130-1000 µg/L |
| Antimony.....   | 6-50 µg/L     |
| Arsenic.....    | 5-50 µg/L     |
| Barium.....     | 500-3000 µg/L |
| Beryllium.....  | 2-20 µg/L     |
| Boron.....      | 800-2000 µg/L |
| Cadmium.....    | 2-50 µg/L     |
| Chromium.....   | 10-200 µg/L   |
| Copper.....     | 50-2000 µg/L  |
| Iron.....       | 100-1800 µg/L |
| Lead.....       | 5-100 µg/L    |
| Manganese.....  | 40-900 µg/L   |
| Molybdenum..... | 15-130 µg/L   |
| Nickel.....     | 10-500 µg/L   |
| Selenium.....   | 10-100 µg/L   |
| Silver.....     | 20-300 µg/L   |
| Thallium.....   | 2-10 µg/L     |
| Vanadium.....   | 50-1000 µg/L  |
| Zinc.....       | 200-2000 µg/L |

## Mercury

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #666 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #551 | <b>M</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #666QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 1 liter after dilution. Use with CVAA, ICP-MS or CVAFS methods.

|                    |             |
|--------------------|-------------|
| Total mercury..... | 0.5-10 µg/L |
|--------------------|-------------|

## Hexavalent Chromium

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #658 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #854 | <b>Q</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #658QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution.

|                          |           |
|--------------------------|-----------|
| Hexavalent chromium..... | 5-50 µg/L |
|--------------------------|-----------|

## Uranium

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #930 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #858 | <b>Q</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #930QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with ICP-MS methods.

|              |            |
|--------------|------------|
| Uranium..... | 3-104 µg/L |
|--------------|------------|

## Vanadium

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #660 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #856 | <b>Q</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #660QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Designed to meet California ELAP requirements.

|               |           |
|---------------|-----------|
| Vanadium..... | 5-50 µg/L |
|---------------|-----------|

# Disinfection By-Products

## Chloral Hydrate

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #676 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #853 | <b>B</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #676QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Use with EPA Method 551, or other applicable method. Includes chloral hydrate at 4–30 µg/L.

**B** Waters ERA WS Chloral Hydrate PTs open in January and July.

## Haloacetic Acids (HAA)

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #684 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #852 | <b>M</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #684QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Method 552, or other applicable method. Includes all the analytes below at 5–50 µg/L.

Bromochloroacetic acid      Dichloroacetic acid      Monochloroacetic acid  
Dibromoacetic acid      Monobromoacetic acid      Trichloroacetic acid

## Inorganic Disinfection #1

|                          |                         |          |                           |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------|---------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #5272 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #5270 | <b>M</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #5272QR |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------|---------------------------|

One 24 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 4 liters after dilution.

Chlorate.....60–180 µg/L  
Chlorite.....100–1000 µg/L

## Inorganic Disinfection #2

|                          |                         |          |                           |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------|---------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #5262 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #5260 | <b>M</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #5262QR |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------|---------------------------|

One 24 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 4 liters after dilution.

Bromate.....7–50 µg/L  
Bromide.....50–300 µg/L

# Nutrients

## Ammonia as N

|                          |                         |          |                           |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------|---------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #1359 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #1319 | <b>B</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #1359QR |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------|---------------------------|

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 1 liter after dilution.

Ammonia as N.....0.1–1 mg/L

**B** Waters ERA WS Ammonia as N PTs open in January and July.

## Nitrite

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #695 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #594 | <b>M</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #695QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution.

Nitrite as N.....0.4–2 mg/L

## o-Phosphate Nutrients

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #667 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #558 | <b>M</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #667QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution.

ortho-Phosphate as P.....0.5–5.5 mg/L

# Miscellaneous Inorganic

## Residual Chlorine

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #696 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #593 | <b>M</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #696QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution.

Total residual chlorine.....0.5–3 mg/L  
Free residual chlorine.....0.5–3 mg/L

## Cyanide

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #983 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #556 | <b>M</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #983QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Source material is free cyanide.

Free cyanide.....0.1–0.5 mg/L  
Total cyanide.....0.1–0.5 mg/L

**Darren Sauer**

Senior Customer Service  
Representative

Years with Waters ERA: 20



**CRM** – Certified Reference Material

**PT** – Proficiency Testing

**QR** – QuiK Response

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## Miscellaneous Inorganic (continued)

## Organic Carbon

CRM

Cat. #669

PT

Cat. #557

M

QR

Cat. #669QR

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 1 liter after dilution.

Total organic carbon.....1.3–13 mg/L

Dissolved organic carbon.....1.3–13 mg/L

## Perchlorate

CRM

Cat. #910

PT

Cat. #903

Q

QR

Cat. #910QR

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution.

Perchlorate.....4–20 µg/L

## pH

CRM

Cat. #779

PT

Cat. #552

M

QR

Cat. #779QR

One 250 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze.

pH.....5–10 units

## Silica

CRM

Cat. #785

PT

Cat. #902

Q

QR

Cat. #785QR

One 60 mL poly bottle yields 1 liter after dilution.

Silica as SiO<sub>2</sub>.....5–75 mg/L

## Surfactants-MBAS

CRM

Cat. #784

PT

Cat. #901

Q

QR

Cat. #784QR

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution.

Surfactants-MBAS.....0.1–1 mg/L

## Physical Property

## Color

CRM

Cat. #661

PT

Cat. #859

Q

QR

Cat. #661QR

One 125 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze.

Color.....10–75 PC units

## Corrosivity

CRM

Cat. #980

PT

Cat. #900

Q

QR

Cat. #980QR

One 500 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze for corrosivity, calcium carbonate saturation, and Langelier Saturation Index.

Corrosivity.....–4 to +4 SI units

Our stabilized turbidity calibration solutions give you an affordable alternative to costly turbidity consumables that delivers accurate results and helps stretch your facility budget.

View our Turbidity Standards on page 99.



## Turbidity

CRM

Cat. #699

PT

Cat. #592

M

QR

Cat. #699QR

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 1 liter after dilution. Use with nephelometric methods.

Turbidity.....0.5–8 NTU

## UV 254 Absorbance

CRM

Cat. #662

PT

Cat. #904

Q

QR

Cat. #662QR

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 1 liter after dilution.

UV 254 absorbance.....0.05–0.7 cm<sup>-1</sup>

# Volatile Organics

## Gasoline Additives

| CRM<br>Cat. #909 | PT<br>Cat. #905 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #909QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Use with EPA Method 524.2, or other applicable method for gasoline additives/oxygenates. Contains all of the analytes below at 5–50 µg/L.

|                               |                                |                          |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| tert-Amyl methyl ether (TAME) | Ethyl tert-butyl ether (ETBE)  | Trichlorofluoromethane   |
| tert-Butyl alcohol            | Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) | (Freon® 11)              |
| Di-isopropylether (DIPE)      |                                | Trichlorotrifluoroethane |
|                               |                                | (Freon 113)              |

## Halomethanes (THMs)

| CRM<br>Cat. #702 | PT<br>Cat. #842 | M | QR<br>Cat. #702QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 502.2, 524.2, 551, or other applicable method. Contains all of the analytes below at 5–50 µg/L.

|                      |                      |            |
|----------------------|----------------------|------------|
| Bromodichloromethane | Chlorodibromomethane | Chloroform |
| Bromoform            |                      |            |

## Regulated Volatiles

| CRM<br>Cat. #703 | PT<br>Cat. #840 | M | QR<br>Cat. #703QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 502.2, 524.2, or other applicable method. Contains all of the analytes below at 2–50 µg/L.

|                      |                            |                        |
|----------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| Benzene              | cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene   | Toluene                |
| Carbon tetrachloride | trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene |
| Chlorobenzene        | 1,2-Dichloropropane        | 1,1,1-Trichloroethane  |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene  | Ethylbenzene               | 1,1,2-Trichloroethane  |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene  | Methylene chloride         | Trichloroethylene      |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane   | Styrene                    | Vinyl chloride         |
| 1,1-Dichloroethylene | Tetrachloroethylene        | Xylenes, total         |

## Unregulated Volatiles

| CRM<br>Cat. #683 | PT<br>Cat. #841 | M | QR<br>Cat. #683QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 502.2, 524.2, or other applicable method. Contains at least 60% of the analytes randomly selected from the list below at 2–50 µg/L.

|                    |                           |                                |
|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Bromobenzene       | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene       | 4-Isopropyltoluene             |
| Bromochloromethane | Dichlorodifluoromethane   | Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) |
| Bromomethane       | 1,1-Dichloroethane        | Naphthalene                    |
| n-Butylbenzene     | 1,3-Dichloropropane       | n-Propylbenzene                |
| sec-Butylbenzene   | 2,2-Dichloropropane       | 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane      |
| tert-Butylbenzene  | 1,1-Dichloropropene       | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane      |
| Chloroethane       | cis-1,3-Dichloropropene   | 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene         |
| Chloromethane      | trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 1,2,3-Trichloropropane         |
| 2-Chlorotoluene    | Fluorotrichloromethane    | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene         |
| 4-Chlorotoluene    | Hexachlorobutadiene       | 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene         |
| Dibromomethane     | Isopropylbenzene          |                                |

CRM – Certified Reference Material

PT – Proficiency Testing

QR – Quik Response

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# Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS)

## PFAS Drinking Water

| CRM<br>Cat. #735 | PT<br>Cat. #960 | B | QR<br>Cat. #735QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame sealed ampule yields in excess of 1.5 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Method 537. The diluted standard will contain 6–8 analytes in each lot selected from the list below at 50–500 ng/L. Except PFBS will be in range of 100–1000 ng/L.

|   |               |
|---|---------------|
| N-ethyl perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid.....  | 50–500 ng/L   |
| N-methyl perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid..... | 50–500 ng/L   |
| Perfluorobutanesulfonic acid (PFBS).....            | 100–1000 ng/L |
| Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA).....                  | 50–500 ng/L   |
| Perfluorododecanoic acid (PFDoA).....               | 50–500 ng/L   |
| Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA).....                | 50–500 ng/L   |
| Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS).....           | 50–500 ng/L   |
| Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA).....                 | 50–500 ng/L   |
| Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA).....                  | 50–500 ng/L   |
| Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS).....            | 50–500 ng/L   |
| Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA).....                  | 50–500 ng/L   |
| Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTA).....             | 50–500 ng/L   |
| Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTrDA).....             | 50–500 ng/L   |
| Perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnA).....               | 50–500 ng/L   |

**B** Offered in January and July

## PFAS Ground Water & Surface Water

| CRM<br>Cat. #731 | PT<br>Cat. #929 | B | QR<br>Cat. #731QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame sealed ampule yields in excess of 1.5 liters after dilution. Design is suitable for methods analyzing ground water or surface water. Use with LC-MS/MS techniques. The diluted standard will contain 6–12 analytes in each lot selected from the listing below at 100–500 ng/L.

|   |              |
|---|--------------|
| N-ethyl perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid.....  | 100–500 ng/L |
| Fluorotelomer sulfonate 8:2 (FtS 8:2).....          | 100–500 ng/L |
| Fluorotelomer sulfonate 4:2 (FtS 4:2).....          | 100–500 ng/L |
| Fluorotelomer sulfonate 6:2 (FtS 6:2).....          | 100–500 ng/L |
| N-methyl perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid..... | 100–500 ng/L |
| Perfluorobutanesulfonic acid (PFBS).....            | 100–500 ng/L |
| Perfluorobutyric acid (PFBA).....                   | 100–500 ng/L |
| Perfluorodecanesulfonate (PFDS).....                | 100–500 ng/L |
| Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA).....                  | 100–500 ng/L |
| Perfluorododecanoic acid (PFDoA).....               | 100–500 ng/L |
| Perfluoroheptanesulfonate (PFHpS).....              | 100–500 ng/L |
| Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA).....                | 100–500 ng/L |
| Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS).....           | 100–500 ng/L |
| Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA).....                 | 100–500 ng/L |
| Perfluorononanesulfonate (PFNS).....                | 100–500 ng/L |
| Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA).....                  | 100–500 ng/L |
| Perfluorooctanesulfonamide (PFOSA).....             | 100–500 ng/L |
| Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS).....            | 100–500 ng/L |
| Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA).....                  | 100–500 ng/L |
| Perfluoropentanoic acid (PFPeA).....                | 100–500 ng/L |
| Perfluoropentanesulfonate (PFPeS).....              | 100–500 ng/L |
| Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTA).....             | 100–500 ng/L |
| Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTrDA).....             | 100–500 ng/L |
| Perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnA).....               | 100–500 ng/L |

**B** Offered in January and July

# Pesticides

## Pesticides

| CRM<br>Cat. #709 | PT<br>Cat. #850 | M | QR<br>Cat. #709QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 505, 507, 508, 525, or other applicable method for organochlorine, nitrogen, and organophosphorus pesticides. Each standard contains at least 14 analytes randomly selected from the list below at 0.2–20 µg/L.

|           |                           |                   |
|-----------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Alachlor  | Heptachlor                | Metribuzin        |
| Aldrin    | Heptachlor epoxide (beta) | Molinate (ordram) |
| Atrazine  | Hexachlorobenzene         | Prometon          |
| Bromacil  | Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | Propachlor        |
| Butachlor | Lindane (gamma-BHC)       | Simazine          |
| Diazinon  | Methoxychlor              | Thiobencarb       |
| Dieldrin  | Metolachlor               | Trifluralin       |
| Endrin    |                           |                   |

## Carbamate/Carbamoxylloxime Pesticides

| CRM<br>Cat. #707 | PT<br>Cat. #846 | M | QR<br>Cat. #707QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 531.1, 531.2, 632, or other applicable method. Each standard contains at least 8 of the analytes below at 15–150 µg/L.

|                    |                     |            |
|--------------------|---------------------|------------|
| Aldicarb           | Carbaryl            | Methiocarb |
| Aldicarb sulfone   | Carbofuran          | Methomyl   |
| Aldicarb sulfoxide | 3-Hydroxycarbofuran | Oxamyl     |
| Baygon             |                     |            |

## Chlordane

| CRM<br>Cat. #705 | PT<br>Cat. #845 | M | QR<br>Cat. #705QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 505, 508, 525, or other applicable method. Each standard contains technical chlordane at 2–20 µg/L.

## Toxaphene

| CRM<br>Cat. #700 | PT<br>Cat. #844 | M | QR<br>Cat. #700QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 505, 508, 525, or other applicable method. Each standard contains toxaphene at 2–20 µg/L.



**Brian Miller**  
Product Line Manager  
Years with Waters ERA: 15

## Pesticides (continued)

## Semivolatile Organics (continued)

## EDB/DBCP/TCP

| CRM<br>Cat. #706 | PT<br>Cat. #847 | M | QR<br>Cat. #706QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 504, 551, or other applicable method. Each lot contains all analytes below at 0.05–2 µg/L.

1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP)  
Ethylene dibromide (EDB)

1,2,3-Trichloropropane (1,2,3-TCP)

## Low-Level 1,2,3-TCP

| CRM<br>Cat. #682 | PT<br>Cat. #596 | B | QR<br>Cat. #682QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields 100 mL after dilution. Use with California method SRL 524M, or other applicable method. Each standard contains 1,2,3-Trichloropropane (TCP) at 5–100 ng/L after dilution.

**B** Low-Level 1,2,3-TCP will first be offered in March 2018 (WS 260), and available in January and July thereafter.

## Semivolatiles #1

| CRM<br>Cat. #690 | PT<br>Cat. #848 | M | QR<br>Cat. #690QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 506, 525, 550, or other applicable method for PAHs, phthalates and adipates. Each standard contains benzo(a)pyrene, bis(2-ethylhexyl)adipate, and bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate plus at least 13 additional analytes, selected from the list below, at 0.2–50 µg/L.

|                      |                          |                            |
|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| Acenaphthene         | Butyl benzyl phthalate   | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate |
| Acenaphthylene       | Chrysene                 | Fluoranthene               |
| Anthracene           | Dibenz(a,h)anthracene    | Fluorene                   |
| Benzo(a)anthracene   | Di-n-butyl phthalate     | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene     |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | Diethyl phthalate        | Naphthalene                |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene | Dimethyl phthalate       | Phenanthrene               |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene | Di-n-octyl phthalate     | Pyrene                     |
| Benzo(a)pyrene       | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)adipate |                            |

*Naphthalene is not within the EPA/NELAC range. Use the Unregulated Volatiles standard (page 27 for this compound in the EPA/NELAC range).*

## Herbicides

## Semivolatile Organics

## Dioxin

| CRM<br>Cat. #663 | PT<br>Cat. #857 | B | QR<br>Cat. #663QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 613, 1613, 8280, 8290, or other applicable method. Each standard contains 2,3,7,8-TCDD at 20–100 pg/L.

**B** Offered in January and July

## PCBs as Decachlorobiphenyl

| CRM<br>Cat. #708 | PT<br>Cat. #839 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #708QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Quantitative Method 508A. This standard can also be used for aroclor identification and quantification using EPA Methods 505, 508, 508.1, or other applicable method. Includes an aroclor randomly selected from the list below at 0.5–5 µg/L as decachlorobiphenyl.

|              |              |              |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Aroclor 1016 | Aroclor 1242 | Aroclor 1254 |
| Aroclor 1221 | Aroclor 1248 | Aroclor 1260 |
| Aroclor 1232 |              |              |

## Chlorinated Acid Herbicides

| CRM<br>Cat. #704 | PT<br>Cat. #851 | M | QR<br>Cat. #704QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 515.1, 515.2, 515.3, 515.4, 555, or other applicable method. All lots include at least 10 analytes from the list below at 1–120 µg/L.

|                       |                          |                   |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Acifluorfen           | Dalapon                  | 4-Nitrophenol     |
| Bentazon              | Dicamba                  | Pentachlorophenol |
| Chloramben            | 3,5-Dichlorobenzoic acid | Picloram          |
| 2,4-D                 | Dichlorprop              | 2,4,5-T           |
| 2,4-DB                | Dinoseb                  | 2,4,5-TP (silvex) |
| Dacthal diacid (DCPA) |                          |                   |

## Semivolatiles #2 Herbicides

| CRM<br>Cat. #691 | PT<br>Cat. #849 | M | QR<br>Cat. #691QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 547, 548, 549, or other applicable method. Each standard contains all the analytes below at 8–800 µg/L.

|           |            |          |
|-----------|------------|----------|
| Diquat    | Glyphosate | Paraquat |
| Endothall |            |          |

CRM – Certified Reference Material  
PT – Proficiency Testing  
QR – QuiK Response

All Waters ERA WS PTs open monthly (**M**), quarterly (**Q**), or biannually (**B**) unless otherwise noted. Quarterly months are January, April, July, and October.



# MICROBIOLOGY

Matrices with low and high concentrations of analytes for testing bacteria in drinking water and waste water. Samples are delivered as lyophilized pellets in a glass vial with phosphate buffer dilution water.

## Water Pollution PT Schedule 2018

|   | Scheme # | Opens  | Closes       |
|---|----------|--------|--------------|
| Q | WP 276   | Jan 15 | Mar 1        |
|   | WP 277   | Feb 12 | Mar 29       |
|   | WP 278   | Mar 12 | Apr 26       |
| Q | WP 279   | Apr 16 | May 31       |
|   | WP 280   | May 14 | Jun 28       |
|   | WP 281   | Jun 11 | Jul 26       |
| Q | WP 282   | Jul 16 | Aug 30       |
|   | WP 283   | Aug 13 | Sep 27       |
|   | WP 284   | Sep 10 | Oct 25       |
| Q | WP 285   | Oct 12 | Nov 26       |
|   | WP 286   | Nov 12 | Dec 27       |
|   | WP 287   | Dec 10 | Jan 24, 2019 |

## 2019

|   | Scheme # | Opens  | Closes       |
|---|----------|--------|--------------|
| Q | WP 288   | Jan 14 | Feb 28       |
|   | WP 289   | Feb 11 | Mar 28       |
|   | WP 290   | Mar 11 | Apr 25       |
| Q | WP 291   | Apr 15 | May 30       |
|   | WP 292   | May 13 | Jun 27       |
|   | WP 293   | Jun 10 | Jul 25       |
| Q | WP 294   | Jul 15 | Aug 29       |
|   | WP 295   | Aug 12 | Sep 26       |
|   | WP 296   | Sep 9  | Oct 24       |
| Q | WP 297   | Oct 11 | Nov 25       |
|   | WP 298   | Nov 11 | Dec 26       |
|   | WP 299   | Dec 9  | Jan 23, 2020 |

Schedule subject to change – see Waters ERA's website at [www.eraqc.com](http://www.eraqc.com)

# Contents

**CRM:** A Certified Reference Material (CRM) is a standard with known concentrations or assigned values of specified analytes. The standard has a known uncertainty, homogeneity, and stability and assigned values of the analytes are traceable to an independent reference. A CRM is accompanied by an authenticated certificate of analysis.

**PT:** A Proficiency Test (PT) is an analysis of what is often referred to as a blind sample or a sample with unknown concentrations of analytes for the purpose of evaluating a laboratory's analytical performance.

**QR:** Similar to a Proficiency Test, a Quik Response (QR) is a sample with unknown concentrations. However, unlike a scheduled PT, QR is on-demand and available at any time. Plus, your results are returned within two business days. Quik Response can be used as a bilateral PT as referenced in the IUPAC/CITAC guide: Selection and use of PT schemes for a limited number of participants – chemical analytical labs.

**RM:** A Reference Material is a material sufficiently homogeneous and stable with reference to specified properties, which has been established to be fit for its intended use.

| Description                            | CRM  | PT            | QR     | Page |
|--|------|---------------|--------|------|
| Enterococci                            | 081  | 880 <b>Q</b>  | 787QR  | 32   |
| Heterotrophic Plate Count (WP)         |      | 935 <b>B</b>  |        | 32   |
| Heterotrophic Plate Count (WS)         | 084  | 079 <b>M</b>  | 084QR  | 32   |
| Massachusetts Ground Water Enterococci | 081  | 077 <b>*</b>  | —      | 32   |
| Potable Water Coliform Microbe         | 694  | 080 <b>M</b>  | 085QR  | 32   |
| Source Water Microbe                   | 078  | 595 <b>Q</b>  | 078QR  | 32   |
| Source Water Microbe - 9221            | 078A | 595A <b>Q</b> | 078AQR | 32   |
| Wastewater Coliform Microbe            | 083  | 576 <b>M</b>  | 786QR  | 32   |
| Wastewater Coliform Microbe - 9221     | 083A | 576A <b>M</b> | 786AQR | 32   |

## Water Supply PT Schedule 2018

|          | Scheme # | Opens | Closes       |
|----------|----------|-------|--------------|
| <b>Q</b> | WS 258   | Jan 8 | Feb 22       |
|          | WS 259   | Feb 5 | Mar 22       |
|          | WS 260   | Mar 5 | Apr 19       |
| <b>Q</b> | WS 261   | Apr 9 | May 24       |
|          | WS 262   | May 7 | Jun 21       |
|          | WS 263   | Jun 4 | Jul 19       |
| <b>Q</b> | WS 264   | Jul 9 | Aug 23       |
|          | WS 265   | Aug 6 | Sep 20       |
|          | WS 266   | Sep 4 | Oct 19       |
| <b>Q</b> | WS 267   | Oct 5 | Nov 19       |
|          | WS 268   | Nov 5 | Dec 20       |
|          | WS 269   | Dec 3 | Jan 17, 2019 |

CRM – Certified Reference Material

PT – Proficiency Testing

QR – Quik Response

## 2019

|          | Scheme # | Opens | Closes       |
|----------|----------|-------|--------------|
| <b>Q</b> | WS 270   | Jan 7 | Feb 21       |
|          | WS 271   | Feb 4 | Mar 21       |
|          | WS 272   | Mar 4 | Apr 18       |
| <b>Q</b> | WS 273   | Apr 8 | May 23       |
|          | WS 274   | May 6 | Jun 20       |
|          | WS 275   | Jun 3 | Jul 18       |
| <b>Q</b> | WS 276   | Jul 8 | Aug 22       |
|          | WS 277   | Aug 5 | Sep 19       |
|          | WS 278   | Sep 3 | Oct 18       |
| <b>Q</b> | WS 279   | Oct 4 | Nov 18       |
|          | WS 280   | Nov 4 | Dec 19       |
|          | WS 281   | Dec 2 | Jan 16, 2020 |

All Waters ERA Microbiology PTs open monthly (**M**), quarterly (**Q**), or biannually (**B**) unless otherwise noted. Waters ERA Massachusetts Ground Water Enterococci PT is available any time. Quarterly months are January, April, July, and October.

## WP Microbiology

### Wastewater Coliform Microbe

CRM

Cat. #083

PT

Cat. #576

M

QR

Cat. #786QR

Each PT sample is one lyophilized quantitative standard for use with all Clean Water Act quantitative methods, including MF and MPN. If determining MPN by SM 9221 or similar Multiple Tube techniques, use 083A, 576A, or 786A.

CRM also includes one blank sample. Each standard can be used for total coliform, fecal coliform and *E. coli* which are present in the range 20–2400 CFU/100 mL or MPN/100 mL.

### Wastewater Coliform Microbe – 9221

CRM

Cat. #083A

PT

Cat. #576A

M

QR

Cat. #786AQR

Each PT sample is one lyophilized quantitative standard for use with Standard Methods 9221 or similar multiple tube techniques.

CRM also includes one blank sample. Each standard can be used for total coliform, fecal coliform, and *E. coli* which are present in the range of 20–2400 MPN/100 mL.

### Enterococci

CRM

Cat. #081

PT

Cat. #880

Q

QR

Cat. #787QR

Each PT sample is one lyophilized standard, which can be analyzed for enterococci and/or fecal streptococci, MF or MPN in the range 20–1000 CFU/100 mL or MPN/100 mL.

CRM also includes one blank sample. Use with EPA Methods 1106.1 and 1600, ASTM Methods D5259-92, D6503-99 and Standard Methods 9230B and 9230C and Enterolert Quantitray.

### Heterotrophic Plate Count

PT

Cat. #935

B

One lyophilized sample containing a Heterotrophic bacteria. SPC PT standards are required for laboratories seeking NELAC accreditation as well as by many other state programs.

**B** Offered Biannually in March and September.

## State-Specific Microbiology

### Massachusetts Ground Water Enterococci

CRM

Cat. #081

PT

Cat. #077

✳

Each PT sample set is composed of 10 lyophilized samples to be analyzed for presence or absence of enterococci. This sample is specifically designed for the State of Massachusetts certification for compliance with the federal Ground Water Rule. Each CRM sample set is composed of two lyophilized samples - one quantitative positive and one blank.

**✳** Massachusetts Ground Water Enterococci PT is available any time.

## WS Microbiology

### Heterotrophic Plate Count

CRM

Cat. #084

PT

Cat. #079

M

QR

Cat. #084QR

Each sample is one lyophilized standard containing a heterotrophic bacteria present in the range 5–500 CFU/mL or MPN/mL. Use with the Standard Methods 9215B – Pour Plate Method, and Most Probable Number (MPN) Method (simplate).

### Potable Water Coliform Microbe

CRM

Cat. #694

PT

Cat. #080

M

QR

Cat. #085QR

Each sample set consists of lyophilized standards for the presence or absence analysis of total coliform, fecal coliform, and *E. coli*. The standards are applicable to all SDWA promulgated methods-MF, MPN, presence/absence and ONPG-MUG. The Potable Water Coliform Microbe PT standard is available in all 12-monthly WS studies.

### Source Water Microbe

CRM

Cat. #078

PT

Cat. #595

Q

QR

Cat. #078QR

Each sample is one lyophilized quantitative standard containing *E. coli* in the range 20–200 CFU/100 mL or MPN/100 mL. Use with all SDWA quantitative methods. Each standard can be used for total coliform, fecal coliform, and *E. coli*. If determining MPN by SM 9221 or similar multiple tube techniques, use 078A, 595A, and 078AQR.

### Source Water Microbe – 9221

CRM

Cat. #078A

PT

Cat. #595A

Q

QR

Cat. #078AQR

Each sample is one lyophilized quantitative standard containing *E. coli* in the range of 20–200 MPN/100 mL for use with Standard Methods 9221 or similar multiple tube techniques. Each standard can be used for total coliforms, fecal coliforms, and *E. coli*.

CRM – Certified Reference Material

PT – Proficiency Testing

QR – Quik Response

All Waters ERA Microbiology PTs open monthly (**M**) or quarterly (**Q**). Quarterly months are January, April, July, and October.

**Mike Blades**

Technical Manager

Years with Waters ERA: 24





# GOING BEYOND THE STANDARD

Supplying Proficiency Testing (PT) and Certified Reference Material (CRM) standards is not unique. What sets us apart is our commitment to being more than a standards provider. Since 1977, we've worked as your partner, helping you produce reliable, defensible data, maintain critical accreditations, and make your laboratory successful.

- **Data Tools to Help You Succeed:** eDATA™ online PT data management portal allows you to effectively manage your proficiency testing program, assess risk and evaluate trends over time.
- **Expert Guidance at Your Fingertips:** Direct access to one of the most qualified Customer Service and Technical Support teams in the environmental PT and CRM industry.
- **Superior Standards for Better Results:** Waters ERA maintains ISO Guide 34, ISO 17025 and ISO 17043 accreditations, giving you greater confidence in your data and more reliable performance evaluations.





# SOIL

Matrices designed to fulfill requirements for monitoring soil and solid matrices. Dried and homogenized standards of soil and sewage sludge designed to meet the United States Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and may be used to satisfy PT requirements.



## Soil (including UST in Soil) PT Schedule 2018 2019

|   | Scheme # | Opens  | Closes |
|---|----------|--------|--------|
| Q | SOIL 101 | Jan 22 | Mar 8  |
| Q | SOIL 102 | Apr 23 | Jun 7  |
| Q | SOIL 103 | Jul 23 | Sep 6  |
| Q | SOIL 104 | Oct 15 | Nov 29 |

|   | Scheme # | Opens  | Closes |
|---|----------|--------|--------|
| Q | SOIL 105 | Jan 21 | Mar 7  |
| Q | SOIL 106 | Apr 22 | Jun 6  |
| Q | SOIL 107 | Jul 22 | Sep 5  |
| Q | SOIL 108 | Oct 18 | Dec 2  |

Schedule subject to change - see Waters ERA's website at [www.eraqc.com](http://www.eraqc.com)

| Description                           | CRM | PT           | QR    | Page |
|---------------------------------------|-----|--------------|-------|------|
| Anions in Soil                        | 543 | 873 <b>Q</b> | 543QR | 37   |
| Base/Neutrals & Acids in Soil         | 727 | 467 <b>Q</b> | 727QR | 39   |
| BTEX & MTBE in Soil                   | 761 | 633 <b>Q</b> | 761QR | 37   |
| Carbamate Pesticides in Soil          | 926 | 879 <b>Q</b> | 926QR | 41   |
| Chlordane in Soil                     | 725 | 628 <b>Q</b> | 725QR | 41   |
| Chlorinated Acid Herbicides in Soil   | 723 | 626 <b>Q</b> | 723QR | 39   |
| Corrosivity/pH in Soil                | 914 | 875 <b>Q</b> | 914QR | 36   |
| Cyanide in Soil                       | 541 | 621 <b>Q</b> | 541QR | 37   |
| Diesel Range Organics (DRO) in Soil   | 765 | 631 <b>Q</b> | 765QR | 39   |
| Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) in Soil | 763 | 630 <b>Q</b> | 763QR | 37   |
| Glycols in Soil                       | 928 | 463 <b>Q</b> | 928QR | 39   |
| Hexavalent Chromium in Soil           | 921 | 876 <b>Q</b> | 921QR | 36   |
| Ignitability/Flash Point              | 979 | 874 <b>Q</b> | 979QR | 36   |
| Low-Level PAHs in Soil                | 722 | 625 <b>Q</b> | 722QR | 39   |
| Metals & Cyanide Blank Sand           | 058 | —            | —     | 41   |
| Metals & Cyanide Blank Soil           | 057 | —            | —     | 41   |
| Metals in Sewage Sludge               | 160 | 619 <b>Q</b> | 160QR | 36   |
| Metals in Soil                        | 540 | 620 <b>Q</b> | 540QR | 36   |
| Nitroaromatics & Nitramines in Soil   | 920 | 871 <b>Q</b> | 920QR | 39   |

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| Description  | CRM                     | PT           | QR    | Page |
|--|-------------------------|--------------|-------|------|
| Nutrients in Sludge                                | 545                     | —            | —     | 37   |
| Nutrients in Soil                                  | 542                     | 869 <b>Q</b> | 542QR | 37   |
| Oil & Grease in Soil                               | 549                     | 867 <b>Q</b> | 549QR | 37   |
| Organochlorine Pesticides in Soil                  | 728                     | 468 <b>Q</b> | 728QR | 41   |
| Organophosphorus Pesticides (OPP) in Soil          | 925                     | 878 <b>Q</b> | 925QR | 41   |
| PCBs in Oil  | 563                     | 817 <b>Q</b> | 563QR | 40   |
| PCBs in Oil Standards                              | see page 40 for options |              |       |      |
| PCBs in Soil                                       | 726                     | 624 <b>Q</b> | 726QR | 40   |
| PCBs in Soil Standards                             | see page 40 for options |              |       |      |
| Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) in Soil | 604                     | 462 <b>B</b> | 604QR | 39   |
| Ready-to-use VOAs in Soil                          | 924                     | 870 <b>Q</b> | 924QR | 38   |
| TCLP Metals in Soil                                | 544                     | 629 <b>Q</b> | 544QR | 36   |
| TCLP Organochlorine Pesticides                     | 732                     | —            | 732QR | 38   |
| TCLP Semivolatiles                                 | 737                     | —            | 737QR | 38   |
| TCLP Volatiles                                     | 730                     | —            | 730QR | 38   |
| Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) in Soil #1      | 570                     | 632 <b>Q</b> | 572QR | 38   |
| Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) in Soil #2      | 571                     | 632 <b>Q</b> | 572QR | 38   |
| Toxaphene in Soil                                  | 724                     | 627 <b>Q</b> | 724QR | 41   |
| Volatiles in Soil                                  | 721                     | 623 <b>Q</b> | 721QR | 37   |

**QR:** Similar to a Proficiency Test, a Quik Response (QR) is a sample with unknown concentrations. However, unlike a scheduled PT, QR is on-demand and available at any time. Plus, your results are returned within two business days. Quik Response can be used as a bilateral PT as referenced in the IUPAC/CITAC guide: Selection and use of PT schemes for a limited number of participants – chemical analytical labs.

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# Metals

## Metals in Soil

| CRM<br>Cat. #540 | PT<br>Cat. #620 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #540QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 40 g soil sample in a screw-cap bottle for all ICP and AA, RCRA and Superfund Methods including EPA Digestion Methods 3050 Hot Plate and 3051 Microwave, or other applicable methods. Includes all metals shown below.

|                 |                   |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| Aluminum.....   | 2500–25,000 mg/kg |
| Antimony.....   | 80–300 mg/kg      |
| Arsenic.....    | 40–400 mg/kg      |
| Barium.....     | 100–1000 mg/kg    |
| Beryllium.....  | 40–400 mg/kg      |
| Boron.....      | 80–800 mg/kg      |
| Cadmium.....    | 40–400 mg/kg      |
| Calcium.....    | 1500–25,000 mg/kg |
| Chromium.....   | 40–400 mg/kg      |
| Cobalt.....     | 40–400 mg/kg      |
| Copper.....     | 40–400 mg/kg      |
| Iron.....       | 5000–50,000 mg/kg |
| Lead.....       | 40–400 mg/kg      |
| Magnesium.....  | 1200–25,000 mg/kg |
| Manganese.....  | 100–2000 mg/kg    |
| Mercury.....    | 1–35 mg/kg        |
| Molybdenum..... | 30–300 mg/kg      |
| Nickel.....     | 40–500 mg/kg      |
| Potassium.....  | 1400–25,000 mg/kg |
| Selenium.....   | 40–400 mg/kg      |
| Silver.....     | 20–100 mg/kg      |
| Sodium.....     | 150–15,000 mg/kg  |
| Strontium.....  | 40–400 mg/kg      |
| Thallium.....   | 40–400 mg/kg      |
| Tin.....        | 50–250 mg/kg      |
| Titanium.....   | 10–2000 mg/kg     |
| Uranium.....    | 1–250 mg/kg       |
| Vanadium.....   | 40–400 mg/kg      |
| Zinc.....       | 100–1000 mg/kg    |

## Hexavalent Chromium in Soil

| CRM<br>Cat. #921 | PT<br>Cat. #876 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #921QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 40 g standard in a screw-cap bottle for use with all promulgated hexavalent chromium methods.

|                          |              |
|--------------------------|--------------|
| Hexavalent chromium..... | 40–300 mg/kg |
|--------------------------|--------------|



## TCLP Metals in Soil

| CRM<br>Cat. #544 | PT<br>Cat. #629 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #544QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 105 g soil standard in a screw-cap bottle designed specifically to meet all state requirements for TCLP extraction and analysis for the metals listed below.

|           |          |          |
|-----------|----------|----------|
| Antimony  | Cadmium  | Nickel   |
| Arsenic   | Chromium | Selenium |
| Barium    | Lead     | Silver   |
| Beryllium | Mercury  | Zinc     |

## Metals in Sewage Sludge

| CRM<br>Cat. #160 | PT<br>Cat. #619 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #160QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 40 g sludge standard in a screw-cap bottle to be analyzed for the metals listed below.

|                 |                   |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| Aluminum.....   | 1000–50,000 mg/kg |
| Antimony.....   | 80–300 mg/kg      |
| Arsenic.....    | 50–400 mg/kg      |
| Barium.....     | 250–2000 mg/kg    |
| Beryllium.....  | 30–200 mg/kg      |
| Cadmium.....    | 40–300 mg/kg      |
| Calcium.....    | 5000–70,000 mg/kg |
| Chromium.....   | 40–300 mg/kg      |
| Cobalt.....     | 5–50 mg/kg        |
| Copper.....     | 40–1000 mg/kg     |
| Iron.....       | 1000–50,000 mg/kg |
| Lead.....       | 50–250 mg/kg      |
| Magnesium.....  | 1200–25,000 mg/kg |
| Manganese.....  | 100–2000 mg/kg    |
| Mercury.....    | 1–50 mg/kg        |
| Molybdenum..... | 5–250 mg/kg       |
| Nickel.....     | 40–250 mg/kg      |
| Potassium.....  | 1400–25,000 mg/kg |
| Selenium.....   | 50–250 mg/kg      |
| Silver.....     | 50–250 mg/kg      |
| Sodium.....     | 150–15,000 mg/kg  |
| Strontium.....  | 200–2000 mg/kg    |
| Thallium.....   | 50–250 mg/kg      |
| Vanadium.....   | 5–250 mg/kg       |
| Zinc.....       | 70–1500 mg/kg     |

## Physical Parameters

### Corrosivity/pH in Soil

| CRM<br>Cat. #914 | PT<br>Cat. #875 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #914QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 100 g soil standard in a screw-cap bottle. Use to measure corrosivity.

|                     |           |
|---------------------|-----------|
| Corrosivity/pH..... | 2–12 S.U. |
|---------------------|-----------|

### Ignitability/Flash Point

| CRM<br>Cat. #979 | PT<br>Cat. #874 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #979QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One standard packaged in three 30 mL bottles. Use to measure ignitability.

|                              |            |
|------------------------------|------------|
| Ignitability/flashpoint..... | 100–200 °F |
|------------------------------|------------|

## Oil &amp; Grease in Soil

| CRM<br>Cat. #549 | PT<br>Cat. #867 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #549QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One screw-cap bottle containing 50 g of soil ready to analyze. Use with gravimetric method 9071B or infrared spectrometric analysis.

|   |                |
|---|----------------|
| n-Hexane extractable material (O&G) (Gravimetric) | 300-3000 mg/kg |
| n-Hexane extractable material (O&G) (Infrared)    | 300-3000 mg/kg |

## Inorganics

## Anions in Soil

| CRM<br>Cat. #543 | PT<br>Cat. #873 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #543QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 40 g soil standard in a screw-cap bottle designed for a DI water extraction procedure for all the anions listed below.

|                |                |
|----------------|----------------|
| Bromide        | 10-100 mg/kg   |
| Chloride       | 200-1000 mg/kg |
| Fluoride       | 25-500 mg/kg   |
| Nitrate as N   | 25-500 mg/kg   |
| Phosphate as P | 25-500 mg/kg   |
| Sulfate        | 25-2000 mg/kg  |

## Cyanide in Soil

| CRM<br>Cat. #541 | PT<br>Cat. #621 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #541QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 40 g soil standard in a screw-cap bottle for all distillation/colorimetric methods.

|                  |              |
|------------------|--------------|
| Total cyanide    | 20-200 mg/kg |
| Amenable cyanide | 0-100 mg/kg  |

## Nutrients in Soil

| CRM<br>Cat. #542 | PT<br>Cat. #869 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #542QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 40 g soil standard in a screw-cap bottle. Use to analyze for all the nutrients listed below.

|                              |                   |
|------------------------------|-------------------|
| Ammonia as N                 | 300-3000 mg/kg    |
| Total Kjeldahl nitrogen as N | 400-4000 mg/kg    |
| Total organic carbon (TOC)   | 1000-20,000 mg/kg |
| Total phosphorus as P        | 300-3000 mg/kg    |

## Nutrients in Sludge

| CRM<br>Cat. #545 |
|------------------|
|------------------|

One 40 g sludge standard in a screw-cap bottle is ready for analysis.

|                              |               |
|------------------------------|---------------|
| Ammonia as N                 | 0.1-5% (w/w)  |
| Total Kjeldahl nitrogen as N | 2-10% (w/w)   |
| Total organic carbon (TOC)   | 5-50% (w/w)   |
| Total phosphorus as P        | 0.5-10% (w/w) |

## Volatiles in Soil

| CRM<br>Cat. #721 | PT<br>Cat. #623 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #721QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule in methanol requires spiking onto the provided ten grams of solid matrix before analysis. Use with EPA Methods 8021, 8260, or other applicable methods. Includes a subset of the analytes listed below at 20-200 µg/kg (40-400 µg/kg for total xylenes, 80-1000 for selected ketones, and 100-1000 µg/kg for acetonitrile).

|                                    |                                |                           |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Acetone                            | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene            | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane |
| Acetonitrile                       | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene            | Tetrachloroethene         |
| Acrolein                           | Dichlorodifluoromethane        | Toluene                   |
| Benzene                            | 1,1-Dichloroethane             | 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene    |
| Bromobenzene                       | 1,2-Dichloroethane             | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene    |
| Bromochloromethane                 | 1,1-Dichloroethylene           | 1,1,1-Trichloroethane     |
| Bromodichloromethane               | cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene       | 1,1,2-Trichloroethane     |
| Bromoform                          | trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene     | Trichloroethene           |
| Bromomethane                       | 1,2-Dichloropropane            | Trichlorofluoromethane    |
| 2-Butanone (MEK)                   | 1,3-Dichloropropane            | 1,2,3-Trichloropropane    |
| n-Butylbenzene                     | 2,2-Dichloropropane            | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene    |
| sec-Butylbenzene                   | 1,1-Dichloropropene            | 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene    |
| tert-Butylbenzene                  | cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene      | Vinyl acetate             |
| Carbon disulfide                   | trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene    | Vinyl chloride            |
| Carbon tetrachloride               | Ethylbenzene                   | m&p-Xylene                |
| Chlorobenzene                      | Hexachlorobutadiene            | o-Xylene                  |
| Chlorodibromomethane               | Hexachloroethane               | Xylenes, total            |
| Chloroethane                       | 2-Hexanone                     |                           |
| 2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether          | Isopropylbenzene               |                           |
| Chloroform                         | p-Isopropyltoluene             |                           |
| Chloromethane                      | Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) |                           |
| 2-Chlorotoluene                    | 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)    |                           |
| 4-Chlorotoluene                    | Methylene chloride             |                           |
| 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP) | Naphthalene                    |                           |
| 1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)            | Nitrobenzene                   |                           |
| Dibromomethane                     | n-Propylbenzene                |                           |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene                | Styrene                        |                           |
|                                    | 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane      |                           |

*This standard is not compliant with the NELAC concentration for hexachloroethane, hexachlorobutadiene, and nitrobenzene. If a NELAC compliant sample is required for these analytes, use Ready-to-Use VOAs in Soil, or Base/Neutrals and Acids in Soil.*

## Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) in Soil

| CRM<br>Cat. #763 | PT<br>Cat. #630 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #763QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One flame-sealed ampule with 20 g of soil spiked with unleaded regular gasoline in the range 100-2000 mg/kg. Use with purge and trap and modified EPA 8015 GC/FID Methods, or other applicable methods. Also use to test for BTEX in gasoline.

*Note: This standard is not compliant with the NELAC concentration ranges for the BTEX analytes. If a NELAC-compliant sample for these analytes is required, use Volatiles in Soil, Cat. #623 or BTEX & MTBE Soil, Cat. #633.*

## BTEX &amp; MTBE in Soil

| CRM<br>Cat. #761 | PT<br>Cat. #633 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #761QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule requires spiking onto the ten grams of provided certified clean soil. Includes the analytes below at 20-200 µg/kg (40-400 µg/kg for total xylenes). Use with EPA Method 8021, or other applicable methods.

|              |                                |                |
|--------------|--------------------------------|----------------|
| Benzene      | Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) | Xylenes, total |
| Ethylbenzene | Toluene                        | m&p Xylene     |
|              |                                | o-Xylene       |

All ERA Soil PTs open monthly (M), quarterly (Q), or biannually (B) unless otherwise noted. Quarterly months are January, April, July, and October.

# Volatiles (continued)

## Ready-to-Use VOAs in Soil

| CRM<br>Cat. #924 | PT<br>Cat. #870 | QR<br>Cat. #924QR |
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|

One 20 mL flame-sealed ampule containing 10 g of soil and 10 mL of methanol is ready to analyze. Use with EPA Methods 8021, 8260, or other applicable methods. Includes a subset of the analytes listed below at 1000–20,000 µg/kg.

|                                    |                                |                           |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Acetone                            | 1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)        | Methylene chloride        |
| Acetonitrile                       | Dibromomethane                 | Naphthalene               |
| Acrolein                           | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene            | Nitrobenzene              |
| Benzene                            | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene            | n-Propylbenzene           |
| Bromobenzene                       | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene            | Styrene                   |
| Bromochloromethane                 | Dichlorodifluoromethane        | 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane |
| Bromodichloromethane               | 1,1-Dichloroethane             | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane |
| Bromoform                          | 1,2-Dichloroethane             | Tetrachloroethene         |
| Bromomethane                       | 1,1-Dichloroethene             | Toluene                   |
| 2-Butanone (MEK)                   | cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene       | 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene    |
| n-Butylbenzene                     | trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene     | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene    |
| sec-Butylbenzene                   | 1,2-Dichloropropane            | 1,1,1-Trichloroethane     |
| tert-Butylbenzene                  | 1,3-Dichloropropane            | 1,1,2-Trichloroethane     |
| Carbon disulfide                   | 2,2-Dichloropropane            | Trichloroethene           |
| Carbon tetrachloride               | 1,1-Dichloropropene            | Trichlorofluoromethane    |
| Chlorobenzene                      | cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene      | 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene    |
| Chlorodibromomethane               | trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene    | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene    |
| Chloroethane                       | Ethylbenzene                   | 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene    |
| 2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether          | Hexachlorobutadiene            | Vinyl acetate             |
| Chloroform                         | Hexachloroethane               | Vinyl chloride            |
| Chloromethane                      | 2-Hexanone                     | m&p-Xylene                |
| 2-Chlorotoluene                    | Isopropylbenzene               | o-Xylene                  |
| 4-Chlorotoluene                    | p-Isopropyltoluene             | Xylenes, total            |
| 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP) | Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) |                           |
|                                    | 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)    |                           |



# Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

## Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) in Soil #1

| CRM<br>Cat. #570 | PT<br>Cat. #632 | QR<br>Cat. #572QR |
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|

One screw-top bottle with 50 g of soil to be analyzed for TPH. Use with EPA IR or Gravimetric Methods 8440, 9071B, or other applicable methods.

|  |                |
|--|----------------|
| Non-polar extractable material (TPH) (Gravimetric) | 300–3000 mg/kg |
| Non-polar extractable material (TPH) (IR)          | 300–3000 mg/kg |

## Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) in Soil #2

| CRM<br>Cat. #571 | PT<br>Cat. #632 | QR<br>Cat. #572QR |
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|

One screw-top bottle with 50 g of soil to be analyzed for TPH in the presence of interfering fatty acids. Use with EPA IR or Gravimetric Methods 8440, 9071B, or other applicable methods.

|  |                |
|--|----------------|
| Non-polar extractable material (TPH) (Gravimetric) | 300–3000 mg/kg |
| Non-polar extractable material (TPH) (IR)          | 300–3000 mg/kg |

# TCLP

## TCLP Volatiles

| CRM<br>Cat. #730 | QR<br>Cat. #730QR |
|------------------|-------------------|
|------------------|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule containing a subset of the analytes listed below, each at a concentration of 0.05–2.0 mg/L.

|                      |                      |                     |
|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| Benzene              | Chloroform           | Tetrachloroethylene |
| 2-Butanone (MEK)     | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene  | Trichloroethylene   |
| Carbon tetrachloride | 1,2-Dichloroethane   | Vinyl chloride      |
| Chlorobenzene        | 1,1-Dichloroethylene |                     |

## TCLP Semivolatiles

| CRM<br>Cat. #737 | QR<br>Cat. #737QR |
|------------------|-------------------|
|------------------|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule containing a subset of the analytes listed below, each at a concentration of 0.1–2.0 mg/L after dilution. All unspiked analytes are certified at <0.5 mg/L.

|                     |                    |                       |
|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | Hexachloroethane   | Pentachlorophenol     |
| 2,4-Dinitrotoluene  | 2-Methylphenol     | Pyridine              |
| Hexachlorobenzene   | 3 & 4-Methylphenol | 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | Nitrobenzene       | 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol |

## TCLP Organochlorine Pesticides

| CRM<br>Cat. #732 | QR<br>Cat. #732QR |
|------------------|-------------------|
|------------------|-------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule containing a subset of the analytes listed below, each at a concentration of 0.01–0.2 mg/L after dilution. All unspiked analytes are certified at <0.1 mg/L.

|            |                     |              |
|------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Endrin     | Heptachlor epoxide  | Methoxychlor |
| Heptachlor | gamma-BHC (Lindane) |              |

## Nitroaromatics &amp; Nitramines in Soil

| CRM<br>Cat. #920 | PT<br>Cat. #871 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #920QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

Two flame-sealed ampules each containing 30 g of soil are ready to analyze. Use for EPA Methods 8330, 8091, or other applicable methods. Includes a subset of the analytes listed below at 1500–15,000 µg/kg.

|                            |                |                       |
|----------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| 4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene | HMX            | RDX                   |
| 2-Amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene | Nitrobenzene   | Tetryl                |
| 1,3-Dinitrobenzene         | 2-Nitrotoluene | 1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene |
| 2,4-Dinitrotoluene         | 3-Nitrotoluene | 2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene |
| 2,6-Dinitrotoluene         | 4-Nitrotoluene |                       |

## Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) in Soil

| CRM<br>Cat. #604 | PT<br>Cat. #462 | B | QR<br>Cat. #604QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One flame-sealed ampule containing 10 g of soil. The standard is certified for all analytes listed below. Each lot will be spiked with 6–12 of the analytes specified in the range of 20–100 µg/kg. Design is suitable for methods analyzing these components with LC/MS/MS techniques.

|  |                                      |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| N-ethyl perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid  | Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS) |
| Fluorotelomer sulfonate 8:2 (FIS 8:2)          | Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA)       |
| Fluorotelomer sulfonate 4:2 (FIS 4:2)          | Perfluorononanesulfonate (PFNS)      |
| Fluorotelomer sulfonate 6:2 (FIS 6:2)          | Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA)        |
| N-methyl perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid | Perfluorooctanesulfonamide (PFOSA)   |
| Perfluorobutanesulfonic acid (PFBS)            | Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS)  |
| Perfluorobutyric acid (PFBA)                   | Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)        |
| Perfluorodecanesulfonate (PFDS)                | Perfluoropentanoic acid (PFPeA)      |
| Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA)                  | Perfluoropentanesulfonate (PFPeS)    |
| Perfluorododecanoic acid (PFDoA)               | Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTA)   |
| Perfluoroheptanesulfonate (PFHpS)              | Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTDA)    |
| Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA)                | Perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnA)     |

**B** Offered in January and July

## Low-Level PAHs in Soil

| CRM<br>Cat. #722 | PT<br>Cat. #625 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #722QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

Two flame-sealed ampules each containing 30 g are ready to analyze. Use for EPA HPLC Method 8310, 8270 SIM, or other applicable method. Includes a subset of the analytes listed below at 50–1000 µg/kg.

|                      |                       |                        |
|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Acenaphthene         | Benzo(g,h,i)perylene  | Fluorene               |
| Acenaphthylene       | Benzo(a)pyrene        | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene |
| Anthracene           | Chrysene              | Naphthalene            |
| Benzo(a)anthracene   | Dibenz(a,h)anthracene | Phenanthrene           |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | Fluoranthene          | Pyrene                 |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene |                       |                        |

## Diesel Range Organics (DRO) in Soil

| CRM<br>Cat. #765 | PT<br>Cat. #631 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #765QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One flame-sealed ampule with 20 g of soil spiked with #2 Diesel Fuel in the range 300–3000 mg/kg. Use with modified EPA Method 8015, or other applicable GC/FID methods.

## Glycols in Soil

| RM<br>Cat. #928 | PT<br>Cat. #463 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #928QR |
|-----------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|-----------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

Two flame-sealed ampules each containing 30 g of soil are ready-to-use. Use with EPA Methods 8015B, 8430, 1671, or other applicable method. Includes all the analytes listed below at 75–200 mg/kg.

|                   |                      |                    |
|-------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| Diethylene glycol | Propylene glycol     | Triethylene glycol |
| Ethylene glycol   | Tetraethylene glycol |                    |

## Base/Neutrals &amp; Acids in Soil

| CRM<br>Cat. #727 | PT<br>Cat. #467 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #727QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

Two flame-sealed ampules each containing 30 g of soil are ready-to-use. Use with EPA Method 8270, or other applicable method. Includes a subset of the analytes listed below at 1000–15,000 µg/kg.

|                                       |                            |                              |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Acenaphthene                          | Dibenz(a,h)anthracene      | 2-Methylnaphthalene          |
| Acenaphthylene                        | Dibenzofuran               | 2-Methylphenol               |
| 2-Amino-1-methylbenzene (o-Toluidine) | Di-n-butyl phthalate       | 3 & 4-Methylphenol           |
| Aniline                               | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene        | Naphthalene                  |
| Anthracene                            | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene        | 2-Nitroaniline               |
| Benidine                              | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene        | 3-Nitroaniline               |
| Benzoic acid                          | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine     | 4-Nitroaniline               |
| Benzo(a)anthracene                    | 2,4-Dichlorophenol         | Nitrobenzene                 |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene                  | 2,6-Dichlorophenol         | 2-Nitrophenol                |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene                  | Diethyl phthalate          | 4-Nitrophenol                |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene                  | 2,4-Dimethylphenol         | N-Nitrosodiethylamine        |
| Benzo(a)pyrene                        | Dimethyl phthalate         | N-Nitrosodimethylamine       |
| Benzyl alcohol                        | 2,4-Dinitrophenol          | N-Nitrosodiphenylamine       |
| 4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether            | 2,4-Dinitrotoluene         | N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine   |
| Butyl benzyl phthalate                | 2,6-Dinitrotoluene         | 2,2'-Oxybis(1-Chloropropane) |
| Carbazole                             | Di-n-octyl phthalate       | Pentachlorobenzene           |
| 4-Chloroaniline                       | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate | Pentachlorophenol            |
| bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether               | Fluoranthene               | Phenanthrene                 |
| bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane            | Fluorene                   | Phenol                       |
| 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol               | Hexachlorobenzene          | Pyrene                       |
| 1-Chloronaphthalene                   | Hexachlorobutadiene        | Pyridine                     |
| 2-Chloronaphthalene                   | Hexachlorocyclopentadiene  | 1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene   |
| 2-Chlorophenol                        | Hexachloroethane           | 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol    |
| 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether           | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene     | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene       |
| Chrysene                              | Isophorone                 | 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol        |
|                                       | 2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol | 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol        |

## Herbicides

## Chlorinated Acid Herbicides in Soil

| CRM<br>Cat. #723 | PT<br>Cat. #626 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #723QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

Two flame-sealed ampules, each containing 30 g of soil are ready-to-use. Use with EPA Method 8151, or other applicable methods. Includes a subset of the analytes listed below at 100–1000 µg/kg (MCPA & MCPP 1000–10,000 µg/kg).

|                       |                          |                   |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Acifluorfen           | Dalapon                  | MCPP              |
| Bentazon              | Dicamba                  | 4-Nitrophenol     |
| Chloramben            | 3,5-Dichlorobenzoic acid | Pentachlorophenol |
| 2,4-D                 | Dichlorprop              | Picloram          |
| 2,4-DB                | Dinoseb                  | 2,4,5-T           |
| Dacthal diacid (DCPA) | MCPA                     | 2,4,5-TP (Silvex) |

*This standard is not compliant with the NELAC concentration for 4-Nitrophenol. If a NELAC compliant sample is required for this analyte, use Base/Neutrals and Acids in Soil.*

All ERA Soil PTs open monthly (**M**), quarterly (**Q**), or biannually (**B**) unless otherwise noted. Quarterly months are January, April, July, and October.



## PCBs

## PCBs in Oil

| CRM<br>Cat. #563 | PT<br>Cat. #817 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #563QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 10 mL flame-sealed ampule is ready to analyze. Contains a different Aroclor, randomly selected from the list below at 10–50 mg/kg.

|              |              |              |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Aroclor 1016 | Aroclor 1242 | Aroclor 1254 |
| Aroclor 1221 | Aroclor 1248 | Aroclor 1260 |
| Aroclor 1232 |              |              |

## PCBs in Soil

| CRM<br>Cat. #726 | PT<br>Cat. #624 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #726QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One screw-top bottle containing 50 grams of standard is ready to analyze. Use with EPA Method 8082, or other applicable methods. Each standard includes a different aroclor randomly selected from the list below at 1–50 mg/kg.

|              |              |              |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Aroclor 1016 | Aroclor 1242 | Aroclor 1254 |
| Aroclor 1221 | Aroclor 1248 | Aroclor 1260 |
| Aroclor 1232 |              |              |

## PCBs in Oil Standards

PCBs in oil standards are sold individually in ready-to-use flame-sealed ampules with 5 g of oil. Use with EPA Methods 8082, EPA-600/4-81-045, Sept. 1982, or other applicable methods. LOW LEVEL standards contain an aroclor in the range 10–50 ppm. HIGH LEVEL standards contain an aroclor in the range 51–500 ppm.

| CRM Cat. # | Concentration | Aroclor | Range      |
|------------|---------------|---------|------------|
| 820        | Low           | 1242    | 10–50 ppm  |
| 821        | High          | 1242    | 51–500 ppm |
| 826        | Low           | 1248    | 10–50 ppm  |
| 827        | High          | 1248    | 51–500 ppm |
| 822        | Low           | 1254    | 10–50 ppm  |
| 823        | High          | 1254    | 51–500 ppm |
| 824        | Low           | 1260    | 10–50 ppm  |
| 825        | High          | 1260    | 51–500 ppm |

## PCBs in Soil Standards

PCBs in soil standards are sold individually in screw-top bottles containing 50 g of soil. Use with EPA Methods 8082, 4020, or other applicable methods. LOW LEVEL standards contain an aroclor in the range 0.5–50 ppm. HIGH LEVEL standards contain an aroclor in the range 51–500 ppm.

| CRM Cat. # | Concentration | Aroclor | Range      |
|------------|---------------|---------|------------|
| 490        | Low           | 1242    | 0.5–50 ppm |
| 491        | High          | 1242    | 51–500 ppm |
| 496        | Low           | 1248    | 0.5–50 ppm |
| 497        | High          | 1248    | 51–500 ppm |
| 492        | Low           | 1254    | 0.5–50 ppm |
| 493        | High          | 1254    | 51–500 ppm |
| 494        | Low           | 1260    | 0.5–50 ppm |
| 495        | High          | 1260    | 51–500 ppm |

**Heidi Senft**  
Quality Analyst

Years with Waters ERA: 18



**Darwin Baxter**  
Application Engineer

Years with Waters ERA: 10



# Pesticides

# Blank Soil

## Organochlorine Pesticides in Soil

| CRM<br>Cat. #728 | PT<br>Cat. #468 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #728QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

Two flame-sealed ampules each containing 30 g of soil are ready-to-use. Use with EPA Method 8081, or other applicable methods. Includes a subset of the analytes listed below at 50–500 µg/kg.

|                     |                    |                    |
|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Aldrin              | 4,4'-DDD           | Endrin             |
| alpha-BHC           | 4,4'-DDE           | Endrin aldehyde    |
| beta-BHC            | 4,4'-DDT           | Endrin ketone      |
| delta-BHC           | Dieldrin           | Heptachlor         |
| gamma-BHC (Lindane) | Endosulfan I       | Heptachlor epoxide |
| alpha-Chlordane     | Endosulfan II      | Methoxychlor       |
| gamma-Chlordane     | Endosulfan sulfate |                    |

## Chlordane in Soil

| CRM<br>Cat. #725 | PT<br>Cat. #628 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #725QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One screw-top bottle containing 50 g of soil is ready to analyze. Use with EPA Method 8081, or other applicable methods. The standard contains technical chlordane at 100–1000 µg/kg.

## Toxaphene in Soil

| CRM<br>Cat. #724 | PT<br>Cat. #627 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #724QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One screw-top bottle containing 50 g of soil is ready to analyze. Use with EPA Method 8081, or other applicable methods. The standard contains toxaphene at 200–2000 µg/kg.

## Carbamate Pesticides in Soil

| CRM<br>Cat. #926 | PT<br>Cat. #879 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #926QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

Two flame-sealed ampules, each containing 30 g of soil are ready to analyze. Use with EPA Methods 8318, 8321, or other applicable methods. Each standard contains a subset of the analytes listed below at 250–2500 µg/kg.

|                    |                     |           |
|--------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| Aldicarb           | Dioxacarb           | Oxamyl    |
| Aldicarb sulfone   | Diuron              | Promecarb |
| Aldicarb sulfoxide | 3-Hydroxycarbofuran | Propham   |
| Carbaryl           | Methiocarb          | Propoxur  |
| Carbofuran         | Methomyl            |           |

## Organophosphorus Pesticides (OPP) in Soil

| CRM<br>Cat. #925 | PT<br>Cat. #878 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #925QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

Two flame-sealed ampules, each containing 30 g of soil are ready to analyze. Use with EPA Method 8141, or other applicable methods. Each standard contains a subset of the analytes listed below at 100–1000 µg/kg.

|                           |                             |                                |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Azinphos-methyl (Guthion) | Dichlorvos (DDVP)           | Phorate                        |
| Chlorpyrifos              | Disulfoton                  | Ronnel                         |
| Demeton                   | Ethyl parathion (Parathion) | Stirophos (Tetrachlorovinphos) |
| Demeton O & S             | Malathion                   | Terbufos                       |
| Diazinon                  | Methyl parathion            |                                |

## Metals & Cyanide Blank Sand

| CRM<br>Cat. #058 |
|------------------|
|------------------|

One 40 g sand sample in a screw-cap bottle. The concentrations of all EPA/NELAC including the priority pollutant metal and cyanide analytes are below the CLP Required Detection Limits (CRDLs) except iron, which is <250 mg/kg.

## Metals & Cyanide Blank Soil

| CRM<br>Cat. #057 |
|------------------|
|------------------|

One 40 g soil sample in a screw-cap bottle. The concentrations of all of the following analytes are below the CLP CRDLs: antimony, arsenic, beryllium, cadmium, cobalt, mercury, nickel, selenium, silver, sodium, thallium, and cyanide. The concentrations of the following analytes are below 10X the CLP CRDLs: barium, chromium, copper, lead, magnesium, potassium, and vanadium. The concentrations of manganese and zinc are <750 mg/kg. The concentration range for aluminum, calcium, and iron is 3000–25,000 mg/kg.



All ERA Soil PTs open monthly (M), quarterly (Q), or biannually (B) unless otherwise noted. Quarterly months are January, April, July, and October.



# LET YOUR DATA WORK FOR YOU

As a Proficiency Testing (PT) customer, you gain personalized, secure access to eDATA – a powerful online PT data management portal designed to provide convenience, information and insight into your laboratory's data results and performance. Each year, over 10,000 PT data sets are uploaded into the eDATA System.

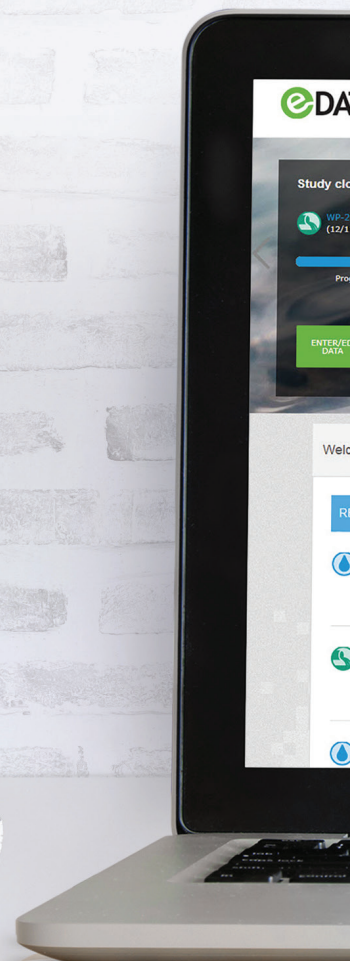
With eDATA you can:

- Quickly check your PT status and access all your completed PT reports
- Review and send reminders for upcoming studies
- Save time and money with streamlined data entry
- Identify critical analyte trends to avoid failing a PT
- Evaluate your lab's performance and determine where corrective action may be needed
- Easily compare your lab's results in a study, standard or analyte to all other participants
- Export your data based on your needs

## Maximize Efficiency, Minimize Errors

With eDATA you can automatically upload PT data directly from your LIMS, spending less time entering data and more time assuring the quality of your lab's analyses.

- Eliminates the possibility of transcription errors
- Increases productivity
- Enables you to spend more time reviewing the quality of your analytical data





# PT Performance Information at Your Fingertips

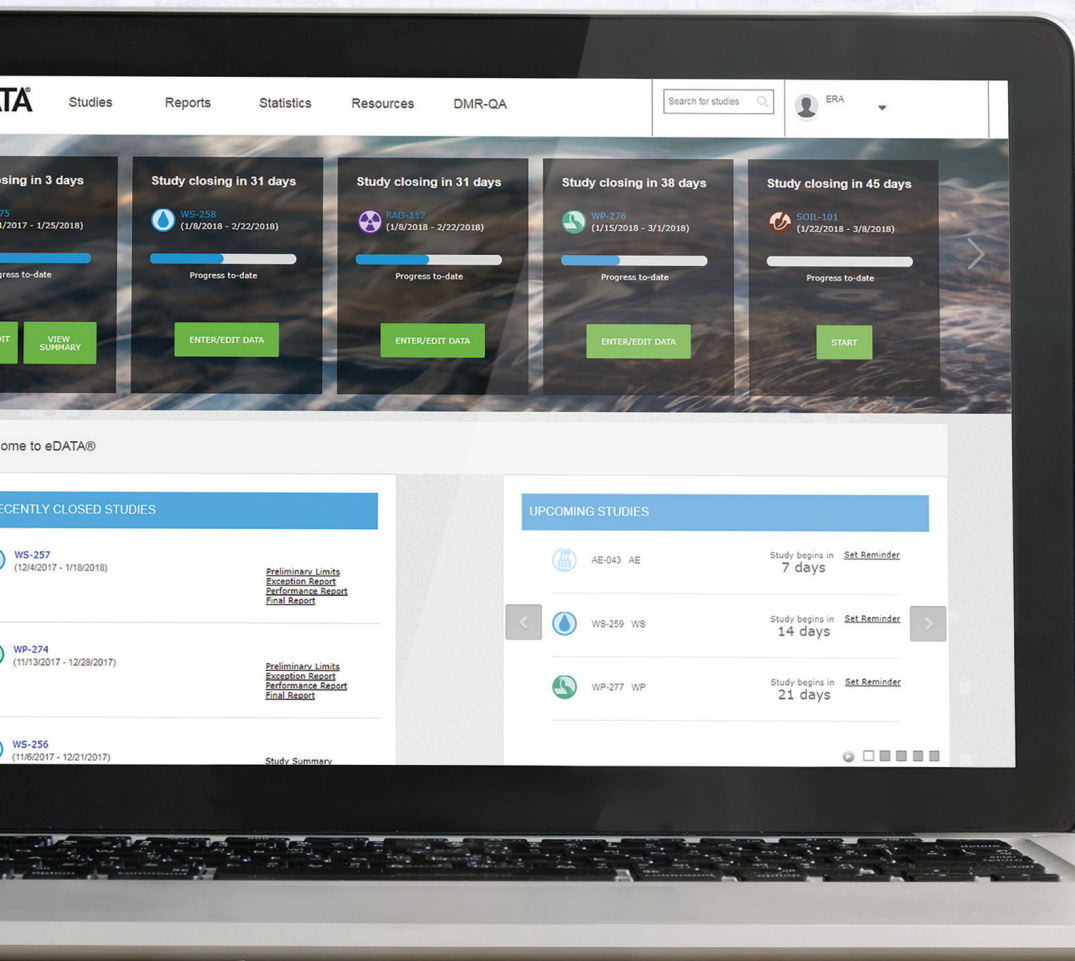
eDATA gives you the information you need to understand your PT results and performance quickly.

- **Performance Reports** – Sort and summarize your study performance by analyte or analyst
- **Exception Reports** – Quickly understand unacceptable PT results by study and standard to take immediate corrective action
- **Custom Data Export** – Create your own template and filter your data export by matrix, study, year, evaluation, standard and analyte

# Gain Insight From Your PT Results

Quality Managers rely on eDATA's powerful tools to monitor and improve their lab's performance.

- **Performance Trending Charts and Reports** – Easily identify concerning analyte trends using z-score. Compare your lab's performance to all participants and identify top performers and best practices
- **PT Status Review** – Identify analytes of concern for accreditation purposes
- **Demonstration of Capabilities** – Performance reports include information specified in the 2009 TNI standard for Demonstration of Capability including analyst, name matrix, analyte, method, SOP, date of Analysis; and can be downloaded or printed for training records
- **Risk Report** – Analyze PT data for a given laboratory, method, and analyte over a desired period of time to indicate current or future risk of unsatisfactory PT results





# UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK

Our Underground Storage Tank (UST) products in water and soil matrices are purposefully designed to meet accreditation requirements for Petroleum Hydrocarbons analysis in various jurisdictions.

## UST in Water PT Scheme Schedule 2018

|   | Scheme # | Opens  | Closes |
|---|----------|--------|--------|
| Q | WP 276   | Jan 15 | Mar 1  |
| Q | WP 279   | Apr 16 | May 31 |
| Q | WP 282   | Jul 16 | Aug 30 |
| Q | WP 285   | Oct 12 | Nov 26 |

## 2019

|   | Scheme # | Opens  | Closes |
|---|----------|--------|--------|
| Q | WP 288   | Jan 14 | Feb 28 |
| Q | WP 291   | Apr 15 | May 30 |
| Q | WP 294   | Jul 15 | Aug 29 |
| Q | WP 297   | Oct 11 | Nov 25 |

## Soil (including UST in Soil) PT Schedule 2018

|   | Scheme # | Opens  | Closes |
|---|----------|--------|--------|
| Q | SOIL 101 | Jan 22 | Mar 8  |
| Q | SOIL 102 | Apr 23 | Jun 7  |
| Q | SOIL 103 | Jul 23 | Sep 6  |
| Q | SOIL 104 | Oct 15 | Nov 29 |

## 2019

|   | Scheme # | Opens  | Closes |
|---|----------|--------|--------|
| Q | SOIL 105 | Jan 21 | Mar 7  |
| Q | SOIL 106 | Apr 22 | Jun 6  |
| Q | SOIL 107 | Jul 22 | Sep 5  |
| Q | SOIL 108 | Oct 18 | Dec 2  |

Schedule subject to change - see Waters ERA's website at [www.eraqc.com](http://www.eraqc.com)



# Contents

| Description                      | CRM | PT           | QR    | Page |
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**CRM:** A Certified Reference Material (CRM) is a standard with known concentrations or assigned values of specified analytes. The standard has a known uncertainty, homogeneity, and stability and assigned values of the analytes are traceable to an independent reference. A CRM is accompanied by an authenticated certificate of analysis.

**PT:** A Proficiency Test (PT) is an analysis of what is often referred to as a blind sample or a sample with unknown concentrations of analytes for the purpose of evaluating a laboratory's analytical performance.

| Description   | CRM | PT           | QR    | Page |
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| New Jersey EPH in Soil                                | 564 | 464 <b>*</b> | 564QR | 47   |
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| Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) in Water #1        | 600 | 642 <b>Q</b> | 602QR | 46   |
| Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) in Water #2        | 601 | 642 <b>Q</b> | 602QR | 46   |
| Washington HEM/SGT-HEM                                | 519 | 489 <b>Q</b> | 519QR | 47   |
| Wisconsin Gasoline Range Organics (GRO/PVOC) in Water | 773 | 649 <b>Q</b> | 773QR | 48   |
| Wisconsin Diesel Range Organics (DRO) in Water        | 772 | 648 <b>Q</b> | 772QR | 48   |

**QR:** Similar to a Proficiency Test, a Quik Response (QR) is a sample with unknown concentrations. However, unlike a scheduled PT, QR is on-demand and available at any time. Plus, your results are returned within two business days. Quik Response can be used as a bilateral PT as referenced in the IUPAC/CITAC guide: Selection and use of PT schemes for a limited number of participants – chemical analytical labs.

**RM:** A Reference Material is a material sufficiently homogeneous and stable with reference to specified properties, which has been established to be fit for its intended use.

**CRM** – Certified Reference Material  
**PT** – Proficiency Testing  
**QR** – Quik Response  
**RM** – Reference Material

All Waters ERA UST PTs open quarterly (**Q**) unless otherwise noted. Quarterly months are January, April, July, and October. Waters ERA NJ EPH in Soil PT opens in April and October.

**\*** Reference Material

## UST in Soil

### BTEX & MTBE in Soil

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #761 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #633 | <b>Q</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #761QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule requires spiking onto the ten grams of provided certified clean soil. Includes all the BTEX compounds and MTBE at 20–200 µg/kg (40–400 µg/kg for total xylenes). Use with EPA Method 8021, or other applicable methods.

### Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) in Soil

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #763 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #630 | <b>Q</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #763QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One flame-sealed ampule with 20 g of soil spiked with unleaded regular gasoline in the range 100–2000 mg/kg. Use with purge and trap and modified EPA Method 8015, or other applicable GC/FID methods. Also use to test for BTEX in gasoline.

Note: This standard is not compliant with the NELAC concentration ranges for the BTEX analytes. If a NELAC-compliant sample for these analytes is required, use Volatiles in Soil, Cat. #623 or BTEX & MTBE Soil, Cat. #633.

### Diesel Range Organics (DRO) in Soil

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #765 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #631 | <b>Q</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #765QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One flame-sealed ampule with 20 g of soil spiked with #2 Diesel Fuel in the range 300–3000 mg/kg. Use with modified EPA Method 8015, or other applicable GC/FID methods.

### Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) in Soil #1

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #570 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #632 | <b>Q</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #572QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One screw-top bottle with 50 g of soil to be analyzed for total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH). Use with EPA IR, Gravimetric Methods 8440 and 9071B, or other applicable methods.

Non-polar extractable material (TPH) (Gravimetric).....300–3000 mg/kg  
Non-polar extractable material (TPH) (IR) .....300–3000 mg/kg

### Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) in Soil #2

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #571 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #632 | <b>Q</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #572QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One screw-top bottle contains 50 g of soil with TPH in the presence of interfering fatty acids. Use with EPA Methods 8440, 9071B, or other applicable methods.

Non-polar extractable material (TPH) (Gravimetric).....300–3000 mg/kg  
Non-polar extractable material (TPH) (IR) .....300–3000 mg/kg



## UST in Water

### BTEX & MTBE in Water

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #760 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #643 | <b>Q</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #760QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 602, 8021, or other applicable methods. Includes all BTEX compounds and MTBE at 5–300 µg/L after dilution.

### Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) in Water

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #762 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #640 | <b>Q</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #762QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with both purge and trap, and modified EPA Method 8015, or other applicable GC/FID methods to test for GRO at 400–4000 µg/L. Also use to test for BTEX in gasoline.

### Diesel Range Organics (DRO) in Water

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #764 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #641 | <b>Q</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #764QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with modified EPA Method 8015, or other applicable GC/FID methods. Includes #2 Diesel Fuel at 800–6000 µg/L.

### Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) in Water #1

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #600 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #642 | <b>Q</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #602QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One liter whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze for total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) without interfering fatty acids. Use with EPA Methods 418.1, 1664, 5520, or other applicable methods.

Total petroleum hydrocarbons.....20–200 mg/L

### Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) in Water #2

|                         |                        |          |                          |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <b>CRM</b><br>Cat. #601 | <b>PT</b><br>Cat. #642 | <b>Q</b> | <b>QR</b><br>Cat. #602QR |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|

One liter whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze for TPH in water in the presence of interfering fatty acids. Use with EPA Methods 418.1, 1664, 5520, 8440, or other applicable methods.

Total petroleum hydrocarbons.....20–200 mg/L



**Laura Stone**  
Inorganic Chemist

Years with Waters ERA: 7

## Alaska UST in Water

### Alaska GRO in Water

**RM**  
Cat. #645

**QR**  
Cat. #473QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule. Use with method AK101 for unleaded regular gasoline at 100–500 µg/L after dilution.

### Alaska DRO in Water

**RM**  
Cat. #647

**QR**  
Cat. #475QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule. Use with method AK102 for #2 Diesel Fuel at 800–2300 µg/L after dilution.

### Alaska BTEX in Water

**RM**  
Cat. #646

**QR**  
Cat. #474QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule. Use with method AK101 for all BTEX analytes at 5–30 µg/L after dilution.

## Alaska UST in Soil

### Alaska GRO in Soil

**RM**  
Cat. #635

**QR**  
Cat. #469QR

One 20 mL flame-sealed ampule with 10 g of soil and 10 mL of methanol with unleaded regular gasoline at 30–1500 mg/kg. Use with method AK101.

### Alaska DRO in Soil

**RM**  
Cat. #637

**QR**  
Cat. #471QR

One flame-sealed ampule with 20 g of soil spiked with #2 Diesel Fuel at 30–1500 mg/kg. Use with method AK102.

### Alaska RRO in Soil

**RM**  
Cat. #638

**QR**  
Cat. #472QR

One flame-sealed ampule with 20 g of soil with Residual Range Organic fuels at 150–2000 mg/kg. Use with method AK103.

### Alaska BTEX in Soil

**RM**  
Cat. #636

**QR**  
Cat. #470QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule along with clean soil matrix for spiking. Use with method AK101 for all BTEX analytes at 5–100 mg/kg after spiking.

## Arizona UST in Soil

### Arizona TPH in Soil

**CRM**  
Cat. #798

**PT**  
Cat. #488



**QR**  
Cat. #798QR

One ready-to-use flame-sealed ampule with 30 g of soil with Oil Range Organics and #2 Diesel Fuel. Use with method 8015AZ for TPH in the range 300–400 mg/kg. Also includes two carbon ranges.

## Texas TPH in Water

All Texas TPH PT standards are designed for use with TNRCC 1005 method. The standards meet the requirements of all states that accredit for these methods including Texas, Louisiana, and Oklahoma.

### Texas Low-Level Fuels (TPH) in Water

**CRM**  
Cat. #794

**PT**  
Cat. #476



**QR**  
Cat. #794QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Contains unleaded regular gasoline and #2 Diesel Fuel resulting in TPH in the range 5–10 mg/L.

### Texas High-Level Fuels (TPH) in Water

**CRM**  
Cat. #795

**PT**  
Cat. #477



**QR**  
Cat. #795QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Contains unleaded regular gasoline and #2 Diesel Fuel resulting in TPH in the range 20–100 mg/L.

## Texas TPH in Soil

### Texas Low-Level Fuels (TPH) in Soil

**CRM**  
Cat. #796

**PT**  
Cat. #478



**QR**  
Cat. #796QR

One ready-to-use flame-sealed ampule with 20 g of soil with unleaded gasoline and #2 Diesel Fuel for TPH in the range 50–100 mg/kg.

### Texas High-Level Fuels (TPH) in Soil

**CRM**  
Cat. #797

**PT**  
Cat. #479



**QR**  
Cat. #797QR

One ready-to-use flame-sealed ampule with 20 g of soil with unleaded gasoline and #2 Diesel Fuel for TPH in the range 1000–20,000 mg/kg.

**CRM** – Certified Reference Material  
**PT** – Proficiency Testing  
**QR** – Quik Response  
**RM** – Reference Material

All Waters ERA UST PTs open quarterly (Q) unless otherwise noted. Quarterly months are January, April, July, and October.

## Wisconsin GRO/PVOC/DRO Method UST

All Wisconsin UST PT standards are designed for use with Wisconsin GRO/PVOC or DRO Methods. The standards meet the requirements of all states that accredit for these methods including Wisconsin and Minnesota.

### Wisconsin Gasoline Range Organics (GRO/PVOC) in Water

**CRM**  
Cat. #773

**PT**  
Cat. #649



**QR**  
Cat. #773QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Includes ten gasoline range synthetic organic compounds as defined by Wisconsin. Use with Wisconsin GRO/PVOC Method.

### Wisconsin Diesel Range Organics (DRO) in Water

**CRM**  
Cat. #772

**PT**  
Cat. #648



**QR**  
Cat. #772QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Includes ten diesel range synthetic organic compounds in the range 200–600 µg/L. Use with the Wisconsin DRO Method.

## Washington HEM/SGT-HEM Method UST

The Washington UST PT standard is designed for use with EPA Method 1664 for HEM/SGT-HEM.

### Washington HEM/SGT-HEM

**CRM**  
Cat. #519

**PT**  
Cat. #489



**QR**  
Cat. #519QR

One 5 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Method 1664 to measure HEM/SGT-HEM at 5–100 µg/L.

## New Jersey EPH

The New Jersey EPH in Soil standard is designed for use with the NJ Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons Method.

### New Jersey EPH in Soil

**CRM**  
Cat. #564

**PT**  
Cat. #464



**QR**  
Cat. #564QR

One flame-sealed ampule with 20 g soil containing EPH in the range of 300–3000 mg/kg.

\* The NJ EPH in Soil PT studies open in April and October.

## Massachusetts Hydrocarbons in Water

All Massachusetts UST PT standards are designed for use with Massachusetts Volatile Petroleum Hydrocarbon or Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbon Methods. The standards meet the requirements of all states that accredit for these methods including Massachusetts, North Carolina, and Washington when reporting the Massachusetts carbon ranges.

### Massachusetts VPH in Water

**CRM**  
Cat. #566

**PT**  
Cat. #481



**QR**  
Cat. #566QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Contains volatile petroleum hydrocarbon fuels (VPH) in the range 400–4000 µg/L. Use with the Massachusetts Volatile Petroleum Hydrocarbon Method for multiple carbon ranges, BTEX compounds and MTBE.

### Massachusetts EPH in Water

**CRM**  
Cat. #567

**PT**  
Cat. #482



**QR**  
Cat. #567QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Contains extractable petroleum hydrocarbon fuels (EPH) in the range 800–6000 µg/L. Use with the Massachusetts Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbon Method for multiple carbon ranges and PAH compounds.

## Massachusetts Hydrocarbons in Soil

### Massachusetts VPH in Soil

**CRM**  
Cat. #568

**PT**  
Cat. #483



**QR**  
Cat. #568QR

One flame-sealed ampule with 20 g soil with VPH fuels. Contains volatile petroleum hydrocarbon fuels (VPH) in the range 100–2000 mg/kg. Use with the Massachusetts Volatile Petroleum Hydrocarbon Method for multiple carbon ranges, BTEX compounds and MTBE.

### Massachusetts EPH in Soil

**CRM**  
Cat. #569

**PT**  
Cat. #484



**QR**  
Cat. #569QR

One flame-sealed ampule with 20 g soil with EPH fuels. Contains extractable petroleum hydrocarbon fuels (EPH) in the range 300–3000 mg/kg. Use with the Massachusetts Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbon Method for multiple carbon ranges and PAH compounds.

**CRM** – Certified Reference Material  
**PT** – Proficiency Testing  
**QR** – Quik Response  
**RM** – Reference Material

All Waters ERA UST PTs open quarterly (Q) unless otherwise noted. Quarterly months are January, April, July, and October.



# HAVE TRUST IN YOUR DATA



We issue more than 14,500 PT final reports annually with generally hundreds of data points per PT sample. More data points means your PT evaluation results are more robust. With a more substantive pool of data to compare your performance to, trusting your data comes easy. Contact us today for your personal demonstration of the eDATA system.



# AIR & EMISSIONS

Matrices consisting of organic, inorganic, and particulate matter for testing emissions and ambient air. Standards are designed to meet regulations of the United States Environmental Protection Clean Air Act and may be used to satisfy PT requirements worldwide.

## Air & Emissions PT Schedule 2018

|   | Scheme # | Opens  | Closes |
|---|----------|--------|--------|
| Q | AE 043   | Jan 29 | Mar 15 |
| Q | AE 044   | Apr 30 | Jun 14 |
| Q | AE 045   | Jul 30 | Sep 13 |
| Q | AE 046   | Oct 22 | Dec 6  |

## 2019

|   | Scheme # | Opens  | Closes |
|---|----------|--------|--------|
| Q | AE 047   | Jan 28 | Mar 14 |
| Q | AE 048   | Apr 29 | Jun 13 |
| Q | AE 049   | Jul 29 | Sep 12 |
| Q | AE 050   | Oct 25 | Dec 9  |

Schedule subject to change – see Waters ERA's website at [www.eraqc.com](http://www.eraqc.com)

# Contents

**CRM:** A Certified Reference Material (CRM) is a standard with known concentrations or assigned values of specified analytes. The standard has a known uncertainty, homogeneity, and stability and assigned values of the analytes are traceable to an independent reference. A CRM is accompanied by an authenticated certificate of analysis.

**PT:** A Proficiency Test (PT) is an analysis of what is often referred to as a blind sample or a sample with unknown concentrations of analytes for the purpose of evaluating a laboratory's analytical performance.

**QR:** Similar to a Proficiency Test, a QuiK Response (QR) is a sample with unknown concentrations. However, unlike a scheduled PT, QR is on-demand and available at any time. Plus, your results are returned within two business days. QuiK Response can be used as a bilateral PT as referenced in the IUPAC/CITAC guide: Selection and use of PT schemes for a limited number of participants – chemical analytical labs.

**RM:** A Reference Material is a material sufficiently homogeneous and stable with reference to specified properties, which has been established to be fit for its intended use.

| Description   | CRM  | PT            | QR     | Page |
|---|------|---------------|--------|------|
| Aldehydes and Ketones on Sorbent                    | 1114 | 1014 <b>Q</b> | 1114QR | 53   |
| Ammonia in Impinger Solution                        | 1145 | 1045 <b>Q</b> | 1145QR | 55   |
| Chromium on Filter Paper                            | 1131 | 1031 <b>Q</b> | 1131QR | 54   |
| Fluoride in Impinger Solution                       | 1141 | 1041 <b>Q</b> | 1141QR | 55   |
| Hexavalent Chromium in Impinger Solution            | 1132 | 1032 <b>Q</b> | 1132QR | 54   |
| Hydrogen Halides & Halogens in Impinger Solution    | 1140 | 1040 <b>Q</b> | 1140QR | 55   |
| Lead in Impinger Solution                           | 1130 | 1030 <b>Q</b> | 1130QR | 54   |
| Lead on Filter Paper                                | 1129 | 1029 <b>Q</b> | 1129QR | 54   |
| Mercury in Impinger Solution                        | 1128 | 1028 <b>Q</b> | 1128QR | 54   |
| Mercury on Filter Paper                             | 1127 | 1027 <b>Q</b> | 1127QR | 54   |
| Metals on Filter Paper                              | 1125 | 1025 <b>Q</b> | 1125QR | 54   |
| Metas in Impinger Solution                          | 1126 | 1026 <b>Q</b> | 1126QR | 54   |
| Nitrogen Oxide in Impinger Solution                 | 1142 | 1042 <b>Q</b> | 1142QR | 55   |
| Organochlorine Pesticides on Polyurethane Foam      | 1111 | 1011 <b>Q</b> | 1111QR | 53   |
| PAHs on Polyurethane Foam                           | 1113 | 1013 <b>Q</b> | 1113QR | 53   |
| Particulate Matter in Impinger Solution             | 1151 | 1051 <b>Q</b> | 1151QR | 55   |
| Particulate Matter on Filter Paper                  | 1150 | 1050 <b>Q</b> | 1150QR | 55   |
| PCBs on Polyurethane Foam                           | 1112 | 1012 <b>Q</b> | 1112QR | 53   |
| Semivolatiles on Polyurethane Foam                  | 1110 | 1010 <b>Q</b> | 1110QR | 53   |
| Sulfur Dioxide in Impinger Solution                 | 1143 | 1043 <b>Q</b> | 1143QR | 55   |
| Sulfuric Acid & Sulfur Dioxide in Impinger Solution | 1144 | 1044 <b>Q</b> | 1144QR | 55   |
| Volatiles in Gas Cylinder                           | 1100 | 1000 <b>Q</b> | 1100QR | 52   |
| Volatiles on Sorbent                                | 1101 | 1001 <b>Q</b> | 1101QR | 52   |

**Q** All Waters ERA Air & Emissions PTs open quarterly. Quarterly months are January, April, July, and October.

**\*** Reference Material



# Volatiles

## Volatiles in Gas Cylinder\*

| RM<br>Cat. #1100** | PT<br>Cat. #1000 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #1100QR |
|--------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
|--------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

One pressurized gas cylinder containing 87 L of gas at 1500 psig (103 bar) for use with EPA methods TO-14, TO-15, or other applicable methods. Contains at least 10 analytes, randomly selected from the list below, at 2–30 ppbv (4–60 ppbv for Total Xylenes).

|                                |                                |                           |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Acetone                        | 1,1-Dichloroethane             |                           |
| Benzene                        | 1,2-Dichloroethane             | Styrene                   |
| Benzy chloride                 | 1,1-Dichloroethylene           | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane |
| Bromodichloromethane           | cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene       | Tetrachloroethylene       |
| Bromoform                      | trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene     | Toluene                   |
| Bromomethane                   | (Freon 114)                    | Trichloroethene           |
| 1,3-Butadiene                  | 1,2-Dichloropropane            | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene    |
| 2-Butanone (MEK)               | cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene      | 1,1,1-Trichloroethane     |
| Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) | trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene    | 1,1,2-Trichloroethane     |
| Carbon disulfide               | 1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane  | Trichlorofluoromethane    |
| Carbon tetrachloride           | Ethyl acetate                  | (Freon 11)                |
| Chlorobenzene                  | Ethylbenzene                   | Trichlorotrifluoromethane |
| Chlorodibromomethane           | p-Ethyltoluene                 | (Freon 113)               |
| Chloroethane                   | n-Heptane                      | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene    |
| Chloroform                     | Hexachlorobutadiene            | 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene    |
| Chloromethane                  | n-Hexane                       | Vinyl chloride            |
| Cyclohexane                    | 2-Hexanone                     | Xylenes, total            |
| 1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)        | Isopropyl alcohol              | m&p-Xylene                |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene            | Methylene chloride             | o-Xylene                  |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene            | Methyl methacrylate            |                           |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene            | 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)    |                           |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane        | Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) |                           |
| (Freon 12)                     | Propylene                      |                           |

\*Volatiles in Gas Cylinder ships as dangerous goods.

\*\* Reference Material (RM)

## Volatiles on Sorbent

| CRM<br>Cat. #1101 | PT<br>Cat. #1001 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #1101QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule for spiking client-specific sorbent. Use with EPA Methods TO-17, 0030, 0031, or other applicable methods. Contains at least 24 analytes, randomly selected from the list below, at 50–2000 ng/sample (200–3000 ng/sample for Total Xylenes) after preparation.

|                           |                                    |                             |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Acetone                   | 1,1-Dichloropropene                | Methylene chloride          |
| Acetonitrile              | 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP) | 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) |
| Acrolein                  | 1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)            | Naphthalene                 |
| Acrylonitrile             | Dibromomethane                     | Nitrobenzene                |
| Benzene                   | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene                | n-Propylbenzene             |
| Bromobenzene              | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene                | Styrene                     |
| Bromochloromethane        | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene                | 1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane     |
| Bromodichloromethane      | Dichlorodifluoromethane            | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane   |
| Bromoform                 | (Freon 12)                         | Tetrachloroethene           |
| Bromomethane              | 1,1-Dichloroethane                 | Toluene                     |
| 2-Butanone (MEK)          | 1,2-Dichloroethane                 | 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene      |
| n-Butylbenzene            | 1,1-Dichloroethene                 | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene      |
| sec-Butylbenzene          | cis-1,2-Dichloroethene             | 1,1,1-Trichloroethane       |
| tert-Butylbenzene         | trans-1,2-Dichloroethene           | 1,1,2-Trichloroethane       |
| Carbon disulfide          | 1,2-Dichloropropane                | Trichloroethylene           |
| Carbon tetrachloride      | cis-1,3-Dichloropropene            | Trichlorofluoromethane      |
| Chlorobenzene             | trans-1,3-Dichloropropene          | 1,2,3-Trichloropropane      |
| Chlorodibromomethane      | Ethylbenzene                       | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene      |
| Chloroethane              | Hexachlorobutadiene                | 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene      |
| 2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether | Hexachloroethane                   | Vinyl acetate               |
| Chloroform                | 2-Hexanone                         | Vinyl chloride              |
| Chloromethane             | Isopropylbenzene                   | Xylenes, total              |
| 2-Chlorotoluene           | 4-Isopropyltoluene                 | m&p-Xylene                  |
| 4-Chlorotoluene           | Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)     | o-Xylene                    |
| 1,3-Dichloropropane       |                                    |                             |
| 2,2-Dichloropropane       |                                    |                             |

## Stationary Source Audit Sample Program



As the first TNI-accredited audit sample provider, Waters ERA is ready to help you navigate the program's requirements. We have the audit samples you need to ensure regulatory compliance.

For participants in the Stationary Source Audit Sample Program (SSASP), please visit the website below to ensure you have the correct sample for your testing needs.

<http://www.eraqc.com/Resources/StationarySourceAuditSampleProgram>



## Semivolatiles on Polyurethane Foam

| CRM<br>Cat. #1110 | PT<br>Cat. #1010 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #1110QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

Two 2 mL flame-sealed ampules plus one polyurethane foam. Use with EPA Method 0010, or other applicable methods. Contains at least 42 analytes, randomly selected from the list below, at 10–225 µg/sample (200–1000 µg/sample for Benzidine) after preparation.

|                             |                           |                              |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| Acenaphthene                | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene       | N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine   |
| Acenaphthylene              | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene       | 2,2'-Oxybis(1-chloropropane) |
| Aniline                     | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine    | Pentachlorobenzene           |
| Anthracene                  | Diethyl phthalate         | Phenanthrene                 |
| Benzidine                   | Dimethyl phthalate        | Pyrene                       |
| Benzo(a)anthracene          | 2,4-Dinitrotoluene        | Pyridine                     |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene        | 2,6-Dinitrotoluene        | o-Toluidine                  |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene        | Di-n-octyl phthalate      | 1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene   |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene        | Fluoranthene              | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene       |
| Benzo(a)pyrene              | Fluorene                  | Benzoic Acid                 |
| Benzyl alcohol              | Hexachlorobenzene         | 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol      |
| 4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether  | Hexachlorobutadiene       | 2-Chlorophenol               |
| Butyl benzyl phthalate      | Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | 2,4-Dichlorophenol           |
| Carbazole                   | Hexachloroethane          | 2,6-Dichlorophenol           |
| 4-Chloroaniline             | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene    | 2,4-Dimethylphenol           |
| Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane  | Isophorone                | 2,4-Dinitrophenol            |
| Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether     | 2-Methylnaphthalene       | 2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol   |
| Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate  | Naphthalene               | 2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)    |
| 1-Chloronaphthalene         | 2-Nitroaniline            | 4-Methylphenol (p-Cresol)    |
| 2-Chloronaphthalene         | 3-Nitroaniline            | 2-Nitrophenol                |
| 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether | 4-Nitroaniline            | 4-Nitrophenol                |
| Chrysene                    | Nitrobenzene              | Pentachlorophenol            |
| Dibenz(a,h)anthracene       | N-Nitrosodiethylamine     | Phenol                       |
| Dibenzofuran                | N-Nitrosodimethylamine    | 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol    |
| Di-n-butyl phthalate        | (NDMA)                    | 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol        |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene         | N-Nitrosodiphenylamine    | 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol        |

## Organochlorine Pesticides on Polyurethane Foam

| CRM<br>Cat. #1111 | PT<br>Cat. #1011 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #1111QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule plus one polyurethane foam. Use with EPA Methods TO-04A, TO-10A, or other applicable methods. Contains at least 16 analytes, randomly selected from the list below, at 0.1–20 µg/sample after preparation.

|                     |                    |                           |
|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| Aldrin              | 4,4'-DDD           | Endrin                    |
| alpha-BHC           | 4,4'-DDE           | Endrin aldehyde           |
| beta-BHC            | 4,4'-DDT           | Endrin ketone             |
| delta-BHC           | Dieldrin           | Heptachlor                |
| gamma-BHC (Lindane) | Endosulfan I       | Heptachlor epoxide (beta) |
| alpha-Chlordane     | Endosulfan II      | Methoxychlor              |
| gamma-Chlordane     | Endosulfan sulfate |                           |

## PCBs on Polyurethane Foam

| CRM<br>Cat. #1112 | PT<br>Cat. #1012 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #1112QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule plus one polyurethane foam. Use with EPA Methods TO-04A, TO-10A, or other applicable methods. Contains one aroclor, randomly selected from the list below, at 2–10 µg/sample after preparation.

|              |              |              |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Aroclor 1016 | Aroclor 1242 | Aroclor 1260 |
| Aroclor 1221 | Aroclor 1248 |              |
| Aroclor 1232 | Aroclor 1254 |              |

## PAHs on Polyurethane Foam

| CRM<br>Cat. #1113 | PT<br>Cat. #1013 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #1113QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule plus one polyurethane foam. Use with EPA Method TO-13A, or other applicable methods. Contains at least 13 analytes, randomly selected from the list below, at 10–200 µg/sample after preparation.

|                      |                       |                        |
|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Acenaphthene         | Benzo(g,h,i)perylene  | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene |
| Acenaphthylene       | Benzo(a)pyrene        | 1-Methylnaphthalene    |
| Anthracene           | Chrysene              | 2-Methylnaphthalene    |
| Benzo(a)anthracene   | Dibenz(a,h)anthracene | Naphthalene            |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | Fluoranthene          | Phenanthrene           |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene | Fluorene              | Pyrene                 |

## Aldehydes &amp; Ketones on Sorbent

| CRM<br>Cat. #1114 | PT<br>Cat. #1014 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #1114QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule to be spiked onto sorbent. Use with EPA Method TO-11A, or other applicable methods. Contains at least four analytes, randomly selected from the list below, at 0.5–10 µg/sample after preparation.

|                         |                          |                            |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| Acetaldehyde            | Crotonaldehyde           | Propionaldehyde (Propanal) |
| Acetone                 | 2,5-Dimethylbenzaldehyde | o-Tolualdehyde             |
| Benzaldehyde            | Formaldehyde             | m-Tolualdehyde             |
| 2-Butanone (MEK)        | Hexaldehyde (Hexanal)    | p-Tolualdehyde             |
| Butyraldehyde (Butanal) | Isovaleraldehyde         | Valeraldehyde (Pentanal)   |

CRM – Certified Reference Material

PT – Proficiency Testing

QR – QuiK Response

RM – Reference Material

Q All Waters ERA Air & Emissions PTs open quarterly. Quarterly months are January, April, July, and October.

## Brian Stringer

Principal Proficiency Testing  
Technical Specialist

Years with Waters ERA: 15



## Debby Updyke

Senior Proficiency Testing  
Technical Specialist

Years with Waters ERA: 16



# Metals

## Metals on Filter Paper

| CRM<br>Cat. #1125 | PT<br>Cat. #1025 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #1125QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

One filter paper sample packaged in a 50 mm polystyrene petri dish containing a single 47 mm tissue quartz filter ready for use with EPA Method 29 or other applicable methods.

|                 |                  |
|-----------------|------------------|
| Antimony.....   | 25–250 µg/filter |
| Arsenic.....    | 20–250 µg/filter |
| Barium.....     | 20–250 µg/filter |
| Beryllium.....  | 10–250 µg/filter |
| Cadmium.....    | 10–250 µg/filter |
| Chromium.....   | 15–250 µg/filter |
| Cobalt.....     | 10–250 µg/filter |
| Copper.....     | 10–250 µg/filter |
| Lead.....       | 20–350 µg/filter |
| Manganese.....  | 10–250 µg/filter |
| Nickel.....     | 20–250 µg/filter |
| Phosphorus..... | 10–250 µg/filter |
| Selenium.....   | 20–250 µg/filter |
| Silver.....     | 30–250 µg/filter |
| Thallium.....   | 30–250 µg/filter |
| Zinc.....       | 20–250 µg/filter |

## Metals in Impinger Solution

| CRM<br>Cat. #1126 | PT<br>Cat. #1026 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #1126QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

One impinger solution sample packaged in a 15 mL screw-top vial containing approximately 14 mL of standard concentrate for use with EPA Method 29, or other applicable methods.

|                 |               |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Antimony.....   | 0.25–20 µg/mL |
| Arsenic.....    | 0.2–20 µg/mL  |
| Barium.....     | 0.15–25 µg/mL |
| Beryllium.....  | 0.05–20 µg/mL |
| Cadmium.....    | 0.1–20 µg/mL  |
| Chromium.....   | 0.2–20 µg/mL  |
| Cobalt.....     | 0.1–25 µg/mL  |
| Copper.....     | 0.2–20 µg/mL  |
| Lead.....       | 0.2–20 µg/mL  |
| Manganese.....  | 0.1–20 µg/mL  |
| Nickel.....     | 0.15–30 µg/mL |
| Phosphorus..... | 0.15–25 µg/mL |
| Selenium.....   | 0.15–25 µg/mL |
| Silver.....     | 0.5–20 µg/mL  |
| Thallium.....   | 0.15–25 µg/mL |
| Zinc.....       | 0.15–25 µg/mL |

## Mercury on Filter Paper

| CRM<br>Cat. #1127 | PT<br>Cat. #1027 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #1127QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule containing approximately 2 mL of standard concentrate and a 50 mm polystyrene petri dish containing a single 47 mm glass fiber filter. Sample is ready for use with EPA Method 29, or other applicable methods.

|              |                |
|--------------|----------------|
| Mercury..... | 1–75 µg/filter |
|--------------|----------------|

## Mercury in Impinger Solution

| CRM<br>Cat. #1128 | PT<br>Cat. #1028 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #1128QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

One impinger solution sample packaged in a 15 mL screw-top vial containing approximately 14 mL of standard concentrate for use with EPA Methods 29, 101a, or other applicable methods.

|              |               |
|--------------|---------------|
| Mercury..... | 0.9–200 ng/mL |
|--------------|---------------|

## Lead on Filter Paper

| CRM<br>Cat. #1129 | PT<br>Cat. #1029 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #1129QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

One filter paper sample packaged in a 50 mm polystyrene petri dish containing a single 47 mm tissue quartz filter spiked with lead ready-for-use with EPA Method 12 or other applicable methods.

|           |                  |
|-----------|------------------|
| Lead..... | 20–350 µg/filter |
|-----------|------------------|

## Lead in Impinger Solution

| CRM<br>Cat. #1130 | PT<br>Cat. #1030 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #1130QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

One impinger solution sample packaged in a 15 mL screw top vial containing approximately 14 mL of standard concentrate for use with EPA Method 12, or other applicable methods.

|           |               |
|-----------|---------------|
| Lead..... | 0.2–120 µg/mL |
|-----------|---------------|

## Chromium on Filter Paper

| CRM<br>Cat. #1131 | PT<br>Cat. #1031 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #1131QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

One filter paper sample packaged in a 50 mm polystyrene petri dish containing a single 47 mm fiber film filter for use with CARB Method 425, or other applicable methods.

|                          |                |
|--------------------------|----------------|
| Total chromium.....      | 1–20 µg/filter |
| Hexavalent chromium..... | 1–20 µg/filter |

## Hexavalent Chromium in Impinger Solution

| CRM<br>Cat. #1132 | PT<br>Cat. #1032 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #1132QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

One impinger solution sample packaged in a 15 mL screw top vial containing approximately 14 mL of standard concentrate for use with EPA Method 0061/7199, or other applicable methods.

|                          |             |
|--------------------------|-------------|
| Hexavalent chromium..... | 45–880 µg/L |
|--------------------------|-------------|

# Inorganics

## Hydrogen Halides & Halogens in Impinger Solution

|                   |                  |   |                    |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
| CRM<br>Cat. #1140 | PT<br>Cat. #1040 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #1140QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

Two impinger solution samples packaged in 15 mL screw-top vials containing approximately 14 mL of standard concentrate for use with EPA Methods 26, 26a, or other applicable methods.

|                        |              |
|------------------------|--------------|
| Total halides.....     | 15-1500 mg/L |
| Total halogens.....    | 10-200 mg/L  |
| Hydrogen chloride..... | 5-500 mg/L   |
| Hydrogen fluoride..... | 5-500 mg/L   |
| Hydrogen bromide.....  | 5-500 mg/L   |
| Bromine.....           | 5-100 mg/L   |
| Chlorine.....          | 5-100 mg/L   |

## Fluoride in Impinger Solution

|                   |                  |   |                    |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
| CRM<br>Cat. #1141 | PT<br>Cat. #1041 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #1141QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

One impinger solution sample packaged in a 15 mL screw-top vial containing approximately 14 mL of standard concentrate for use with EPA Methods 13a, 13b, 14, or other applicable methods.

|               |              |
|---------------|--------------|
| Fluoride..... | 1-50 mg/dscm |
|---------------|--------------|

## Nitrogen Oxide in Impinger Solution

|                   |                  |   |                    |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
| CRM<br>Cat. #1142 | PT<br>Cat. #1042 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #1142QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

One impinger solution sample packaged in a 15 mL screw-top vial containing approximately 14 mL of standard concentrate for use with EPA Method 7, or other applicable methods.

|                               |                  |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Oxides of nitrogen (NOx)..... | 100-2000 mg/dscm |
|-------------------------------|------------------|

## Sulfur Dioxide in Impinger Solution

|                   |                  |   |                    |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
| CRM<br>Cat. #1143 | PT<br>Cat. #1043 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #1143QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

One impinger solution sample packaged in a 15 mL screw-top vial containing approximately 14 mL of standard concentrate for use with EPA Method 6 and Method 8, or other applicable methods.

|                     |                 |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| Sulfur dioxide..... | 50-2000 mg/dscm |
|---------------------|-----------------|

## Sulfuric Acid & Sulfur Dioxide in Impinger Solution

|                   |                  |   |                    |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
| CRM<br>Cat. #1144 | PT<br>Cat. #1044 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #1144QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

One impinger solution sample packaged in a 15 mL screw top vial containing approximately 14 mL of standard concentrate for use with EPA Method 8, or other applicable methods.

|                    |               |
|--------------------|---------------|
| Sulfuric acid..... | 5-150 mg/dscm |
|--------------------|---------------|

## Ammonia in Impinger Solution

|                   |                  |   |                    |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
| CRM<br>Cat. #1145 | PT<br>Cat. #1045 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #1145QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

One impinger solution sample packaged in a 15 mL screw-top vial containing approximately 14 mL of standard concentrate for use with EPA CTM 027, or other applicable methods.

|               |             |
|---------------|-------------|
| Ammonium..... | 0.1-10 mg/L |
|---------------|-------------|

## Particulate Matter on Filter Paper

|                   |                  |   |                    |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
| CRM<br>Cat. #1150 | PT<br>Cat. #1050 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #1150QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

One filter paper sample packaged in a 50 mm polystyrene petri dish containing a single 47 mm tissue quartz filter ready for use with EPA Methods 5, 5A, 5B, 5D, 5F, or other applicable methods.

|                         |                  |
|-------------------------|------------------|
| Particulate matter..... | 50-600 mg/filter |
|-------------------------|------------------|

## Particulate Matter in Impinger Solution

|                   |                  |   |                    |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|
| CRM<br>Cat. #1151 | PT<br>Cat. #1051 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #1151QR |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--------------------|

One impinger solution sample packaged in a 250 mL polyethylene bottle containing approximately 250 mL of standard ready for use with EPA Methods 5, 5A, 5B, 5D, 5F, or other applicable methods.

|                         |              |
|-------------------------|--------------|
| Particulate matter..... | 140-675 mg/L |
|-------------------------|--------------|

CRM – Certified Reference Material

PT – Proficiency Testing

QR – Quik Response

**Q** All Waters ERA Air & Emissions PTs open quarterly. Quarterly months are January, April, July, and October.

**Colleen Graves**  
Account Manager

Years with Waters ERA: 3



**Tom Widera**  
Technical Manager

Years with Waters ERA: 18





# RADIOCHEMISTRY

Matrices in soil, vegetation, air filters, and water for monitoring of radiochemicals.

## Radiochemistry PT Schedule 2018

|   | Scheme # | Opens | Closes |
|---|----------|-------|--------|
| Q | RAD 112  | Jan 8 | Feb 22 |
| Q | RAD 113  | Apr 9 | May 24 |
| Q | RAD 114  | Jul 9 | Aug 23 |
| Q | RAD 115  | Oct 5 | Nov 19 |

2019

|   | Scheme # | Opens | Closes |
|---|----------|-------|--------|
| Q | RAD 116  | Jan 7 | Feb 21 |
| Q | RAD 117  | Apr 8 | May 23 |
| Q | RAD 118  | Jul 8 | Aug 22 |
| Q | RAD 119  | Oct 4 | Nov 18 |

## MRAD PT Schedule 2018

|  | Scheme # | Opens  | Closes |
|--|----------|--------|--------|
|  | MRAD 028 | Mar 19 | May 18 |
|  | MRAD 029 | Sep 17 | Nov 16 |

2019

|  | Scheme # | Opens  | Closes |
|--|----------|--------|--------|
|  | MRAD 030 | Mar 18 | May 17 |
|  | MRAD 031 | Sep 16 | Nov 15 |

2 schemes per year – open for 60 days

Schedules are subject to change – see Waters ERA's website at [www.eraqc.com](http://www.eraqc.com)



# Contents

**CRM:** A Certified Reference Material (CRM) is a standard with known concentrations or assigned values of specified analytes. The standard has a known uncertainty, homogeneity, and stability and assigned values of the analytes are traceable to an independent reference. A CRM is accompanied by an authenticated certificate of analysis.

**PT:** A Proficiency Test (PT) is an analysis of what is often referred to as a blind sample or a sample with unknown concentrations of analytes for the purpose of evaluating a laboratory's analytical performance.

**QR:** Similar to a Proficiency Test, a QuiK Response (QR) is a sample with unknown concentrations. However, unlike a scheduled PT, QR is on-demand and available at any time. Plus, your results are returned within two business days. QuiK Response can be used as a bilateral PT as referenced in the IUPAC/CITAC guide: Selection and use of PT schemes for a limited number of participants – chemical analytical labs.

**RM:** A Reference Material is a material sufficiently homogeneous and stable with reference to specified properties, which has been established to be fit for its intended use.

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**Q** All Waters ERA Radiochemistry PTs open quarterly. Quarterly months are January, April, July, and October.

**\*** All Waters ERA MRAD PTs open in March and September.

# WS Radchem

All Radchem standards are provided as convenient, easy-to-prepare concentrates except for tritium, which is provided as a whole-volume sample.

## Gamma Emitters

| CRM<br>Cat. #758 | PT<br>Cat. #808 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #758QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 12 mL screw-top vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution.

|                 |              |
|-----------------|--------------|
| Barium-133..... | 10-100 pCi/L |
| Cesium-134..... | 10-100 pCi/L |
| Cesium-137..... | 20-240 pCi/L |
| Cobalt-60.....  | 10-120 pCi/L |
| Zinc-65.....    | 30-360 pCi/L |

## Gross Alpha/Beta

| CRM<br>Cat. #759 | PT<br>Cat. #809 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #759QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 12 mL screw-top vial yields up to 1 liter after dilution.

|                                 |            |
|---------------------------------|------------|
| Gross alpha as thorium-230..... | 7-75 pCi/L |
| Gross beta as cesium-137.....   | 8-75 pCi/L |

## Naturals

| CRM<br>Cat. #751 | PT<br>Cat. #811 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #751QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 12 mL screw-top vial yields up to 8 liters after dilution.

|                         |            |
|-------------------------|------------|
| Radium-226.....         | 1-20 pCi/L |
| Radium-228.....         | 2-20 pCi/L |
| Uranium (Nat).....      | 2-70 pCi/L |
| Uranium (Nat) mass..... | 3-104 µg/L |

## Tritium

| CRM<br>Cat. #752 | PT<br>Cat. #812 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #752QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 250 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze as received. Includes tritium at 1000-24000 pCi/L.

## Iodine-131

| CRM<br>Cat. #750 | PT<br>Cat. #810 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #750QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 12 mL screw-top vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Contains iodine-131 within the range 3-30 pCi/L. Due to short half-life, CRMs, PTs, and QRs are available only during January, April, July, and October.

## Strontium-89/90

| CRM<br>Cat. #757 | PT<br>Cat. #807 | Q | QR<br>Cat. #757QR |
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|

One 12 mL screw-top vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution.

|                   |             |
|-------------------|-------------|
| Strontium-89..... | 10-70 pCi/L |
| Strontium-90..... | 3-45 pCi/L  |



CRM – Certified Reference Material  
PT – Proficiency Testing  
QR – Quik Response

Q All Waters ERA WS Radchem PTs open quarterly. Quarterly months are January, April, July, and October.

# Radchem Lab Control & Matrix Spiking (LCS/MS)

Radiochemistry LCS/MS standards are prepared according to your specifications at activity levels that enable you to directly fortify your batch laboratory control and matrix spike QC samples. These single-use spiking standards are verified, conveniently packaged in 2–20 mL glass vials, and very economical.

## The direct benefits:

- Easy-to-use – LCS/MS spiking standards are ready-to-use – no dilutions are required.
- Reliable and consistent – eliminate the possibility of errors from the contamination or repeated multiple dilutions of your primary stock standards.
- Independently verified – LCS/MS standards are analytically verified and traced to NIST SRMs where available.
- Save money – You no longer need to pay for microcuries of activity when you only need picocuries. You also eliminate the cost of activity loss for short-lived isotopes.
- Reduce analytical cost – You no longer need to spend valuable instrument time re-verifying standard stability. Order what you expect to use on a quarterly or annual basis – we'll do the verification.

## The process is easy:

1. Select from any of the following carrier-free, single radionuclide standards.
2. Choose an activity up to the maximum listed in the table below.
3. Choose a convenient volume: 2 to 20 mL glass vials available.
4. For labs that analyze samples with more elevated activities, call for standard availability and pricing.

## Single Radionuclide Spiking Standards

| Cat. # | Radionuclide         | Maximum Activity/Vial |
|--------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| AM241  | Americium-241        | 40 pCi                |
| BA133  | Barium-133           | 400 pCi               |
| CS134  | Cesium-134           | 200 pCi               |
| CS137  | Cesium-137           | 400 pCi               |
| CO60   | Cobalt-60            | 200 pCi               |
| GAB    | Gross alpha/beta     | 30/40 pCi             |
| GA     | Gross alpha (Th-230) | 30 pCi                |
| GB     | Gross beta (Cs-137)  | 40 pCi                |
| PU238  | Plutonium-238        | 40 pCi                |
| PU239  | Plutonium-239        | 40 pCi                |
| RA226  | Radium-226           | 20 pCi                |
| RA228  | Radium-228           | Call                  |
| SR89   | Strontium-89         | 200 pCi               |
| SR90   | Strontium-90         | 40 pCi                |
| H3     | Tritium              | 2000 pCi              |
| UNAT   | Uranium, natural     | 40 pCi                |
| ZN65   | Zinc-65              | 600 pCi               |



## MRAD Solids

## Soil Radionuclides

| CRM<br>Cat. #608 | PT<br>Cat. #802 | QR<br>Cat. #608QR |
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|

One 500 cc standard includes the alpha, beta, and gamma emitting radionuclides listed below.

|                         |                    |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Actinium-228.....       | 500-5000 pCi/kg    |
| Americium-241.....      | 50-2000 pCi/kg     |
| Bismuth-212.....        | 500-5000 pCi/kg    |
| Bismuth-214.....        | 500-5000 pCi/kg    |
| Cesium-134.....         | 1000-10,000 pCi/kg |
| Cesium-137.....         | 1000-10,000 pCi/kg |
| Cobalt-60.....          | 1000-10,000 pCi/kg |
| Lead-212.....           | 500-5000 pCi/kg    |
| Lead-214.....           | 500-5000 pCi/kg    |
| Manganese-54.....       | 1000-10,000 pCi/kg |
| Plutonium-238.....      | 50-2000 pCi/kg     |
| Plutonium-239.....      | 50-2000 pCi/kg     |
| Potassium-40.....       | 5000-50,000 pCi/kg |
| Strontium-90.....       | 500-10,000 pCi/kg  |
| Thorium-234.....        | 500-5000 pCi/kg    |
| Uranium-234.....        | 500-5000 pCi/kg    |
| Uranium-238.....        | 500-5000 pCi/kg    |
| Uranium (Nat).....      | 1000-10,000 pCi/kg |
| Uranium (Nat) mass..... | 1500-15,000 µg/kg  |
| Zinc-65.....            | 1000-10,000 pCi/kg |

## Vegetation Radionuclides

| CRM<br>Cat. #609 | PT<br>Cat. #803 | QR<br>Cat. #609QR |
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|

One 500 cc standard includes the alpha, beta, and gamma emitting radionuclides listed below.

|                         |                    |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Americium-241.....      | 50-5000 pCi/kg     |
| Cesium-134.....         | 300-3000 pCi/kg    |
| Cesium-137.....         | 300-3000 pCi/kg    |
| Cobalt-60.....          | 300-3000 pCi/kg    |
| Curium-244.....         | 50-5000 pCi/kg     |
| Manganese-54.....       | 300-3000 pCi/kg    |
| Plutonium-238.....      | 50-5000 pCi/kg     |
| Plutonium-239.....      | 50-5000 pCi/kg     |
| Potassium-40.....       | 5000-50,000 pCi/kg |
| Strontium-90.....       | 500-10,000 pCi/kg  |
| Uranium-234.....        | 50-5000 pCi/kg     |
| Uranium-238.....        | 50-5000 pCi/kg     |
| Uranium (Nat).....      | 100-10,000 pCi/kg  |
| Uranium (Nat) mass..... | 150-15,000 µg/kg   |
| Zinc-65.....            | 300-3000 pCi/kg    |

## MRAD Air Filter

## Air Filter Radionuclides

| CRM<br>Cat. #606 | PT<br>Cat. #800 | QR<br>Cat. #606QR |
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|

One 47 mm diameter glass fiber filter contains the alpha, beta, and gamma emitting radionuclides listed below.

|                         |                    |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Americium-241.....      | 2-80 pCi/filter    |
| Cesium-134.....         | 50-1500 pCi/filter |
| Cesium-137.....         | 50-1500 pCi/filter |
| Cobalt-60.....          | 50-1500 pCi/filter |
| Iron-55.....            | 50-1500 pCi/filter |
| Manganese-54.....       | 50-1500 pCi/filter |
| Plutonium-238.....      | 2-80 pCi/filter    |
| Plutonium-239.....      | 2-80 pCi/filter    |
| Strontium-90.....       | 5-200 pCi/filter   |
| Uranium-234.....        | 2-80 pCi/filter    |
| Uranium-238.....        | 2-80 pCi/filter    |
| Uranium (Nat).....      | 4-160 pCi/filter   |
| Uranium (Nat) mass..... | 6-240 µg/filter    |
| Zinc-65.....            | 50-1500 pCi/filter |

## Air Filter Gross Alpha/Beta

| CRM<br>Cat. #607 | PT<br>Cat. #801 | QR<br>Cat. #607QR |
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|

One acrylic treated 47 mm diameter glass fiber filter contains the radionuclides listed below.

|                                 |                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Gross alpha as thorium-230..... | 5-100 pCi/filter |
| Gross beta as cesium-137.....   | 5-100 pCi/filter |

**Chad Lane**  
Chemist/RSO

Years with Waters ERA: 9



**Leo Muñoz**  
Shipping Team Lead

Years with Waters ERA: 9



## Water Radionuclides

| CRM<br>Cat. #617 | PT<br>Cat. #804 | QR<br>Cat. #617QR |
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|

One 12 mL screw-top vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Includes the alpha, beta, and gamma emitting radionuclides listed below.

|                         |                |
|-------------------------|----------------|
| Americium-241.....      | 10-200 pCi/L   |
| Cesium-134.....         | 100-3000 pCi/L |
| Cesium-137.....         | 100-3000 pCi/L |
| Cobalt-60.....          | 100-3000 pCi/L |
| Iron-55.....            | 100-3000 pCi/L |
| Manganese-54.....       | 100-3000 pCi/L |
| Plutonium-238.....      | 10-200 pCi/L   |
| Plutonium-239.....      | 10-200 pCi/L   |
| Strontium-90.....       | 50-1000 pCi/L  |
| Uranium-234.....        | 10-200 pCi/L   |
| Uranium-238.....        | 10-200 pCi/L   |
| Uranium (Nat).....      | 20-400 pCi/L   |
| Uranium (Nat) mass..... | 30-600 µg/L    |
| Zinc-65.....            | 100-3000 pCi/L |

## Water Gross Alpha/Beta

| CRM<br>Cat. #615 | PT<br>Cat. #805 | QR<br>Cat. #615QR |
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|

One 12 mL screw-top vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Includes the radionuclides below.

|                                 |              |
|---------------------------------|--------------|
| Gross alpha as thorium-230..... | 10-200 pCi/L |
| Gross beta as cesium-137.....   | 10-200 pCi/L |

## Water Tritium

| CRM<br>Cat. #616 | PT<br>Cat. #806 | QR<br>Cat. #616QR |
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|

One 125 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze as received.

|              |                   |
|--------------|-------------------|
| Tritium..... | 3000-30,000 pCi/L |
|--------------|-------------------|



CRM – Certified Reference Material

PT – Proficiency Testing

QR – Quik Response

✱ All Waters ERA MRAD PTs open in March and September.



# LOW-LEVEL CRMs

Synthetic drinking and wastewater matrices with low concentrations of analytes for testing water supply, drinking water, ground water, water pollution, or wastewater.

Save time diluting your standards or spending numerous hours producing them yourself with our low-level Certified Reference Materials (CRMs).

Our line of low-level CRMs are optimal for:

- Method development and validation
- System checks
- Evaluating limits of quantitation
- Minimum detection limit studies
- Detection verification
- Many other uses



# Contents

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# Inorganics

## Chlorine

CRM  
Cat. #1358

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule spiking concentrate and one 24 mL screw-cap vial matrix concentrate yields up to 2 liters of sample.

Total chlorine..... 75-500 µg/L  
Free chlorine..... 75-500 µg/L

## Color

CRM  
Cat. #1353

One 125 mL whole-volume bottle sample is ready to be analyzed.

Color..... 5-25 pc units

## Common Inorganics

CRM  
Cat. #1249

One liter poly bottle whole-volume sample is ready to be analyzed.

Alkalinity..... 20-120 mg/L  
Calcium..... 2-50 mg/L  
Chloride..... 25-500 mg/L  
Conductivity..... 80-1,000 µmhos/cm  
Fluoride..... 0.25-5 mg/L  
Magnesium..... 1-25 mg/L  
pH..... 5-10 units  
Potassium..... 2-50 mg/L  
Sodium..... 5-100 mg/L  
Sulfate..... 2-50 mg/L  
Total dissolved solids..... 60-750 mg/L  
Total hardness..... 9-250 mg/L

## Common Inorganics in Hard Water

CRM  
Cat. #1346

One liter poly bottle whole-volume sample is ready to be analyzed.

Alkalinity..... 20-100 mg/L  
Calcium..... 10-100 mg/L  
Chloride..... 20-250 mg/L  
Conductivity..... 130-1400 µmhos/cm  
Fluoride..... 0.2-2 mg/L  
Magnesium..... 2-10 mg/L  
pH..... 5-10 units  
Potassium..... 2-25 mg/L  
Sodium..... 20-250 mg/L  
Sulfate..... 20-250 mg/L  
Total dissolved solids..... 100-1000 mg/L  
Total hardness..... 30-300 mg/L

## Common Inorganics in Soft Water

CRM  
Cat. #1347

A 1 liter poly bottle whole-volume sample is ready to be analyzed.

Alkalinity..... 20-100 mg/L  
Calcium..... 2-50 mg/L  
Chloride..... 5-50 mg/L  
Conductivity..... 25-300 µmhos/cm  
Fluoride..... 0.2-2 mg/L  
Magnesium..... 0.5-5 mg/L  
pH..... 5-10 units  
Potassium..... 1-10 mg/L  
Sodium..... 5-50 mg/L  
Sulfate..... 5-50 mg/L  
Total dissolved solids..... 20-200 mg/L  
Total hardness..... 5-75 mg/L

## Cyanide

CRM  
Cat. #1345

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters of sample.

Free cyanide..... 5-100 µg/L  
Total cyanide..... 5-100 µg/L

## Demand

CRM  
Cat. #1354

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters of sample.

5-day BOD..... 2-25 mg/L  
COD..... 2-25 mg/L  
DOC..... 1-10 mg/L  
TOC..... 1-10 mg/L

CRM  
Cat. #1242

One 15 mL screw-cap vial spiking concentrate yields up to 2 liters of sample.

5-day BOD..... 5-75 mg/L  
COD..... 10-150 mg/L  
DOC..... 2-40 mg/L  
TOC..... 2-40 mg/L



**Stanley Dunlavy**  
EH & S Engineer

Years with Waters ERA: 17

## Inorganics (continued)

## High Solids

CRM  
Cat. #1355

One 24 mL screw-cap vial with a powder concentrate yields 1 liter of solution.

Total dissolved solids..... 100-1000 mg/L  
 Total suspended solids (TSS)..... 5-50 mg/L

## Solids Concentrate

CRM  
Cat. #1243

One 24 mL screw-cap vial concentrate yields up to 1 liter of sample.

Total dissolved solids..... 10-250 mg/L  
 Total suspended solids (TSS)..... 5-50 mg/L

## Total Phenolics (4-AAP)

CRM  
Cat. #1250

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule spiking concentrate and one 24 mL screw-cap vial matrix concentrate yields up to 2 liters of sample.

Total phenolics by 4-AAP..... 0.06-5 mg/L

## Metals

## Hexavalent Chromium

CRM  
Cat. #1248

One 15 mL screw-cap vial spiking concentrate and one 24 mL screw-cap vial matrix concentrate yields up to 2 liters of sample.

Hexavalent chromium..... 5-100 µg/L

## Mercury

CRM  
Cat. #1341

One 15 mL screw-cap vial spiking concentrate and one 24 mL screw-cap vial matrix concentrate yields up to 2 liters of sample.

Mercury, total..... 0.1 to 1.2 µg/L

## Metals (continued)

## Metals

CRM  
Cat. #1340

Two 15 mL screw-cap vial spiking concentrates and one 24 mL screw-cap vial matrix concentrate yields up to 2 liters of sample.

Aluminum..... 25-500 µg/L  
 Antimony..... 1-20 µg/L  
 Arsenic..... 1-25 µg/L  
 Barium..... 100-2000 µg/L  
 Beryllium..... 1-20 µg/L  
 Boron..... 100-2000 µg/L  
 Cadmium..... 1-20 µg/L  
 Chromium..... 5-100 µg/L  
 Cobalt..... 2-50 µg/L  
 Copper..... 200-5000 µg/L  
 Iron..... 25-500 µg/L  
 Lead..... 1-25 µg/L  
 Lithium..... 50-1000 µg/L  
 Manganese..... 5-100 µg/L  
 Molybdenum..... 5-100 µg/L  
 Nickel..... 1-25 µg/L  
 Selenium..... 1-12 µg/L  
 Silver..... 10-200 µg/L  
 Strontium..... 50-1000 µg/L  
 Thallium..... 2-50 µg/L  
 Tin..... 100-2000 µg/L  
 Vanadium..... 2-50 µg/L  
 Zinc..... 100-2000 µg/L

CRM  
Cat. #1244

One 15 mL screw-cap vial spiking concentrate and one 24 mL screw-cap vial matrix concentrate yields up to 2 liters of sample.

Aluminum..... 200-4000 µg/L  
 Antimony..... 95-900 µg/L  
 Arsenic..... 70-900 µg/L  
 Barium..... 100-2500 µg/L  
 Beryllium..... 8-900 µg/L  
 Boron..... 800-2000 µg/L  
 Cadmium..... 8-750 µg/L  
 Chromium, total..... 17-1000 µg/L  
 Cobalt..... 28-1000 µg/L  
 Copper..... 40-900 µg/L  
 Iron..... 200-4000 µg/L  
 Lead..... 70-3000 µg/L  
 Manganese..... 70-4000 µg/L  
 Molybdenum..... 60-600 µg/L  
 Nickel..... 80-3000 µg/L  
 Selenium..... 90-2000 µg/L  
 Silver..... 26-600 µg/L  
 Strontium..... 30-300 µg/L  
 Thallium..... 60-900 µg/L  
 Vanadium..... 55-2000 µg/L  
 Zinc..... 100-2000 µg/L

The Industry Standard  
for over 40 years

CRM - Certified Reference Material



## Nutrients

### Complex Nutrients in Hard Water

CRM  
Cat. #1241

One 15 mL screw-cap vial spiking concentrate yields up to 2 liters of sample.

|                              |            |
|------------------------------|------------|
| Total Kjeldahl nitrogen..... | 0.5–5 mg/L |
| Total nitrogen.....          | 1–20 mg/L  |
| Total phosphorus.....        | 0.5–5 mg/L |

### Simple Nutrients

CRM  
Cat. #1240

Two 15 mL screw-cap vials yields up to 2 liters of sample.

|                                      |             |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| Ammonia (N).....                     | 1–20 mg/L   |
| Nitrate (NO <sub>3</sub> ).....      | 0.5–10 mg/L |
| Nitrite (NO <sub>2</sub> ).....      | 0.5–5 mg/L  |
| Total oxidised nitrogen.....         | 1–15 mg/L   |
| Soluble reactive phosphorus (P)..... | 0.5–5 mg/L  |

### Simple Nutrients in Hard Water

CRM  
Cat. #1348

Two 15 mL screw-cap vial spiking concentrates and one 24 mL screw-cap vial matrix concentrate yields up to 2 liters of sample.

|                                      |            |
|--------------------------------------|------------|
| Ammonium (NH <sub>4</sub> ).....     | 0.1–1 mg/L |
| Nitrate (NO <sub>3</sub> ).....      | 3–60 mg/L  |
| Nitrite (NO <sub>2</sub> ).....      | 0.1–1 mg/L |
| Soluble reactive phosphorus (P)..... | 0.5–5 mg/L |
| Total oxidised nitrogen (TON).....   | 3–60 mg/L  |

### Simple Nutrients in Soft Water

CRM  
Cat. #1349

Two 15 mL screw-cap vial spiking concentrates and one 24 mL screw-cap vial matrix concentrate yields up to 2 liters of sample.

|                                      |            |
|--------------------------------------|------------|
| Ammonium (NH <sub>4</sub> ).....     | 0.1–1 mg/L |
| Nitrate (NO <sub>3</sub> ).....      | 3–60 mg/L  |
| Nitrite (NO <sub>2</sub> ).....      | 0.1–1 mg/L |
| Soluble reactive phosphorus (P)..... | 0.5–5 mg/L |
| Total oxidised nitrogen (TON).....   | 3–60 mg/L  |

## Organics

### Organochlorine Pesticides

RM\*  
Cat. #1374

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule spiking concentrate and one 24 mL screw-cap vial matrix concentrate yields up to 2 liters of sample to be analyzed for the compounds listed below at 10–150 ng/L (aldrin, dieldrin, heptachlor, and heptachlor epoxide at 2–40 ng/L).

|                     |               |                    |
|---------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| Aldrin              | 4,4'-DDE      | Heptachlor epoxide |
| alpha-BHC           | 4,4'-DDT      | Hexachlorobenzene  |
| beta-BHC            | Dieldrin      | Pentachlorobenzene |
| delta-BHC           | Endosulfan I  | Trifluralin        |
| gamma-BHC (Lindane) | Endosulfan II |                    |
| 2,4'-DDT            | Endrin        |                    |
| 4,4'-DDD            | Heptachlor    |                    |

RM\*  
Cat. #1253

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule spiking concentrate and one 24 mL screw-cap vial matrix concentrate yields up to 2 liters of sample to be analyzed for the compounds listed below at 100–2000 ng/L.

|                     |                    |                           |
|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| Aldrin              | 4,4'-DDD           | Endrin                    |
| alpha-BHC           | 4,4'-DDE           | Endrin aldehyde           |
| beta-BHC            | 4,4'-DDT           | Endrin ketone             |
| delta-BHC           | Dieldrin           | Heptachlor                |
| gamma-BHC (Lindane) | Endosulfan I       | Heptachlor epoxide (beta) |
| alpha-Chlordane     | Endosulfan II      | Methoxychlor              |
| gamma-Chlordane     | Endosulfan sulfate | Pentachlorobenzene        |

### Organophosphorus Pesticides

RM\*  
Cat. #1256

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule spiking concentrate and one 24 mL screw-cap vial matrix concentrate yields up to 2 liters of sample to be analyzed for the compounds listed below at 100–1500 ng/L.

|                 |              |                  |
|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Azinphos-ethyl  | Diazinon     | Mevinphos        |
| Azinphos-methyl | Dichlorvos   | Parathion-ethyl  |
| Chlorfenvinphos | Fenitrothion | Parathion-methyl |
| Chlorpyrifos    | Fenthion     |                  |
| Cypermethrin    | Malathion    |                  |

\* Reference Material (RM)

**Curtis Wood**  
Senior Account Manager  
Years with Waters ERA: 24



**Jennifer Watson**  
Customer Service Representative  
Years with Waters ERA: 7



## Organics (continued)

## PAHs

CRM  
Cat. #1254

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule spiking concentrate and one 24 mL screw-cap vial matrix concentrate yields up to 2 liters of sample to be analyzed for the compounds listed below at 10–250 ng/L.

|                      |                       |                        |
|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Acenaphthene         | Benzo(g,h,i)perylene  | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene |
| Acenaphthylene       | Benzo(a)pyrene        | Naphthalene            |
| Anthracene           | Chrysene              | Phenanthrene           |
| Benzo(a)anthracene   | Dibenz(a,h)anthracene | Pyrene                 |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | Fluoranthene          |                        |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene | Fluorene              |                        |

## PCB Congeners

RM\*  
Cat. #1373

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule spiking concentrate and one 24 mL screw-cap vial matrix concentrate yields up to 2 liters of sample to be analyzed for the compounds listed below at 5–100 ng/L.

|         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|
| PCB 28  | PCB 118 | PCB 153 |
| PCB 52  | PCB 138 | PCB 180 |
| PCB 101 |         |         |

RM\*  
Cat. #1255

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule spiking concentrate and one 24 mL screw-cap vial matrix concentrate yields up to 2 liters of sample to be analyzed for the compounds listed below at 100–1500 ng/L.

|         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|
| PCB 28  | PCB 118 | PCB 180 |
| PCB 52  | PCB 138 |         |
| PCB 101 | PCB 153 |         |

## Semivolatiles

RM\*  
Cat. #1372

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule spiking concentrate and one 24 mL screw-cap vial matrix concentrate yields up to 2 liters of sample to be analyzed for the compounds listed below at 2–50 ng/L (benzo(a)pyrene at 1–12 ng/L).

|                      |                            |                        |
|----------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| Acenaphthene         | Chrysene                   | Fluorene               |
| Acenaphthylene       | Dibenz(a,h)anthracene      | Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene |
| Anthracene           | Di-n-butyl phthalate       | Naphthalene            |
| Benzo(a)anthracene   | Diethyl phthalate          | Phenanthrene           |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | Dimethyl phthalate         | Pyrene                 |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene | Di-n-octyl phthalate       |                        |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)adipate   |                        |
| Benzo(a)pyrene       | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate |                        |
| Butylbenzylphthalate | Fluoranthene               |                        |

\* Reference Material (RM)

## Triazines, Urons, and Acid Herbicides

RM\*  
Cat. #1375

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule spiking concentrate and one 24 mL screw-cap vial matrix concentrate yields up to 2 liters of sample to be analyzed for the compounds listed below at 10–150 ng/L.

|              |             |           |
|--------------|-------------|-----------|
| 2,4-D        | Diuron      | MCPB      |
| AMPA         | Glyphosate  | MCPD      |
| Atrazine     | Isoproturon | Propazine |
| Bentazon     | Linuron     | Simazine  |
| Chlortoluron | MCPA        |           |

CRM  
Cat. #1257

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule spiking concentrate and one 24 mL screw-cap vial matrix concentrate yields up to 2 liters of sample to be analyzed for the compounds listed below at 100–1200 ng/L.

|              |             |           |
|--------------|-------------|-----------|
| 2,4-D        | Diuron      | MCPB      |
| AMPA         | Glyphosate  | MCPD      |
| Atrazine     | Isoproturon | Propazine |
| Bentazon     | Linuron     | Simazine  |
| Chlortoluron | MCPA        |           |

## Trihalomethanes

CRM  
Cat. #1371

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule spiking concentrate and one 24 mL screw-cap vial matrix concentrate yields up to 2 liters of sample to be analyzed for the compounds listed below at 10–100 µg/L.

|                      |                      |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| Bromodichloromethane | Chlorodibromomethane |
| Bromoform            | Chloroform           |

## Volatiles

CRM  
Cat. #1370

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule spiking concentrate and one 24 mL screw-cap vial matrix concentrate yields up to 2 liters of sample to be analyzed for the compounds listed below at 0.1–50 µg/L.

|                            |                        |                |
|----------------------------|------------------------|----------------|
| Benzene                    | Ethylbenzene           | o-Xylene       |
| Carbon tetrachloride       | Methylene chloride     | m-Xylene       |
| Chlorobenzene              | Styrene                | p-Xylene       |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene        | Tetrachloroethene      | m+p-Xylene     |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene        | Toluene                | Xylenes, total |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane         | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene |                |
| 1,1-Dichloroethylene       | 1,1,1-Trichloroethane  |                |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene   | 1,1,2-Trichloroethane  |                |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene | Trichloroethene        |                |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane        | Vinyl chloride         |                |

\* Reference Material (RM)

CRM – Certified Reference Material  
RM – Reference Material



# CUSTOM STANDARDS

Standards manufactured to unique specifications available with a range of analytes, concentrations, and matrices.



# Experience. Speed. Reliability.

Did you know that our chemists have prepared more than 20,000 unique custom standards?

Custom projects cover a range of analytes, concentrations, and matrices. Whether it is one standard or one hundred, our chemists regularly prepare standards for a range of needs and situations including managed methodology studies, project or site-specific matrices, project or sample-specific limits, and ultra-trace to percent level concentrations.

Examples of custom standards prepared:

- 10,000 mg/kg total organic carbon in soil
- Organic mercury in fish tissue
- Pesticides in freeze-dried spinach
- XRF metals in soil
- Speciated metal standards
- Organometallic standards

## Certification of Custom Standards

Three options for certification of custom standards:

- Gravimetric/volumetric
- Analytical
- ISO Guide 34 certified reference materials\*

*\*Option is based on Waters ERA's  
ISO Guide 34 scope of accreditation.*

## From Simple to Complex and Everything in Between

A custom standard containing any analyte from the following programs can be supplied:

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| ■ Clean Water Act (CWA)                         | ■ Standards Council of Canada (SCC)   |
| ■ Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)                | ■ Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation (CALA)                                      |
| ■ Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) | ■ Ontario Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change (MOECC) Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) |
| ■ Superfund Contract Laboratory Program (CLP)   |   |

To request a custom quotation, please visit us online at  
**[www.eraqc.com/Resources/OrderForms](http://www.eraqc.com/Resources/OrderForms)**

# Custom Standards

## Performance Evaluation With Double-Blind Project

Gain a level of confidence with tangible evidence that your laboratory is meeting all quality objectives through a double-blind performance evaluation.

The key to evaluating the real performance of your laboratory is in finding the proper blend of realistic sample designs and accurate, stable analyte concentrations.

Here is how a performance evaluation program works:

1. Specify the matrices, analytes, and concentrations. If a stock standard is not available, we can design and prepare custom PE standards.
2. Send us your empty sample bottles, labels, chain-of-custody forms, and sample coolers.
3. We prepare, dilute (if necessary), and preserve the standards; fill your sample bottles; and, return the samples to you via overnight delivery service. You'll receive Waters ERA's certified values and performance acceptance limits (PALs) under separate sealed cover.

4. Integrate the standards into your sampling event or introduce them into your lab's routine sample load.
5. Your lab analyzes the blind PE standards along with routine samples.
6. Compare your lab's results to Waters ERA's certified values and performance acceptance limits.

We can help you design a double-blind project that matches your project-specific needs. Speak with a Waters ERA representative today to begin the process of understanding the real performance of your laboratory.

**Kara Wannamaker**  
North America Sales Manager  
Years with Waters ERA: 12



**Matt Graves**  
Organic Chemist  
Years with Waters ERA: 17



# CUSTOM STANDARD QUOTATION REQUEST FORM



A Waters Company

|                        |          |      |
|------------------------|----------|------|
| Contact Name:          | Date:    |      |
| Waters ERA Customer #: | Phone:   | Fax: |
| Company Name:          | Email:   |      |
| Bill to:               | Ship to: |      |
|                        |          |      |
|                        |          |      |
|                        |          |      |

☐ (shipping address is the same as billing address)

Date Needed:

Additional/Special Requirements (packaging, shipping, etc.):

|    | Analytes | CAS # | Concentrations | Units |
|----|----------|-------|----------------|-------|
| 1  |          |       |                |       |
| 2  |          |       |                |       |
| 3  |          |       |                |       |
| 4  |          |       |                |       |
| 5  |          |       |                |       |
| 6  |          |       |                |       |
| 7  |          |       |                |       |
| 8  |          |       |                |       |
| 9  |          |       |                |       |
| 10 |          |       |                |       |

Sample Description (for label):

Matrix/Solvent:

Preservative:

Mass/Volume per Container:

Number of Containers:

Intended Use (calibration, QC, etc.):

Prep/Analytical Method:

Select:    Ready-to-use ☐    Concentrate ☐    Dilution Instructions:

Most custom standards are gravimetrically certified based on the manufacturing process.

Analytical verification may be available for your custom standard, depending upon the standard formulation. Contact Waters ERA to discuss pricing and availability.

- A Waters ERA representative will contact you within one business day to discuss your request.
- Waters ERA provides blind standards to help you evaluate your laboratory's performance. Call and speak with an ERA representative to learn more.

Email this form to [info@eraqc.com](mailto:info@eraqc.com) or fax to 303.421.0159.

For immediate assistance with a customs quote, call Waters ERA at 800.372.0122 or 303.431.8454 and speak with a Waters ERA Customer Service Representative.

C0005 Jan 2018



# CALIBRATION STANDARDS



A variety of inorganic standards including metals, anions, pH, and other common inorganics that can be used for primary calibration or to prepare second source calibration standards.

# Contents

**CRM:** A Certified Reference Material (CRM) is a standard with known concentrations or assigned values of specified analytes. The standard has a known uncertainty, homogeneity, and stability and assigned values of the analytes are traceable to an independent reference. A CRM is accompanied by an authenticated certificate of analysis.

**PT:** A Proficiency Test (PT) is an analysis of what is often referred to as a blind sample or a sample with unknown concentrations of analytes for the purpose of evaluating a laboratory's analytical performance.

**QR:** Similar to a Proficiency Test, a QuiK Response (QR) is a sample with unknown concentrations. However, unlike a scheduled PT, QR is on-demand and available at any time. Plus, your results are returned within two business days. QuiK Response can be used as a bilateral PT as referenced in the IUPAC/CITAC guide: Selection and use of PT schemes for a limited number of participants – chemical analytical labs.

**RM:** A Reference Material is a material sufficiently homogeneous and stable with reference to specified properties, which has been established to be fit for its intended use.

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# 1000 mg/L Standards

Standards can be used for primary calibration or to prepare second source calibration check standards. They are traceable to NIST Standard Reference Materials, where available, and are guaranteed stable for one year. The certification documentation includes manufacturing uncertainties, traceability summaries and densities to aid in performing gravimetric dilutions. The documentation for metal standards includes impurities.

## Inorganics – 1000 mg/L

### Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)

500 mL Bottle  
Cat. #974

125 mL Bottle  
Cat. #042

One 1000 mg/L standard preserved with H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> in an amber glass bottle.

### Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)

500 mL Bottle  
Cat. #996

125 mL Bottle  
Cat. #043

One 1000 mg/L standard preserved with HCl in a poly bottle.

### MBAS/LAS Surfactants

Cat. #975

One 15 mL screw-cap vial with LAS at 1000 mg/L preserved with H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>.

### Total Organic Carbon (TOC)

Cat. #978

One 500 mL amber glass bottles with TOC at 1000 mg/L preserved with H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>.

### Total Organic Halides (TOX)

Cat. #976

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule with TOX at 1000 mg/L in methanol.

### Phenol

Cat. #982

One 500 mL amber glass bottle with phenol at 1000 mg/L preserved with H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>.

### Sulfide

Cat. #999

One 10 mL flame-sealed ampule containing 1000 mg/L sulfide preserved with NaOH and zinc acetate.

## Ions – 1000 mg/L

| Parameter                    | Matrix           | 500 mL Bottle | 125 mL Bottle |
|------------------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Acetate                      | H <sub>2</sub> O | —             | Cat. #78202   |
| Ammonia as NH <sub>3</sub>   | H <sub>2</sub> O | Cat. #986     | Cat. #044     |
| Ammonia as N                 | H <sub>2</sub> O | Cat. #985     | Cat. #045     |
| Bromate                      | H <sub>2</sub> O | —             | Cat. #065     |
| Bromide                      | H <sub>2</sub> O | Cat. #987     | Cat. #046     |
| Chlorate                     | H <sub>2</sub> O | —             | Cat. #066     |
| Chloride                     | H <sub>2</sub> O | Cat. #988     | Cat. #047     |
| Chlorite                     | H <sub>2</sub> O | —             | Cat. #067     |
| Complex cyanide*             | NaOH             | Cat. #998     | Cat. #049     |
| Cyanide (free)               | NaOH             | Cat. #997     | Cat. #048     |
| Fluoride                     | H <sub>2</sub> O | Cat. #989     | Cat. #050     |
| Iodide                       | H <sub>2</sub> O | —             | Cat. #78212   |
| Nitrate as NO <sub>3</sub>   | H <sub>2</sub> O | Cat. #992     | Cat. #051     |
| Nitrate as N                 | H <sub>2</sub> O | Cat. #991     | Cat. #052     |
| Nitrite as N                 | H <sub>2</sub> O | Cat. #990     | Cat. #053     |
| Perchlorate                  | H <sub>2</sub> O | —             | Cat. #068     |
| Phosphate as PO <sub>4</sub> | H <sub>2</sub> O | Cat. #994     | Cat. #060     |
| Phosphate as P               | H <sub>2</sub> O | Cat. #993     | Cat. #061     |
| Sulfate                      | H <sub>2</sub> O | Cat. #995     | Cat. #062     |

\*Dangerous good. Requires special shipping.

## Cations by Ion Chromatography – 100 mg/L

| Parameter                   | Matrix           | 125 mL Bottle |
|-----------------------------|------------------|---------------|
| Ammonium as NH <sub>4</sub> | H <sub>2</sub> O | Cat. #78102   |
| Ammonium as N               | H <sub>2</sub> O | Cat. #78104   |

## Cations by Ion Chromatography – 1000 mg/L

| Parameter | Matrix           | 125 mL Bottle |
|-----------|------------------|---------------|
| Calcium   | H <sub>2</sub> O | Cat. #K10     |
| Magnesium | H <sub>2</sub> O | Cat. #K11     |



# Metals – 1000 mg/L

| Parameter   | Matrix           |    | 125 mL Bottle |
|-------------|------------------|----|---------------|
| Aluminum*   | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #011     |
| Arsenic*    | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #013     |
| Beryllium*  | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #015     |
| Bismuth*    | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #K01     |
| Calcium*    | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #018     |
| Chromium*   | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #020     |
| Chromium VI | H <sub>2</sub> O | —  | Cat. #019     |
| Cobalt*     | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #021     |
| Copper*     | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #022     |
| Iron*       | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #023     |
| Lead*       | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #024     |
| Lithium*    | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #K04     |
| Magnesium*  | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #025     |
| Manganese*  | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #026     |
| Mercury*    | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #027     |
| Molybdenum* | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #028     |
| Nickel*     | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #029     |
| Phosphorus* | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #063     |
| Potassium*  | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #030     |
| Selenium*   | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #031     |
| Silica      | H <sub>2</sub> O | —  | Cat. #064     |
| Silicon*    | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #032     |
| Silver*     | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #033     |
| Sodium*     | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #034     |
| Strontium*  | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #035     |
| Thallium*   | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #036     |
| Tin*        | HCl              | DG | Cat. #037     |
| Titanium*   | HCl              | DG | Cat. #038     |
| Vanadium*   | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #039     |
| Yttrium*    | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #K08     |
| Zinc*       | HNO <sub>3</sub> | DG | Cat. #040     |

\* Other metals, concentrations, and volumes are also available.  
Call Waters ERA customer service for more information.

DG – Dangerous good. Requires special shipping.

The Industry Standard  
for over 40 years

## ICP-MS Metals

These standards come with a Certificate of Traceability and Uncertainty. Use for initial as well as continuing calibration and tuning verification. Provided as convenient concentrates with densities allowing you to easily perform gravimetric dilutions.

### ICP-MS Trace Metals

#### CRM

Cat. #TMS001\*\*

One 125 mL screw-cap poly bottle preserved with HNO<sub>3</sub> and tartaric acid\*

|                |           |                 |           |
|----------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|
| Aluminum.....  | 10.0 mg/L | Manganese.....  | 10.0 mg/L |
| Antimony.....  | 10.0 mg/L | Molybdenum..... | 10.0 mg/L |
| Arsenic.....   | 10.0 mg/L | Nickel.....     | 10.0 mg/L |
| Barium.....    | 10.0 mg/L | Selenium.....   | 10.0 mg/L |
| Beryllium..... | 10.0 mg/L | Silver.....     | 10.0 mg/L |
| Cadmium.....   | 10.0 mg/L | Thallium.....   | 10.0 mg/L |
| Chromium.....  | 10.0 mg/L | Thorium.....    | 10.0 mg/L |
| Cobalt.....    | 10.0 mg/L | Uranium.....    | 10.0 mg/L |
| Copper.....    | 10.0 mg/L | Vanadium.....   | 10.0 mg/L |
| Iron.....      | 10.0 mg/L | Zinc.....       | 10.0 mg/L |
| Lead.....      | 10.0 mg/L |                 |           |

\*\*Dangerous good. Requires special shipping.

### ICP-MS Major Cations

#### CRM

Cat. #TMS002\*\*

One 125 mL screw-cap poly bottle preserved with HNO<sub>3</sub>\*

|                |           |                |           |
|----------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|
| Calcium.....   | 50.0 mg/L | Potassium..... | 50.0 mg/L |
| Magnesium..... | 50.0 mg/L | Sodium.....    | 50.0 mg/L |

\*\*Dangerous good. Requires special shipping.

## Anions

### Ion Chromatography

#### CRM

Cat. #981

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 200 mL after dilution. Designed to calibrate or verify IC calibrations.

Call for anion standards at lower levels.

|               |             |                     |             |
|---------------|-------------|---------------------|-------------|
| Bromide.....  | 0.2–20 mg/L | Nitrate as N.....   | 0.2–20 mg/L |
| Chloride..... | 0.2–20 mg/L | Phosphate as P..... | 0.5–30 mg/L |
| Fluoride..... | 0.1–10 mg/L | Sulfate.....        | 0.5–30 mg/L |

## AA/ICP Metals

All metals standards come with a Certificate of Traceability. The ICP Trace Metals standard also includes uncertainties. Use as initial as well as continuing calibration verification.

### Flame AA Trace Metals

**CRM**  
Cat. #508

One 24 mL screw-cap vial, preserved with  $\text{HNO}_3$ , yields up to 500 mL after dilution. Designed for flame AA. Includes aluminum, antimony, arsenic, barium, beryllium, boron, cadmium, chromium, cobalt, copper, iron, lead, manganese, molybdenum, nickel, selenium, silver, strontium, thallium, vanadium, and zinc. Provided with a certificate of NIST traceability\*.

### Flame AA Cations

**CRM**  
Cat. #530

One 15 mL screw-cap vial, preserved with  $\text{HNO}_3$ , yields up to 250 mL after dilution.

Use with ICP, IC, and AA methods.

|                |             |
|----------------|-------------|
| Calcium.....   | 10–200 mg/L |
| Magnesium..... | 10–200 mg/L |
| Potassium..... | 5–100 mg/L  |
| Sodium.....    | 10–250 mg/L |

### ICP Trace Metals

**CRM**  
Cat. #524\*

One 500 mL whole-volume standard, preserved with  $\text{HNO}_3$  and  $\text{HCl}$ , is ready-to-use\*.

|                 |           |
|-----------------|-----------|
| Aluminum.....   | 10.0 mg/L |
| Antimony.....   | 1.0 mg/L  |
| Arsenic.....    | 1.0 mg/L  |
| Barium.....     | 1.0 mg/L  |
| Beryllium.....  | 1.0 mg/L  |
| Bismuth.....    | 1.0 mg/L  |
| Boron.....      | 1.0 mg/L  |
| Cadmium.....    | 1.0 mg/L  |
| Calcium.....    | 10.0 mg/L |
| Chromium.....   | 1.0 mg/L  |
| Cobalt.....     | 1.0 mg/L  |
| Copper.....     | 1.0 mg/L  |
| Iron.....       | 10.0 mg/L |
| Lanthanum.....  | 10.0 mg/L |
| Lead.....       | 10.0 mg/L |
| Magnesium.....  | 10.0 mg/L |
| Manganese.....  | 1.0 mg/L  |
| Molybdenum..... | 1.0 mg/L  |
| Nickel.....     | 1.0 mg/L  |
| Phosphorus..... | 1.0 mg/L  |
| Potassium.....  | 10.0 mg/L |
| Selenium.....   | 10.0 mg/L |
| Sodium.....     | 10.0 mg/L |
| Strontium.....  | 1.0 mg/L  |
| Tin.....        | 1.0 mg/L  |
| Titanium.....   | 1.0 mg/L  |
| Vanadium.....   | 1.0 mg/L  |
| Zinc.....       | 1.0 mg/L  |

\*Dangerous good. Requires special shipping.

## pH Buffers

Our pH Buffers are directly traceable to NIST SRMs, mercury free, guaranteed stable for at least one year after your receipt, and are supplied with a full certificate of analysis. Choose single bottles or convenient six-bottle cases.

| Value         | Volume | Single Bottle | Case of 6 Bottles |
|---------------|--------|---------------|-------------------|
| pH 4.00       | 1 pint | Cat. #127     | Cat. #128         |
| pH 7.00       | 1 pint | Cat. #131     | Cat. #132         |
| pH 10.00      | 1 pint | Cat. #135     | Cat. #136         |
| Case of 2 ea. | Pints  |               | Cat. #141         |

**Eric Schmidt**  
Production Technician  
Years with Waters ERA: 24



**Tony Ciaccio**  
Chemist  
Years with Waters ERA: 20



# TIMING IS EVERYTHING

We understand that one of the biggest challenges you face in your laboratory is time. That's why we provide you with **final PT results in just two business days\*** – the fastest PT turnaround time in the industry.

- Gain peace of mind knowing that you passed your PT
- Identify the root cause of analysis problems faster
- Implement corrective actions sooner to improve the defensibility of results in less time

## When Time Is Not On Your Side

A critical evaluation is just that – critical. Sometimes you need to quickly demonstrate corrective action or confirm a new method, meaning you can't wait for a regular, scheduled PT. QuiK Response™ PTs are on-demand Proficiency Tests that return final results in just two business days of data entry.

Ask your Waters ERA representative or an authorized sales partner about QuiK Response PTs.





# REAGENTS

Reagents for environmental  
and industrial analysis.



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# Reagents

Industrial reagents with tolerances of +/- 0.5%, and will hold the certified value lot-to-lot within 0.5%. Our reagents are shipped with a certificate of analysis and are homogeneous at a 95% confidence interval.

## EDTA

|                  |               |
|------------------|---------------|
| 0.01 M, 1 Gallon | Cat. #183160  |
| 0.02 M, 1 Gallon | Cat. #183212  |
| 0.1 M, 1 Liter   | Cat. #183118  |
| 0.1 M, 1 Gallon  | Cat. #183120* |
| 0.1 M, 5 Gallon  | Cat. #187525* |

## Hydrochloric Acid

|                        |    |               |
|------------------------|----|---------------|
| 0.01 N, 1 Liter        | DG | Cat. #183026  |
| 0.01 N, 1 Gallon       | DG | Cat. #183028* |
| 0.01 N, 5 Gallon       | DG | Cat. #187503* |
| 0.1 N, 1 Liter         | DG | Cat. #183030  |
| 0.1 N, 1 Liter, In IPA | DG | Cat. #184001  |
| 0.1 N, 2.5 Liter       | DG | Cat. #183010* |
| 0.1 N, 1 Gallon        | DG | Cat. #183032  |
| 0.1 N, 5 Gallon        | DG | Cat. #187506  |
| 0.25 N, 1 Liter        | DG | Cat. #183034* |
| 0.25 N, 1 Gallon       | DG | Cat. #183036* |
| 0.25 N, 5 Gallon       | DG | Cat. #187507* |
| 0.5 N, 1 Liter         | DG | Cat. #183038* |
| 0.5 N, 1 Gallon        | DG | Cat. #183040  |
| 0.5 N, 5 Gallon        | DG | Cat. #187508  |
| 0.65 N, 5 Gallon       | DG | Cat. #183016  |
| 1.0 N, 1 Liter         | DG | Cat. #183042  |
| 1.0 N, 1 Gallon        | DG | Cat. #183044  |
| 1.0 N, 5 Gallon        | DG | Cat. #187510* |

DG – Dangerous good. Requires special shipping.



## pH

|  |               |
|--|---------------|
| pH 2 Buffer, No Color (1 Pint)                 | Cat. #183004  |
| pH 2 Buffer, No Color (1 Liter)                | Cat. #183184  |
| pH 2 Buffer, No Color (1 Gallon)               | Cat. #187027  |
| pH 2 Buffer, No Color (5 Gallon)               | Cat. #183186* |
| pH 4 Buffer, No Color (1 Pint)                 | Cat. #183005  |
| pH 4 Buffer, No Color (1 Liter)                | Cat. #183180  |
| pH 4 Buffer, No Color (1 Gallon)               | Cat. #183181* |
| pH 4 Buffer, No Color (5 Gallon)               | Cat. #183182  |
| pH 6 Concentrated Buffer, No Color (2.5 Liter) | Cat. #183012  |
| pH 7 Buffer, No Color (1 Pint)                 | Cat. #183006  |
| pH 7 Buffer, No Color (1 Liter)                | Cat. #183187  |
| pH 7 Concentrated Buffer, No Color (2.5 Liter) | Cat. #183013  |
| pH 7 Buffer, No Color (1 Gallon)               | Cat. #183188* |
| pH 7 Buffer, No Color (5 Gallon)               | Cat. #183189  |
| pH 10 Buffer, No Color (1 Pint)                | Cat. #183007  |
| pH 10 Buffer, No Color (1 Liter)               | Cat. #183190  |
| pH 10 Buffer, No Color (1 Gallon)              | Cat. #183191* |
| pH 10 Buffer, No Color (5 Gallon)              | Cat. #183192  |
| pH 4 Buffer, Red (1 Gallon)                    | Cat. #187026  |
| pH 4 Buffer, Red (5 Gallon)                    | Cat. #183217  |
| pH 7 Buffer, Yellow (1 Gallon)                 | Cat. #187028  |
| pH 7 Buffer, Yellow (5 Gallon)                 | Cat. #183218  |
| pH 10 Buffer, Blue (1 Gallon)                  | Cat. #187029  |
| pH 10 Buffer, Blue (5 Gallon)                  | Cat. #183219  |

## Potassium Hydroxide

|                         |    |               |
|-------------------------|----|---------------|
| 0.01 N, 1 Liter         | DG | Cat. #183090  |
| 0.01 N, 1 Gallon        | DG | Cat. #183092  |
| 0.01 N, 5 Gallon        | DG | Cat. #187521* |
| 0.1 N, 1 Liter          | DG | Cat. #183094  |
| In IPA, 0.1 N, 1 Gallon | DG | Cat. #183211* |
| 0.1 N, 1 Gallon         | DG | Cat. #183096* |
| 0.1 N, 5 Gallon         | DG | Cat. #187522  |
| 0.25 N, 1 Liter         | DG | Cat. #183098* |
| 0.25 N, 1 Gallon        | DG | Cat. #183100* |
| 0.25 N, 5 Gallon        | DG | Cat. #187523* |
| 0.5 N, 1 Liter          | DG | Cat. #183102* |
| 0.5 N, 1 Gallon         | DG | Cat. #183104* |
| 0.5 N, 5 Gallon         | DG | Cat. #187524* |

DG – Dangerous good. Requires special shipping.

\* This item is a custom order product. Please contact us for ordering details.



**Silver Nitrate**

|                  |    |               |
|------------------|----|---------------|
| 0.1 N, 1 Liter   | DG | Cat. #183110* |
| 0.1 N, 1 Gallon  | DG | Cat. #183112* |
| 0.25 N, 1 Liter  | DG | Cat. #183114* |
| 0.25 N, 1 Gallon | DG | Cat. #183116* |

**Sodium Hydroxide**

|                  |    |               |
|------------------|----|---------------|
| 0.01 N, 1 Liter  | DG | Cat. #183070  |
| 0.01 N, 1 Gallon | DG | Cat. #183072* |
| 0.01 N, 5 Gallon | DG | Cat. #187516* |
| 0.1 N, 1 Liter   | DG | Cat. #183074  |
| 0.1 N, 1 Gallon  | DG | Cat. #183076  |
| 0.1 N, 5 Gallon  | DG | Cat. #187517  |
| 0.25 N, 1 Liter  | DG | Cat. #183078* |
| 0.25 N, 1 Gallon | DG | Cat. #183080* |
| 0.25 N, 5 Gallon | DG | Cat. #187518  |
| 0.5 N, 1 Gallon  | DG | Cat. #183082* |
| 0.5 N, 5 Gallon  | DG | Cat. #187519  |
| 1.0 N, 1 Liter   | DG | Cat. #183086  |
| 1.0 N, 1 Gallon  | DG | Cat. #183088* |
| 1.0 N, 5 Gallon  | DG | Cat. #183156* |

DG – Dangerous good. Requires special shipping.

**Sodium Thiosulfate**

|                    |               |
|--------------------|---------------|
| 0.0394 N, 1 Gallon | Cat. #182002  |
| 0.0394 N, 5 Gallon | Cat. #182003  |
| 0.1 N, 1 Liter     | Cat. #183126  |
| 0.1 N, 1 Gallon    | Cat. #183128  |
| 0.25 N, 1 Liter    | Cat. #183130  |
| 0.25 N, 1 Gallon   | Cat. #183132* |

**Sulfuric Acid**

|                  |    |               |
|------------------|----|---------------|
| 0.01 N, 1 Liter  | DG | Cat. #183048  |
| 0.01 N, 1 Gallon | DG | Cat. #183049* |
| 0.02 N, 1 Liter  | DG | Cat. #183050  |
| 0.02 N, 1 Gallon | DG | Cat. #183052  |
| 0.02 N, 5 Gallon | DG | Cat. #187511  |
| 0.05 N, 1 Liter  | DG | Cat. #183003* |
| 0.1 N, 1 Liter   | DG | Cat. #183054  |
| 0.1 N, 1 Gallon  | DG | Cat. #183056* |
| 0.1 N, 5 Gallon  | DG | Cat. #187512* |
| 0.2 N, 1 Liter   | DG | Cat. #183058* |
| 0.2 N, 1 Gallon  | DG | Cat. #183060* |
| 0.2 N, 5 Gallon  | DG | Cat. #187514* |
| 0.5 N, 1 Liter   | DG | Cat. #183062* |
| 0.5 N, 1 Gallon  | DG | Cat. #183064* |
| 1.0 N, 1 Liter   | DG | Cat. #183066  |
| 1.0 N, 1 Gallon  | DG | Cat. #183068* |
| 1.0 N, 5 Gallon  | DG | Cat. #187515  |

**Miscellaneous**

|  |    |               |
|--|----|---------------|
| KOH 5 M, KCN 1 M, 5 Gallon                 | —  | Cat. #183213  |
| Manganese Standard, 40 g/L, 1 Liter        | DG | Cat. #183008  |
| Manganese Standard, 55 g/L, 1 Liter        | DG | Cat. #183009  |
| TISAB, Fluoride Buffer, 1 Gallon           | —  | Cat. #183162  |
| Barium Perchlorate, 0.1 N, 1 Liter         | —  | Cat. #183017  |
| Potassium Dichromate, 0.1 N, 1 Liter       | DG | Cat. #183221  |
| Potassium Permanganate, 0.1 N, 2.5 liter   | DG | Cat. #183001  |
| Ferrous Ammonium Sulfate, 0.25 N, 1 Gallon | DG | Cat. #183011  |
| Phenolphthalein, 0.5%, 1 Pint              | DG | Cat. #183168* |
| Sodium Carbonate, 1.0 N, 1 Liter           | —  | Cat. #183172  |
| Sodium Carbonate, 25 g/L, 10 Liter         | —  | Cat. #183002  |

DG – Dangerous good. Requires special shipping.

\* This item is a custom order product. Please contact us for ordering details.

**Matthew Seebeck**  
Quality Manager

Years with Waters ERA: 1



**Kathie Paulling**  
Project Coordinator -  
Customs, Reagents

Years with Waters ERA: 14



# PROCESS WATER

Products intended for use in industrial or municipal settings where water quality parameters are being monitored continuously (by in-line, on-line, or at-line instrumentation), or by frequent and routine collection of samples for laboratory analysis.

Products in this section include Certified Reference Materials (CRMs) for Turbidity, TOC, and conductivity for ultra-pure water analysis including pharmaceutical, power generation, and semiconductor manufacturing. We also offer reagents and other instrument consumables such as replacement lamps.



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# ANATEL TOC

All of our ANATEL Certified Reference Materials (CRMs) are prepared using carefully controlled processes that are scrutinized under Waters ERA's ISO Guide 34 accreditation. CRMs for the ANATEL PAT700 are formulated specifically for the unique technology inherent in that instrument and are packaged in ready-to-use RFID tagged bottles.

## ANATEL PAT700

### System Suitability

| Sets - USP / EP  | Cat. # | Availability            |
|--|--------|-------------------------|
| <b>USP Bulk Water System Suitability Set</b><br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 0.5 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 0.5 mg/L USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 60 mL bottles.<br><i>Replaces ANATEL FG7018402</i> | 18402  | Ships in 1 business day |

### Calibration

| Kits   | Cat. # | Availability            |
|--|--------|-------------------------|
| <b>Calibration Standards Kit</b><br>Includes (1) Blank, (1) 0.25 mg/L C NIST Sucrose, (1) 0.50 mg/L C NIST Sucrose, and (1) 0.75 mg/L C NIST Sucrose in 60 mL bottles.<br><i>Replaces ANATEL FG7019202</i> | 19202  | Ships in 1 business day |

### Conductivity

| Kits  | Cat. # | Availability            |
|---|--------|-------------------------|
| <b>Conductivity Solution Kit</b><br>Includes (1) 100 µS/cm Potassium Chloride (KCl) Solution in a 60 mL bottle.<br><i>Replaces ANATEL FG7002602</i> | 02602  | Ships in 1 business day |

### Validation

| Kits  | Cat. # | Availability             |
|---|--------|--------------------------|
| <b>Validation Control Kit</b><br>Includes (1) Blank, and (1) 0.50 mg/L C NIST Sucrose in 60 mL bottles.<br><i>Replaces ANATEL FG7019222</i>   | 19222  | Ships in 1 business day  |
| <b>Validation Protocol Reagent Kit</b><br>Includes (14) Blanks, (5) Conductivity Solutions, (1) Validation Control Kit, (2) Calibration Standards Kit, (1) System Suitability Set, (1) Excursion with Validation Kit, (1) 0.25 mg/L C NIST Sucrose, (1) 0.75 mg/L C NIST Sucrose, (1) USP Reagent Water Rw, (1) 0.50mg/L C USP 1,4-Benzoquinone, and (2) Excursion Bottles (all bottles are 60 mL).<br><u>Does not include NIST Traceable Resistor.</u><br><i>Replaces ANATEL FG7019232</i> | 19232  | Ships in 5 business days |

### Consumables

|   | Cat. # | Availability             |
|---|--------|--------------------------|
| Replacement UV Lamp   | 20037  | Ships in 1 business day  |
| 60 mL Pre-cleaned HDPE Bottles – Natural (case of 50)<br>Case of 50: 60 mL Low TOC HDPE bottles with septa cap and dust cover | 25056  |                          |
| Pre-Cleaned Caps w/Septa (100/pack)   | 25011  | Ships in 5 business days |

Individual Set/Kit components and/or bulk sizes may be available for the TOC and Conductivity standards. Please contact your Waters ERA sales representative if you have questions about any products that are not listed in this publication.

Waters ERA is making the most commonly requested products available within 24 hours of order receipt to consistently meet your product needs. Products that are less frequently requested will be shipped within 5 business days of order receipt. Please check your order confirmation for the specific ship date.

**Lisa Berry**  
 Manufacturing Manager  
 Years with Waters ERA: 26



The following CRMs are used for calibration and validation of the ANATEL A643 on-line TOC analyzer.

## ANATEL A643

### System Suitability

| Sets - USP / EP  | Cat. # | Availability            |
|--|--------|-------------------------|
| <b>USP Bulk Water System Suitability Set</b><br>Includes (2) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 0.5 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 0.5 mg/L USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 60 mL bottles.<br><i>Replaces ANATEL FG5017601</i> | 18400  | Ships in 1 business day |

### Calibration

| Kits  | Cat. # | Availability            |
|---|--------|-------------------------|
| <b>Calibration Standards Kit</b><br>Includes (2) Blanks, (1) 0.25 mg/L C NIST Sucrose, (1) 0.50 mg/L C NIST Sucrose, and (1) 0.75 mg/L C NIST Sucrose in 60 mL bottles.<br><i>Replaces ANATEL FG7017401</i> | 19200  | Ships in 1 business day |

### Conductivity

| Kits  | Cat. # | Availability            |
|---|--------|-------------------------|
| <b>Conductivity Solution Kit</b><br>Includes (1) 100 µS/cm Potassium Chloride (KCl) Solution in a 60 mL bottle.<br><i>Replaces ANATEL FG5010401</i> | 02610  | Ships in 1 business day |

### Validation

| Kits  | Cat. # | Availability             |
|---|--------|--------------------------|
| <b>Validation Control Kit</b><br>Includes (2) Blanks, and (1) 0.50 mg/L C NIST Sucrose in 60 mL bottles.<br><i>Replaces ANATEL FG5017501</i>  | 19220  | Ships in 1 business day  |
| <b>Validation Protocol Reagent Kit</b><br>Includes (10) Blanks, (3) 0.25 mg/L C NIST Sucrose, (5) 0.50 mg/L C NIST Sucrose, (3) 0.75 mg/L C NIST Sucrose, (1) 100 µS/cm Conductivity Solution Kit, and (4) USP System Suitability Sets (all bottles are 60 mL).<br><i>Replaces reference materials portion of ANATEL FG5017701. Does not include NIST Traceable Resistor.</i> | 19230  | Ships in 5 business days |
| <b>Validation Kit</b><br>Includes (2) Blanks, and (1) 0.25 mg/L C NIST Sucrose, (1) 0.50 mg/L C NIST Sucrose, (1) 0.750 mg/L C NIST Sucrose, (1) 100 µS/cm Conductivity Solution Kit, and (1) USP System Suitability Set in 60 mL bottles.  | 19210  | Ships in 5 business days |

### Consumables

|   | Cat. # | Availability            |
|---|--------|-------------------------|
| <b>Replacement UV Lamp</b><br><i>Replaces ANATEL FG6002601</i>  | 20036A | Ships in 1 business day |
| <b>60 mL Pre-cleaned HDPE Bottles – Natural (case of 50)</b><br>Case of 50: 60 mL Low TOC HDPE bottles with septa cap and dust cover. | 25056  | Ships in 1 business day |
| <b>Pre-Cleaned Caps w/Septa (100/pack)</b>  | 25011  | Ships in 1 business day |

Individual Set/Kit components and/or bulk sizes may be available for the TOC and Conductivity standards. Please contact your Waters ERA sales representative if you have questions about any products that are not listed in this publication.

Waters ERA is making the most commonly requested products available within 24 hours of order receipt to consistently meet your product needs. Products that are less frequently requested will be shipped within 5 business days of order receipt. Please check your order confirmation for the specific ship date.

# ANATEL TOC

## ANATEL TOC600

The following CRMs are used for calibration and validation of the ANATEL TOC600 TOC analyzer.

### System Suitability

| Sets - USP / EP   | Cat. # | Availability            |
|---|--------|-------------------------|
| USP/EP Bulk Water System Suitability Set<br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 0.5 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 0.5 mg/L USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 125 mL bottles.<br><i>Replaces ANATEL FG5018036</i> | 18036  | Ships in 1 business day |

### Calibration

| Kits   | Cat. # | Availability            |
|--|--------|-------------------------|
| Calibration Standards Kit<br>Includes (1) Blank, (1) 0.25 mg/L C NIST Sucrose, (1) 0.50 mg/L C NIST Sucrose, and (1) 0.75 mg/L C NIST Sucrose in 125 mL bottles.<br><i>Replaces ANATEL FG5019201</i> | 19201  | Ships in 1 business day |

### Conductivity

| Kits  | Cat. # | Availability            |
|---|--------|-------------------------|
| Conductivity Solution Kit<br>Includes (1) 100 µS/cm Potassium Chloride (KCl) Solution in a 125 mL bottle.<br><i>Replaces ANATEL FG5002601</i> | 02601  | Ships in 1 business day |

### Validation

| Kits  | Cat. # | Availability             |
|---|--------|--------------------------|
| Validation Control Kit<br>Includes (1) Blank, and (1) 0.50 mg/L C NIST Sucrose in 125 mL bottles.<br><i>Replaces ANATEL FG5019221</i>   | 19221  | Ships in 1 business day  |
| Validation Protocol Reagent Kit<br>Includes (3) TOC600 Calibration Kits, (1) TOC600 100 µS/cm Conductivity Solution Kit, (3) TOC600 Validation Control Kits, and (4) TOC600 USP System Suitability Sets (all bottles are 125 mL).<br><i>Replaces ANATEL FG5019231</i> | 19231  | Ships in 5 business days |

### Consumables

|   | Cat. # | Availability            |
|---|--------|-------------------------|
| Replacement UV Lamp<br><i>Replaces ANATEL FG6002601</i> | 20036A | Ships in 1 business day |

## ANATEL A-1000

The following CRMs are used for calibration and validation of the ANATEL A-1000 TOC analyzer.

### System Suitability

| Sets - USP / EP   | Cat. # | Availability             |
|---|--------|--------------------------|
| USP/EP Bulk Water System Suitability Set<br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 0.5 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 0.5 mg/L USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 1000 mL HDPE bottles. | 19030  | Ships in 5 business days |

The Industry Standard  
for over 40 years



**Harlan Mott**  
Business System Analyst  
Years with Waters ERA: 16



## Sievers 900, 5310 C, M9 and M5310 C

All of our Sievers' Certified Reference Materials (CRMs) are prepared using carefully controlled processes that are scrutinized under Waters ERA's ISO Guide 34 accreditation.

Contact Waters ERA at [info@eraqc.com](mailto:info@eraqc.com) (USA) or [ERA\\_Europe\\_Sales@waters.com](mailto:ERA_Europe_Sales@waters.com) (Europe) for availability of Sievers 800 and 400 consumables.

### System Suitability

| Sets - USP / EP  | Cat. # | Availability             |
|--|--------|--------------------------|
| USP/EP Bulk Water System Suitability Set<br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 0.5 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 0.5 mg/L USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 40 mL vials. <i>Replaces Sievers CSTD 31004-01</i> | 18000  | Ships in 1 business day  |
| Sets - USP   | Cat. # | Availability             |
| USP Sterile Water System Suitability Set<br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 8.0 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 8.0 mg/L USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 40 mL vials.                                       | 18061  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Sets - JP  | Cat. # | Availability             |
| JP System Suitability Set<br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, and (1) 0.50 mg/L C from Sodium Dodecylbenzene Sulfonate Rss in 40 mL vials. <i>Replaces Sievers CSTD 90039-01</i>                     | 18000J | Ships in 5 business days |

### Consumables

|   | Cat. # | Availability             |
|---|--------|--------------------------|
| Replacement UV Lamp   | 20045  | Ships in 1 business day  |
| Replacement Pump Tubing   | 20060  | Ships in 1 business day  |
| Model 900/5310 C Resin Bed  | 20075  | Ships in 1 business day  |
| Service Kit for Sievers Model 900/5310C<br>Annual Service Kit for Sievers Model 900/5310C includes Cat # 20075 (Replacement Resin Bed), Cat # 20045 (Replacement UV Lamp), and Cat # 20060 (Replacement Pump Tubing). | 20095  | Ships in 1 business day  |
| Phosphoric Acid Reagent Cartridge -150 mL*  | 21010  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Phosphoric Acid Reagent Cartridge - 300 mL*   | 21001  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Persulfate Oxidizer Reagent Cartridge - 150 mL  | 21015  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Persulfate Oxidizer Reagent Cartridge - 300 mL  | 21006  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 40 mL Ultra-Low TOC Vials, 80/case  | 25025  | Ships in 1 business day  |
| 60 Micron In-Line Stainless Filter  | 25035  | Ships in 5 business days |

\* Dangerous goods



### Calibration & Validation

| Kits   | Cat. # | Availability             |
|--|--------|--------------------------|
| Linearity Set<br>Includes (1) Blank, (1) 0.25 mg/L C NIST Sucrose, (1) 0.50 mg/L C NIST Sucrose and (1) 0.75 mg/L C NIST Sucrose in 40 mL vials.<br><i>Replaces CSTD 31012-01</i>  | 19515  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Calibration & Verification Set<br>Includes (2) Blanks, (2) 1.0 mg/L IC NIST NaHCO <sub>3</sub> , (1) 1.0 mg/L C NIST KHP, and (1) 1.0 mg/L C NIST Sucrose in 40 mL vials.<br><i>Replaces CSTD 90016-01</i>   | 19600  | Ships in 1 business day  |
| Multi-Point Calibration Set<br>Includes (1) Blank, (1) each of 1.0, 5.0, 10.0, 25.0 and 50.0 mg/L C NIST KHP, and (1) each of 1.0, 5.0, 10.0, 25.0 and 50.0 mg/L IC NIST NaHCO <sub>3</sub> in 40 mL vials.<br><i>Replaces CSTD 90000-01</i>   | 19610  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Autoreagents Calibration Set<br>Includes (1) Blank, (1) 25.0 mg/L C NIST KHP, (1) 1.0 mg/L IC NIST NaHCO <sub>3</sub> , and (1) 50.0 mg/L C from Nicotinamide in 40 mL vials.<br><i>Replaces CSTD 90036-01</i>   | 19611  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Autoreagents Calibration & Verification Set<br>Includes (2) Blanks, (1) 25.0 mg/L C NIST KHP, (1) 1.0 mg/L IC NIST NaHCO <sub>3</sub> , (1) 50.0 mg/L C from Nicotinamide, (1) 25.0 mg/L C NIST Sucrose, (1) 50.0 mg/L C NIST Sucrose, and (1) 50 mg/L IC NaHCO <sub>3</sub> in 40 mL vials. <i>Replaces CSTD 90028-01</i>   | 19616  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Specificity Verification Set<br>Includes (1) Blank, (1) 0.50 mg/L C from Methanol, (1) 0.50 mg/L C from Nicotinamide, and (1) 0.50 mg/L C from KHP in 40 mL vials.   | 19615  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Validation Set with Calibration & Verification<br>Includes (28) 40 mL vials, (2) Blanks, (2) 1.0 mg/L C NIST KHP, (2) 1.0 mg/L IC NaHCO <sub>3</sub> ; (1) Blank, (1) 0.50 mg/L C NIST Sucrose, (1) 0.50 mg/L IC NaHCO <sub>3</sub> ; (2) Reagent Water Rw, (2) 0.50 mg/L C from USP Sucrose Rs and (2) 0.50 mg/L C from USP 1,4-Benzoquinone Rss; (1) Blank, (1) 0.25 mg/L C NIST Sucrose, (1) 0.50 mg/L C NIST Sucrose, (1) 0.75 mg/L C NIST Sucrose; (1) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 0.50 mg/L C from USP Sucrose Rs; (1) Blank; (1) 0.50 mg/L C from Methanol; (1) 0.50 mg/L C from Nicotinamide; (1) 0.50 mg/L C from NIST KHP; (1) Reagent Water Rw; (1) 0.50 mg/L C from USP Sucrose Rs; and (1) 0.50 mg/L C from USP 1,4-Benzoquinone Rss. <i>Replaces Sievers CSTD90025</i> | 19617  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Calibration Kit<br>Includes (1) Blank, and (1) 1.0 mg/L IC NIST NaHCO <sub>3</sub> , (1) 1.0 mg/L C NIST KHP in 40 mL vials.<br><i>Replaces CSTD 90001-01</i>  | 19620  | Ships in 1 business day  |

Individual Set/Kit components and/or bulk sizes may be available for the TOC and Conductivity standards. Please contact your Waters ERA sales representative if you have questions about any products that are not listed in this publication.

Waters ERA is making the most commonly requested products available within 24 hours of order receipt to consistently meet your product needs. Products that are less frequently requested will be shipped within 5 business days of order receipt. Please check your order confirmation for the specific ship date.

# SIEVERS

## Sievers 500 RL

The following CRMs are designed to use on Sievers 500 RL TOC instruments for calibration, validation, and to satisfy regulatory requirements.

Contact Waters ERA at [info@eraqc.com](mailto:info@eraqc.com) (USA) or [ERA\\_Europe\\_Sales@waters.com](mailto:ERA_Europe_Sales@waters.com) (Europe) for availability of Sievers 800 and 400 consumables.

### System Suitability

| Sets - USP / EP   | Cat. # | Availability             |
|---|--------|--------------------------|
| <b>USP/EP Bulk Water System Suitability Set</b><br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 0.5 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 0.5 mg/L USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 40 mL vials.<br><i>Replaces Sievers CSTD 74403</i> | 15105  | Ships in 1 business day  |
| Sets - USP  | Cat. # | Availability             |
| <b>USP Sterile Water System Suitability Set</b><br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 8.0 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 8.0 mg/L USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 40 mL vials.                                       | 18061  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Sets - JP   | Cat. # | Availability             |
| <b>JP System Suitability Set</b><br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, and (1) 0.50 mg/L C from Sodium Dodecylbenzene Sulfonate Rss in 40 mL vials.<br><i>Replaces Sievers CSTD 90039-01</i>                  | 18000J | Ships in 5 business days |

### Consumables

|                                    | Cat. # | Availability             |
|------------------------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| Replacement UV Lamp                | 20045  | Ships in 1 business day  |
| 40 mL Ultra-Low TOC Vials, 80/case | 25025  | Ships in 1 business day  |
| 60 Micron In-Line Stainless Filter | 25035  | Ships in 5 business days |

Individual Set/Kit components and/or bulk sizes may be available for the TOC and Conductivity standards. Please contact your Waters ERA sales representative if you have questions about any products that are not listed in this publication.

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### Calibration & Validation

#### RL (Standard IOS) Single-Use CRMs

| Kits  | Cat. # | Availability             |
|---|--------|--------------------------|
| <b>Single-Point Calibration Set</b><br>Includes (2) Blanks, (1) 1.5 mg/L C NIST KHP in 40 mL glass vials, and (1) 25.0 µS/cm Conductivity standard in 30 mL HDPE vial.<br><i>Replaces CSTD 74401</i>  | 15100  | Ships in 5 business days |
| <b>Single-Point Calibration / Verification Kit</b><br>Includes (2) Blanks, (1) 1.5 mg/L C NIST KHP in 40 mL glass vials, (1) 25.0 µS/cm Conductivity standard in 30 mL HDPE vial, (1) Verification Blank, (1) 0.50 mg/L C NIST Sucrose in 40 mL glass vials, and (1) 25.0 µS/cm Conductivity standard in 30 mL HDPE vial.<br><i>Replaces CSTD 74612</i> | 15101  | Ships in 5 business days |
| <b>Accuracy / Precision / Verification Set</b><br>Includes (1) Verification Blank, (1) 0.5 mg/L C NIST Sucrose in 40 mL glass vials, and (1) 25.0 µS/cm Conductivity standard in 30 mL HDPE vial.<br><i>Replaces CSTD 74402</i>   | 15104  | Ships in 5 business days |
| <b>Linearity Set</b><br>Includes (1) Linearity Blank, (1) each 0.25 mg/L, 0.50 mg/L, and 0.75 mg/L C NIST KHP in 40 mL glass vials.<br><i>Replaces CSTD 74406</i>   | 15106  | Ships in 5 business days |
| <b>Single-Point Calibration Set – TOC Only</b><br>Includes (2) Calibration Blanks and (1) 1.5 mg/L C NIST KHP in 40 mL glass vials.<br><i>Replaces CSTD 74405</i>   | 15109  | Ships in 5 business days |
| <b>Accuracy / Precision / Verification Set – TOC Only</b><br>Includes (1) Verification Blank and (1) 0.5 mg/L C NIST Sucrose in 40 mL glass vials. Conductivity standard is not included in this set.<br><i>Replaces CSTD 74407</i>   | 15110  | Ships in 5 business days |
| <b>Single-Point Calibration / Verification Set – TOC Only</b><br>Includes (2) Blanks, (1) 1.5 mg/L C NIST KHP, (1) Verification Blank, and (1) 0.50 mg/L C NIST Sucrose in 40 mL glass vials. Conductivity standards are not included in this set.<br><i>Replaces CSTD 74622</i>  | 15111  | Ships in 5 business days |

All of our Analytik Jena Certified Reference Materials (CRMs) are prepared using carefully controlled processes that are scrutinized under Waters ERA's ISO Guide 34 accreditation.

The following CRMs are designed to use on Analytik Jena TOC instruments for calibration, validation, and to satisfy regulatory requirements.

## System Suitability

| Sets - USP / EP   | Cat. # | Availability             |
|---|--------|--------------------------|
| <b>USP/EP Bulk Water System Suitability Set</b><br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 0.5 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 0.5 mg/L USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 40 mL vials.<br><i>For use with AJ multi N/C pharma HS and IL550</i> | 18000  | Ships in 1 business day  |
| <b>USP/EP Bulk Water System Suitability Set</b><br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 0.5 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 0.5 mg/L USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 40 mL vials.<br><i>For use with AJ multi N/C UV HS and IL500</i>     | 18004  | Ships in 1 business day  |
| Sets - USP  | Cat. # | Availability             |
| <b>USP Sterile Water System Suitability Set</b><br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 8.0 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 8.0 mg/L USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 40 mL vials.   | 18061  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Sets - JP   | Cat. # | Availability             |
| <b>JP System Suitability Set</b><br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, and (1) 0.50 mg/L C from Sodium Dodecylbenzenesulfonate Rss in 40 mL vials.  | 18000J | Ships in 5 business days |
| Sets - Low-Level System Suitability   | Cat. # | Availability             |
| <b>Low-Level System Suitability Set</b><br>Includes (1) Reagent Water, (1) 0.30 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 0.30 mg/L C USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 40 mL vials.  | 18040  | Ships in 5 business days |

## Calibration & Cleaning Validation

| Kits   | Cat. # | Availability             |
|--|--------|--------------------------|
| <b>Cleaning Validation Kit</b><br>Includes (1) Calibration Blank, (1) each 0.25 mg/L, 0.50 mg/L, 0.75 mg/L, and 1.0 mg/L C NIST Sucrose in 40 mL vials.  | 19901  | Ships in 5 business days |
| <b>Full TOC Calibration Kit</b><br>Includes (1) Calibration Blank, (1) each 1.0 mg/L, 2.50 mg/L, 5.0 mg/L, 10.0 mg/L, 25.0 mg/L, 50.0 mg/L, and 100 mg/L C NIST KHP in 250 mL amber glass bottles. | 19970  | Ships in 5 business days |
| <b>Limited TOC Calibration Kit</b><br>Includes (1) Calibration Blank and (1) 0.6 mg/L C USP Sucrose in 250 mL amber glass bottles.   | 19985  | Ships in 5 business days |

Individual Set/Kit components and/or bulk sizes may be available for the TOC and Conductivity standards. Please contact your Waters ERA sales representative if you have questions about any products that are not listed in this publication.

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**Dale Shallenberger**

Senior Buyer

Years with Waters ERA: 25



**Chris Ackerman**

Process Water  
Sales Specialist

Years with Waters ERA: 3





# OI ANALYTICAL

The Certified Reference Materials (CRMs) listed below are commonly purchased for use with OI Analytical TOC instruments, including the very popular Aurora® model. All of Waters ERA's Certified Reference Materials (CRMs) are prepared using carefully controlled processes that are scrutinized under Waters ERA's ISO Guide 34 accreditation.

The following CRMs are designed to use on OI Analytical TOC instruments for calibration, validation, and to satisfy regulatory requirements.

## System Suitability

| Sets - USP / EP   | Cat. # | Availability             |
|---|--------|--------------------------|
| <b>USP/EP Bulk Water System Suitability Set</b><br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 0.5 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 0.5 mg/L USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 40 mL vials. | 18004  | Ships in 1 business day  |
| Sets - USP  | Cat. # | Availability             |
| <b>USP Sterile Water System Suitability Set</b><br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 8.0 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 8.0 mg/L USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 40 mL vials. | 18061  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Sets - JP   | Cat. # | Availability             |
| <b>JP System Suitability Set</b><br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 0.50 mg/L C from Sodium Dodecylbenzenesulfonate Rss in 40 mL vials.                          | 18000J | Ships in 5 business days |
| Sets - Low-Level System Suitability   | Cat. # | Availability             |
| <b>Low-Level System Suitability Set</b><br>Includes (1) Reagent Water, (1) 0.30 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 0.30 mg/L C USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 40 mL vials.        | 18040  | Ships in 5 business days |

## Calibration & Validation

| Kits  | Cat. # | Availability             |
|---|--------|--------------------------|
| <b>Ultra Low-Level CRMs Kit</b><br>Includes (3) Calibration Blanks, (1) each 0.050 mg/L, 0.060 mg/L, 0.070 mg/L, 0.080 mg/L, 0.090 mg/L, 0.10 mg/L, 0.25 mg/L, 0.50 mg/L, and 1.0 mg/L C NIST KHP in 40 mL vials.   | 14203  | Ships in 5 business days |
| <b>Validation Set - Aurora</b><br>Includes (6) Water Blanks, (1) 0.50 mg/L C NIST KHP, (3) 1.0 mg/L C NIST KHP, (1) 5.0 mg/L C NIST KHP, (1) 10.0 mg/L C NIST KHP, (1) 25.0 mg/L C NIST KHP, (1) 5.0 mg/L C NIST KHP/50.0 mg/L IC NIST NaHCO <sub>3</sub> , (4) 0.50 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 0.50 mg/L C USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 40 mL vials. | 19007  | Ships in 5 business days |

*Aurora is a registered trademark of Xylem, Incorporated.*

## Consumables

| Kits                                   | Cat. # | Availability             |
|--|--------|--------------------------|
| Phosphoric Acid Reagent (1 Liter)*     | 21016  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Phosphoric Acid Reagent (2 Liter)*     | 21018  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Persulfate Oxidizer Reagent (1 Liter)* | 21017  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Persulfate Oxidizer Reagent (2 Liter)* | 21019  | Ships in 5 business days |

\*Dangerous goods.

Individual Set/Kit components and/or bulk sizes may be available for the TOC and Conductivity standards. Please contact your Waters ERA sales representative if you have questions about any products that are not listed in this publication.

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**Paul Fabrizio**  
Systems Engineer

Years with Waters ERA: 10

# WHERE THE STARS ALIGN

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# SHIMADZU

Certified Reference Materials (CRMs) listed are commonly purchased for use with Shimadzu TOC instruments. **Please specify at time of order whether you have a chemical or combustion Shimadzu TOC.** All of our Shimadzu Certified Reference Materials (CRMs) are prepared using carefully controlled processes that are scrutinized under Waters ERA's ISO Guide 34 accreditation.

The following CRMs are designed to use on Shimadzu TOC instruments for calibration, validation, and to satisfy regulatory requirements.

## System Suitability

| Sets - USP / EP  | Cat. # | Availability             |
|--|--------|--------------------------|
| USP/EP Bulk Water System Suitability Set<br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 0.5 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 0.5 mg/L USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 40 mL vials. | 18000  | Ships in 1 business day  |
| Sets - USP   | Cat. # | Availability             |
| USP Sterile Water System Suitability Set<br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 8.0 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 8.0 mg/L USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 40 mL vials. | 18061  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Sets - JP  | Cat. # | Availability             |
| JP System Suitability Set<br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, and (1) 0.50 mg/L C from Sodium Dodecylbenzenesulfonate Rss in 40 mL vials.                      | 18000J | Ships in 5 business days |
| Sets - Low-Level System Suitability  | Cat. # | Availability             |
| Low-Level System Suitability Set<br>Includes (1) Reagent Water, (1) 0.30 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 0.30 mg/L C USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 40 mL vials.        | 18040  | Ships in 5 business days |

## Calibration & Validation

| Kits  | Cat. # | Availability             |
|---|--------|--------------------------|
| TOC-V and TOC-L Validation Kit<br>Includes (1) Water Blank, and (2) 100.0 mg/L C NIST KHP in 125 mL amber glass bottles.  | 11002  | Ships in 5 business days |
| TOC-V and TOC-L HS Validation Kit<br>Includes (1) Water Blank, and (2) 10.0 mg/L C NIST KHP in 125 mL amber glass bottles.  | 11003  | Ships in 5 business days |
| TOC-V and TOC-L Wet Chem Validation Kit<br>Includes (3) Water Blanks, (2) 0.50 mg/L C NIST KHP, and (4) 1.0 mg/L C NIST KHP in 40 mL vials.   | 11004  | Ships in 5 business days |
| TOC-V and TOC-L Multi Calibration Kit<br>Includes (2) Calibration Blanks, (2) each 0.10 mg/L, 0.25 mg/L, 0.50 mg/L C NIST KHP, and (1) each 0.75 mg/L and 1.0 mg/L C NIST KHP in 40 mL vials. | 11005  | Ships in 5 business days |

## Consumables

| Kits                                   | Cat. # | Availability             |
|--|--------|--------------------------|
| Phosphoric Acid Reagent (1 Liter)*     | 21016  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Phosphoric Acid Reagent (2 Liter)*     | 21018  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Persulfate Oxidizer Reagent (1 Liter)* | 21017  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Persulfate Oxidizer Reagent (2 Liter)* | 21019  | Ships in 5 business days |

\*Dangerous goods.

Individual Set/Kit components and/or bulk sizes may be available for the TOC and Conductivity standards. Please contact your Waters ERA sales representative if you have questions about any products that are not listed in this publication.

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# TELEDYNE TEKMAR

All of our Teledyne Tekmar Certified Reference Materials (CRMs) are prepared using carefully controlled processes that are scrutinized under Waters ERA's ISO Guide 34 accreditation.

The following CRMs are designed to use on Teledyne Tekmar TOC instruments for calibration, validation, and to satisfy regulatory requirements.

## System Suitability

| Sets - USP / EP  | Cat. # | Availability             |
|--|--------|--------------------------|
| USP/EP Bulk Water System Suitability Set<br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 0.5 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 0.5 mg/L USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 40 mL vials. | 18000  | Ships in 1 business day  |
| Sets - USP   | Cat. # | Availability             |
| USP Sterile Water System Suitability Set<br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 8.0 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 8.0 mg/L USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 40 mL vials. | 18061  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Sets - JP  | Cat. # | Availability             |
| JP System Suitability Set<br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, and (1) 0.50 mg/L C from Sodium Dodecylbenzenesulfonate Rss in 40 mL vials.                      | 18000J | Ships in 5 business days |
| Sets - Low-Level System Suitability  | Cat. # | Availability             |
| Low-Level System Suitability Set<br>Includes (1) Reagent Water, (1) 0.30 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 0.30 mg/L C USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 40 mL vials.        | 18040  | Ships in 5 business days |

## Calibration & Validation

| Kits   | Cat. # | Availability             |
|--|--------|--------------------------|
| Ultra Low-Level CRMs Kit<br>Includes (3) Calibration Blanks, and (1) each 0.050 mg/L, 0.060 mg/L, 0.070 mg/L, 0.080 mg/L, 0.090 mg/L, 0.10 mg/L, 0.25 mg/L, 0.50 mg/L, and 1.0 mg/L C NIST KHP in 40 mL vials.   | 14203  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Validation Set - Phoenix<br>Includes (2) Water Blanks, (3) 0.50 mg/L C NIST KHP, (6) 1.0 mg/L C NIST KHP, (1) 2.0 mg/L C NIST KHP, (1) 5.0 mg/L C NIST KHP, (1) 50.0 mg/L C NIST KHP, (1) 100 mg/L IC NIST NaHCO <sub>3</sub> , (1) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 0.50 mg/L C USP Sucrose Rs, and (1) 0.50 mg/L C USP 1,4-Benzoquinone Rss in 40 mL vials. | 19002  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Validation Set - Phoenix<br>Includes (5) Water Blanks, (1) 0.50 mg/L C NIST KHP, (5) 1.0 mg/L C NIST KHP, (1) 5.0 mg/L C NIST KHP, (1) 50.0 mg/L C NIST KHP, (1) 1.0 mg/L IC NIST NaHCO <sub>3</sub> , (1) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 0.50 mg/L C USP Sucrose Rs, and (1) 0.50 mg/L C USP 1,4-Benzoquinone Rss in 40 mL vials.                          | 19003  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Validation Set - Fusion<br>Includes (3) Water Blanks, (3) 1.0 mg/L C NIST KHP, (1) 10.0 mg/L C NIST KHP, (1) 25.0 mg/L IC NIST NaHCO <sub>3</sub> , (1) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 0.50 mg/L C USP Sucrose Rs, and (1) 0.50 mg/L C USP 1,4-Benzoquinone Rss in 40 mL vials and (1) 5.0 mg/L C NIST KHP in 125 mL amber glass bottle.                    | 19004  | Ships in 5 business days |

## Consumables

| Reagents                              | Cat. # | Availability             |
|---------------------------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| Phosphoric Acid Reagent (1 Liter)*    | 21016  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Phosphoric Acid Reagent (2 Liter)*    | 21018  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Persulfate Oxidizer Reagent (1 Liter) | 21017  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Persulfate Oxidizer Reagent (2 Liter) | 21019  | Ships in 5 business days |

\*Dangerous goods.

Individual Set/Kit components and/or bulk sizes may be available for the TOC and Conductivity standards. Please contact your Waters ERA sales representative if you have questions about any products that are not listed in this publication.

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**Isabelle De Leon**  
Accounts Payable  
Years with Waters ERA: 10

*Phoenix and Fusion are registered trademarks of Teledyne Technologies Incorporated.*

# OTHER TOC INSTRUMENTS

All of our Certified Reference Materials (CRMs) are prepared using carefully controlled processes that are scrutinized under Waters ERA's ISO Guide 34 accreditation.

The following CRMs are designed to use on various brands of TOC instruments for calibration and to satisfy regulatory requirements.

If you do not see your brand of TOC instrument listed below, please contact us for availability.

## Swan Analytical and Comet Analytics

### System Suitability

| Sets - USP / EP   | Cat. # | Availability             |
|---|--------|--------------------------|
| USP/EP Bulk Water System Suitability Set<br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 0.5 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 0.5 mg/L USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 250 mL HDPE containers. | 18055  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Sets - USP  | Cat. # | Availability             |
| USP Sterile Water System Suitability Set<br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 8.0 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 8.0 mg/L USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 250 mL HDPE containers. | 18056  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Sets - Low-Level System Suitability   | Cat. # | Availability             |
| Low-Level System Suitability Set<br>Includes (1) Reagent Water, (1) 0.30 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 0.30 mg/L C USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 250 mL HDPE containers.        | 18059  | Ships in 5 business days |

### Calibration & Other

| Kits   | Cat. # | Availability             |
|--|--------|--------------------------|
| Swan Calibration Kit<br>Includes (1) Calibration Blank and (1) 1.0 mg/L C NIST Sucrose in 250 mL HDPE containers.          | 10035S | Ships in 5 business days |
| Swan Function Test Kit<br>Includes (1) 20.0 mg/L C Sucrose and (1) 20.0 mg/L C 1,4-Benzoquinone in 125 mL HDPE containers. | 19700  | Ships in 5 business days |

## Lighthouse

### System Suitability

| Sets - USP / EP  | Cat. # | Availability            |
|--|--------|-------------------------|
| USP/EP Bulk Water System Suitability Set<br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 0.5 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 0.5 mg/L USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 60 mL HDPE containers. | 18010  | Ships in 1 business day |

### Calibration

| Kits  | Cat. # | Availability            |
|---|--------|-------------------------|
| Calibration Kit<br>Includes (1) Calibration Blank and (1) each 0.25 mg/L, 0.50 mg/L, and 0.75 mg/L C NIST Sucrose in 60 mL HDPE containers. | 19202  | Ships in 1 business day |

## MembraPure

### System Suitability

| Sets - USP / EP   | Cat. # | Availability             |
|---|--------|--------------------------|
| USP/EP Bulk Water System Suitability Set<br>Includes (1) Reagent Water Rw, (1) 0.5 mg/L C USP Sucrose, and (1) 0.5 mg/L USP 1,4-Benzoquinone in 500 mL HDPE containers. | 18140  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Individual - USP Sterile Water (500 mL HDPE Container)  | Cat. # | Availability             |
| USP Reagent Water (Rw)  | 18144  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 8.0 mg/L C USP Sucrose (Rs)   | 18147  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 8.0 mg/L C USP 1,4-Benzoquinone (Rss)   | 18148  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Individual - Low-Level (500 mL HDPE Container)  | Cat. # | Availability             |
| USP Reagent Water (Rw)  | 18144  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 0.3 mg/L C USP Sucrose  | 18154  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 0.3 mg/L C USP 1,4-Benzoquinone   | 18155  | Ships in 5 business days |

### Calibration

| Individual Standards (500 mL HDPE Container) | Cat. # | Availability             |
|--|--------|--------------------------|
| Calibration Blank                            | 10110  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 0.5 mg/L C NIST Sucrose                      | 10710  | Ships in 5 business days |

Individual Set/Kit components and/or bulk sizes may be available for the TOC and Conductivity standards. Please contact your Waters ERA sales representative if you have questions about any products that are not listed in this publication.

Waters ERA is making the most commonly requested products available within 24 hours of order receipt to consistently meet your product needs. Products that are less frequently requested will be shipped within 5 business days of order receipt. Please check your order confirmation for the specific ship date.

# CONSUMABLES

Ever wonder what the USP means by: "Use labware and containers that have been scrupulously cleaned of organic residues"?

Just like the USP, we demand scrupulously cleaned vials for our TOC standards. All of our vials, whether glass or polymer, represent the most consistently clean sample vials available anywhere. They are the perfect vial for your purified water (PW) or water for injection (WFI) sample analysis.

We offer consumable products for various TOC instruments as detailed below.

## Vials and Bottles

|   | Cat. # | Availability            |
|---|--------|-------------------------|
| 40mL Ultra-Low TOC Glass Vials (80/case)      | 25025  | Ships in 1 business day |
| 60 mL Low TOC HDPE Bottle – Natural (50/case) | 25056  | Ships in 1 business day |

## UV Lamps

Replacement UV Lamps for ANATEL and Sievers models.

|                      | Cat. # | Availability            |
|----------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| ANATEL A643 / TOC600 | 20036A | Ships in 1 business day |
| ANATEL PAT700        | 20037  | Ships in 1 business day |
| Sievers 400 / 800    | 20040  | Ships in 1 business day |
| Sievers 500 / 900    | 20045  | Ships in 1 business day |

## Reagent Cartridges for Sievers

|  | Cat. # | Availability             |
|--|--------|--------------------------|
| Phosphoric Acid Reagent Cartridge for Sievers 800/900 (150 mL)                 | 21000  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Phosphoric Acid Reagent Cartridge for Sievers 800/900 (300 mL)                 | 21001  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Persulfate Oxidizer Reagent Cartridge for Sievers 800/900 (150 mL)             | 21005  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Persulfate Oxidizer Reagent Cartridge for Sievers 800/900 (300 mL)             | 21006  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Sievers Ion Exchange Resin Bed   | 20075  | Ships in 1 business day  |
| Sievers 900 Service Kit<br>Includes resin bed, UV lamp and replacement tubing. | 20095  | Ships in 1 business day  |

## Reagents

|  | Cat. # | Availability             |
|--|--------|--------------------------|
| Phosphoric Acid Reagent (1 Liter)*     | 21016  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Phosphoric Acid Reagent (2 Liter)*     | 21018  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Persulfate Oxidizer Reagent (1 Liter)* | 21017  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Persulfate Oxidizer Reagent (2 Liter)* | 21019  | Ships in 5 business days |

\*Dangerous goods.

## Tubing

Replacement Pump Tubing for Sievers models.

|             | Cat. # | Availability            |
|-------------|--------|-------------------------|
| Sievers 400 | 20055  | Ships in 1 business day |
| Sievers 800 | 20050  | Ships in 1 business day |
| Sievers 900 | 20060  | Ships in 1 business day |

## Filters

|                                    | Cat. # | Availability             |
|------------------------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| 60 Micron In-Line Stainless Filter | 25035  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Fan Filter for Sievers 800         | 25040  | Ships in 5 business days |



**Kate Lee**  
Process Water  
Consumables Manager  
Years with Waters ERA: 1

United States Pharmacopeia Monographs, Chapter <643> - Total Organic Carbon.



# CHROMATOGRAPHIC AND SAMPLE CLEANUP PRODUCTS FROM WATERS

## Sample Preparation

### Sample concentration and cleanup

#### Oasis Sample Extraction Products

Analysis of water samples often requires concentration and cleanup of "dirty" or complex matrices. Oasis® Solid-Phase Extraction (SPE) Products allow for simple and rapid method development. With the Oasis product line, you can expect robust SPE methods that provide reproducible results and high recoveries, without having to be concerned with sorbent drying or pH limitations.

##### Key features/benefits

- Greater capacity.
- Excellent stability over entire pH range.
- Cleanest extracts.
- Elimination of matrix effects.
- Reduction of ion suppression.
- Superior recovery, reproducibility, retention, and selectivity for a wide variety of compounds.
- Available in cartridges or for high throughput, 96-well plates.



Oasis Sample Extraction Products.

### Certified cleanliness for ultra-trace level analysis

#### Vials

Waters® Certified Vials are manufactured to exacting standards, tested and certified to give you confidence that the peaks you observe are representative of your sample, not your vials.

##### Key features/benefits

- Prevent ghost peaks stemming from contaminants.
- Eliminate unexplained masses in MS.
- Eliminate potential of needle damage due to tight dimensional specifications.



Waters Certified Vials.

### Reduce interference and increase sensitivity for better quality results

#### Certified Sep-Pak SPE Cartridges

Sep-Pak™ SPE Cartridges are widely used by scientists for trace-level analysis in water samples. Manufactured using strict performance and cleanliness specifications and QC-tested for extractables and leachables, Certified Sep-Pak Sample Preparation Products reduce interference and increase sensitivity by eliminating contaminants introduced by the cartridge hardware and sorbents.

##### Key features/benefits

- Superior extracts for water sample residue analysis.
- Cleanliness and reproducibility needed for demanding sample preparation methods.
- Allows for accurate, high-quality water testing results.



Sep-Pak SPE Cartridges.

# LC COLUMNS AND CONSUMABLES

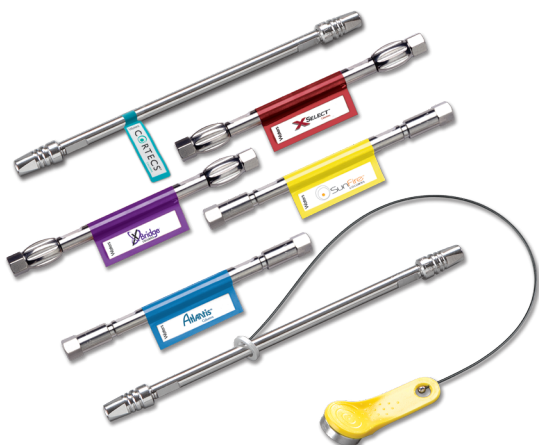
**Maximize efficiency, ruggedness, and throughput**

## LC Columns

Featured in methods to meet regulatory requirements throughout the world, Waters columns provide cutting edge performance. In addition to our complete selection of UHPLC, UPLC™ and HPLC column chemistries, Waters also provides application-specific columns for optimal specificity.

### Key features/benefits

- Industry leading reliability and reproducibility.
- Wide range of general purpose and application specific columns.
- Uncompromised analytical performance.



UPLC and HPLC Columns.

**Standardize and Simplify work flows**

## Waters Analytical Standards and Reagents

Waters understands that the quality of the standards and reagents you use directly correlates to the quality of your results. Our standards are precisely formulated to ensure data comparability and defensibility over time, and provide absolute traceability to meet your quality assurance requirements.

### Key features/benefits

- Saves costly validation time of standards and reagents.
- Easy and convenient formulations and packaging ensure accuracy of LC and LC-MS results over time.
- Optimized kits to keep your system operating at peak performance.



Waters Analytical Standards and Reagents.

# Waters

THE SCIENCE OF WHAT'S POSSIBLE.®

These and many more products are available for purchase directly from

[www.waters.com](http://www.waters.com), or call 800.252.HPLC (4752)

# CLEANING VALIDATION

Waters ERA is the premier manufacturer of specialty cleaning validation products – coupons, certified clean sample vials and swabs for swab recovery studies as well as kits that can be customized to suit your laboratory, analyst and validation needs.

## Sampling Kit with Vial and Swab

|  | Cat. #    | Availability             |
|--|-----------|--------------------------|
| Vial and Swab Sampling Kit – Small                                   | CV10000TX | Ships in 5 business days |
| Includes (20) certified clean swabs and (10) certified clean vials.  |           |                          |
| Vial and Swab Sampling Kit – Large                                   | CV10005TX | Ships in 5 business days |
| Includes (160) certified clean swabs and (80) certified clean vials. |           |                          |

## Swabbing Templates

Pre-cleaned Teflon® square swabbing templates are a simple way to ensure accuracy and precision in your cleaning validation sampling. Each pack comes with a Certificate of Analysis for residual HPLC and TOC levels. Swabbing templates can be custom made to your needs. Stainless steel templates are available upon request. Call for pricing, availability, and custom sizing.

|                                   | Cat. # | Availability      |
|-----------------------------------|--------|-------------------|
| 16 cm <sup>2</sup> (25 per pack)  | 30028  | Call for Delivery |
| 25 cm <sup>2</sup> (25 per pack)  | 30029  | Call for Delivery |
| 100 cm <sup>2</sup> (25 per pack) | 30032  | Call for Delivery |

## Swabs

Large polyester swabs with snap-off head for ultra-low interference levels.

|   | Cat. #  | Availability             |
|---|---------|--------------------------|
| TOC Swabs (< 50.0 ppb TOC)<br>Includes (20) swabs (1 total bag)                 | 30033TX | Ships in 5 business days |
| TOC Swabs (< 50.0 ppb TOC)<br>Includes (100) swabs (20/bag, 5 total bags)       | 30031TX | Ships in 5 business days |
| HPLC Swabs (Abs 254: 0.1 au max)<br>Includes (100) swabs (50/bag, 2 total bags) | 30030   | Ships in 5 business days |

## Custom Coupons

Waters ERA can accommodate your custom requests for coupons of just about any size, shape or material. Please use the general catalog numbers below and provide the information at the bottom to your customer service representative.

|         | Cat. # | Availability      |
|---------|--------|-------------------|
| Polymer | 30024  | Call for Delivery |
| Metal   | 30025  | Call for Delivery |
| Glass   | 30027  | Call for Delivery |

Call 800.372.0122 or 303.431.8454 for a quote on your custom coupon needs in the U.S. Contact your sales partner or e-mail your inquiry to ERA\_Europe\_Sales@waters.com in Ireland. Please have the following information available:

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| Material   | Metal, plastic, rubber or glass type (stainless steel, polyethylene, etc.).   |
| Grade      | Specific grade of material; like 316 stainless, HDPE or borosilicate glass.   |
| Finish     | Arguably the most important factor for metals. The finish refers to the surface roughness and is generally stated in units of "Ra". It is most often measured using a profilometer. |
| Coating    | Some materials can be coated to offer desirable surface properties.   |
| Etching    | Some materials can be etched with serial numbers, swabbing areas or other information.  |
| Dimensions | Size and shape of the coupon.   |
| Quantity   | The quantity of coupons needed.   |



# REFERENCE STANDARDS

## Inorganic Carbon

All of Waters ERA's Certified Reference Materials (CRMs) are prepared using carefully controlled processes that are scrutinized under Waters ERA's ISO Guide 34 accreditation. Inorganic Carbon (IC) is derived from non-living sources and it exists in pharmaceutical waters as carbonate, bicarbonate, and dissolved carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Whether your instrument quantifies IC as part of a differential calculation or removes it as part of a "non-purgeable" method of TOC determination, your instrument's ability to remove and/or measure IC must be validated. Below are the most commonly requested IC concentrations for calibration and validation of TOC instrumentation.

### Individual CRMs for Inorganic Carbon

|   | Volume | Cat. # | Availability            |
|---|--------|--------|-------------------------|
| 0.5 mg/L IC from NIST NaHCO <sub>3</sub>  | 40 mL  | 15990  | Ships in 1 business day |
| 1.0 mg/L IC from NIST NaHCO <sub>3</sub>  | 40 mL  | 16000  | Ships in 1 business day |
| 5.0 mg/L IC from NIST NaHCO <sub>3</sub>  | 40 mL  | 16300  | Ships in 1 business day |
| 10.0 mg/L IC from NIST NaHCO <sub>3</sub> | 40 mL  | 16600  | Ships in 1 business day |
| 25.0 mg/L IC from NIST NaHCO <sub>3</sub> | 40 mL  | 16900  | Ships in 1 business day |
| 50.0 mg/L IC from NIST NaHCO <sub>3</sub> | 40 mL  | 17130  | Ships in 1 business day |

Bulk sizes may be available for the Inorganic Carbon standards. Please contact your sales representative if you have questions about any products that are not listed in this publication.

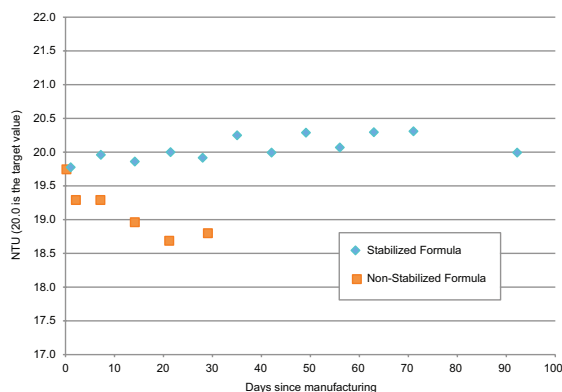
We make the most commonly requested products available within 24 hours of order receipt to consistently meet your product needs. Products that are less frequently requested will be shipped within 5 business days of order receipt. Please check your order confirmation for the specific ship date.

## Turbidity

Turbidity products are designed specifically for pharmaceutical turbidimetric validation, calibration and monitoring applications including performing particle content/concentration testing, monitoring for fermentation progress, or filter break monitoring.

Preparing a dilution of Formazin using only water results in a non-stabilized solution. In a very short period of time, non-stabilized solutions deviate from their target value. To ensure dilution and calibration accuracy, your turbidimeters should be calibrated using a stabilized Formazin solution.

In the following graph, data for both solutions were collected and recorded over time. Deviation from the target value within the stabilized formula was observed to be within the acceptable error measurement range. Deviation from the target value in the non-stabilized formula exceeded acceptable limits.



### Formazin Turbidity Standards

|                  | Volume  | Cat. # | Availability            |
|------------------|---------|--------|-------------------------|
| 20 NTU           | 1 Liter | 14510  | Ships in 1 business day |
| 4,000 NTU        | 500 mL  | 14500  | Ships in 1 business day |
| Replacement Lamp |         | 20080  | Ships in 1 business day |



Custom turbidity products are available if you need a standard that is not listed here. Please contact us to inquire about custom turbidity reference materials.

# REFERENCE STANDARDS

## High-Purity Water

Certified Low-TOC Water suitable for use with your TOC or liquid chromatography system. All of our waters are prepared with the highest level of care throughout the Ion-Exchange-Filtration-RO-UV purification process. Our water must pass a rigorous testing scheme and we guarantee the analysis of each bottle as well as your satisfaction.

### USP Purified – Certified Low-TOC Water

|   | Cat. #  | Availability             |
|---|---------|--------------------------|
| USP Purified Low-TOC Water – 4 Liter          | PW10000 | Ships in 5 business days |
| USP Purified Low-TOC Water – 4 x 4 Liter Case | PW10005 | Ships in 5 business days |

| Guaranteed Specifications  |                       |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| pH                         | 5–7                   |
| Residue after Evaporation  | 1 mg/L max            |
| Conductivity (at Bottling) | 1.1 µS/cm max @ 20 °C |
| Total Organic Carbon       | 50 ppb max            |
| Total Bacterial Count      | < 10 cfu/mL           |
| Color (APHA)               | 5 max                 |
| Absorbance                 | 0.1 au max            |

| Elemental Analysis |                  |                 |                   |
|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Ag (Silver)        | Max. 0.0004 mg/L | Fe (Iron)       | Max. 0.001 mg/L   |
| Al (Aluminum)      | Max. 0.002 mg/L  | Mn (Manganese)  | Max. 0.0004 mg/L  |
| As (Arsenic)       | Max. 0.002 mg/L  | Mo (Molybdenum) | Max. 0.002 mg/L   |
| B (Boron)          | Max. 0.005 mg/L  | Ni (Nickel)     | Max. 0.0004 mg/L  |
| Ba (Barium)        | Max. 0.001 mg/L  | Pb (Lead)       | Max. 0.001 mg/L   |
| Be (Beryllium)     | Max. 0.002 mg/L  | Sb (Antimony)   | Max. 0.001 mg/L   |
| Cd (Cadmium)       | Max. 0.001 mg/L  | Se (Selenium)   | Max. 0.0001 mg/L  |
| Co (Cobalt)        | Max. 0.001 mg/L  | Sr (Strontium)  | Max. 0.0004 mg/L  |
| Cr (Chromium)      | Max. 0.0004 mg/L | Tl (Thallium)   | Max. 0.00005 mg/L |
| Cu (Copper)        | Max. 0.0004 mg/L |                 |                   |

## pH Buffers

Three color-coded pH Buffers that are prepared under our ISO Guide 34 accreditation. The buffers are mercury free, guaranteed stable for one year, and they are directly traceable to NIST Standard Reference Materials (SRMs). Waters ERA pH Buffers are designed for routine calibration and/or verification of pH meters and they are supplied with a full certificate of analysis.

### pH Buffer Products in 500 mL HDPE Containers

|                                   | Cat. # | Availability            |
|-----------------------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| pH 4 (Red) 1 Bottle               | 127    | Ships in 1 business day |
| pH 4 (Red) Case of 6 Bottles      | 128    | Ships in 1 business day |
| pH 7 (Yellow) 1 Bottle            | 131    | Ships in 1 business day |
| pH 7 (Yellow) Case of 6 Bottles   | 132    | Ships in 1 business day |
| pH 10 (Blue) 1 Bottle             | 135    | Ships in 1 business day |
| pH 10 (Blue) Case of 6 Bottles    | 136    | Ships in 1 business day |
| (2) Each of pH 4, pH 7, and pH 10 | 141    | Ships in 1 business day |

For other pH buffers please contact us at 800.372.0122 and inquire about our custom pH buffers or our line of environmental reagents.

# CONDUCTIVITY

Conductivity solutions and kits that support accurate, verifiable, and approved approaches to validating/verifying your conductivity sensors. Whether you are validating detection limits, determining accuracy and precision, or constructing a low-level linearity curve, Waters ERA has the conductivity products and services to support your efforts.

All Waters ERA Conductivity standards are manufactured in a water matrix, and are scrutinized under Waters ERA's ISO Guide 34 accreditation.

## Conductivity Kits

|   | Cat. # | Availability             |
|---|--------|--------------------------|
| <b>Conductivity Validation Kit – Multiple Use</b><br>Includes (1) 25 µS/cm, (1) 100 µS/cm, (1) 146.93 µS/cm (Solution D), and (1) Reagent Blank for use with Solution D in 500 mL HDPE bottles. | 02900  | Ships in 5 business days |
| <b>Solution 25 Test Kit</b><br>Includes (1) 25 µS/cm standard in a 500 mL HDPE bottle and (5) pre-cleaned 125 mL HDPE wide-mouth bottles.   | 01100  | Ships in 1 business day  |
| <b>Solution 25 Test Kit</b><br>Includes (1) 25 µS/cm standard in a 1 Liter HDPE bottle and (5) pre-cleaned 125 mL HDPE wide-mouth bottles.  | 01001  | Ships in 1 business day  |

## Low-Level Conductivity (in HDPE bottles)

Our Low-Level conductivity is an excellent verification solution once you have calibrated your system using our ASTM Solution D.

|                     | Cat. # | Availability             |
|---------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| 5 µS/cm (60 mL)     | 01301  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 5 µS/cm (125 mL)    | 01302  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 5 µS/cm in (500 mL) | 01303  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 10 µS/cm (60 mL)    | 01306  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 10 µS/cm (125 mL)   | 01307  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 10 µS/cm (500 mL)   | 01308  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 25 µS/cm (500 mL)   | 01300  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 25 µS/cm (1 Liter)  | 01200  | Ships in 5 business days |

## Mid-Level Conductivity (in HDPE bottles)

Manufactured using NIST traceable materials and certified. This potassium chloride (KCl) solution is an excellent calibration or calibration verification solution. This solution is certified by analysis and it does not require the use of a reference blank for accurate calibration or validation.

|                       | Cat. # | Availability             |
|-----------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| 100 µS/cm (125 mL)    | 02600  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 100 µS/cm (250 mL)    | 02250  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 100 µS/cm in (500 mL) | 02500  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 100 µS/cm (1 Liter)   | 02400  | Ships in 5 business days |

## Mid-Level Conductivity ASTM Solution D (in HDPE bottles)

ASTM Solution D is the lowest level solution that can be made following a NIST protocol for conductivity solution preparations. This standard makes an excellent calibration or verification solution together with our 25 µS/cm solution. All Solution D products include an associated Reference Blank.

|   | Cat. # | Availability             |
|---|--------|--------------------------|
| Solution D at 146.93 µS/cm (1 Liter)  | 01700  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Solution D at 146.93 µS/cm (500 mL)   | 01800  | Ships in 5 business days |
| Solution D at 146.93 µS/cm (125 mL)   | 01900  | Ships in 5 business days |
| <b>Solution D Test Kit (1 Liter)</b><br>Includes (1) Solution D, (1) Reference Blank, and (20) pre-cleaned 125 mL wide-mouth HDPE containers. | 01500  | Ships in 5 business days |
| <b>Solution D Test Kit (500 mL)</b><br>Includes (1) Solution D, (1) Reference Blank, and (10) pre-cleaned 125 mL wide-mouth HDPE containers.  | 01600  | Ships in 5 business days |



# CONDUCTIVITY

## High-Level Conductivity (in HDPE bottles)

ASTM Solutions C and D are prepared prescriptively from KCl and offer superior accuracy at mid- to high-levels for conductivity sensor validation and verification.

|  | Cat. # | Availability             |
|--|--------|--------------------------|
| ASTM Solution C at 1408.8 $\mu\text{S/cm}$ (125 mL)  | 01610  | Ships in 5 business days |
| ASTM Solution C at 1408.8 $\mu\text{S/cm}$ (1 Liter) | 01620  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 1000 $\mu\text{S/cm}$ (125 mL)                       | 01410  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 1000 $\mu\text{S/cm}$ (500 mL)                       | 01420  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 1000 $\mu\text{S/cm}$ (1 Liter)                      | 01430  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 10,000 $\mu\text{S/cm}$ (125 mL)                     | 01630  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 10,000 $\mu\text{S/cm}$ (1 Liter)                    | 01640  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 100,000 $\mu\text{S/cm}$ (125 mL)                    | 01650  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 100,000 $\mu\text{S/cm}$ (500 mL)                    | 01655  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 100,000 $\mu\text{S/cm}$ (1 Liter)                   | 01660  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 200,000 $\mu\text{S/cm}$ (125 mL)                    | 01661  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 200,000 $\mu\text{S/cm}$ (500 mL)                    | 01662  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 300,000 $\mu\text{S/cm}$ (125 mL)*                   | 01663  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 300,000 $\mu\text{S/cm}$ (500 mL)*                   | 01664  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 400,000 $\mu\text{S/cm}$ (125 mL)*                   | 01665  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 400,000 $\mu\text{S/cm}$ (500 mL)*                   | 01666  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 500,000 $\mu\text{S/cm}$ (125 mL)*                   | 01667  | Ships in 5 business days |
| 500,000 $\mu\text{S/cm}$ (500 mL)*                   | 01668  | Ships in 5 business days |

\*Dangerous goods.

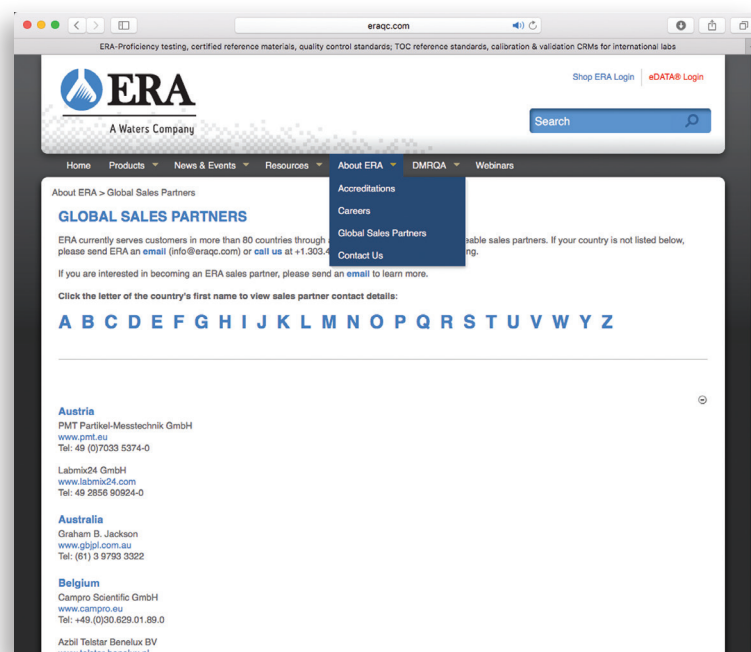


**David Kilhefner**  
Operations Manager  
Years with Waters ERA: 9



# WATERS ERA GLOBAL DISTRIBUTORS AND SALES PARTNERS

Waters ERA currently serves customers in more than 80 countries through an extensive network of knowledgeable distributors and sales partners. Please visit [www.eraqc.com](http://www.eraqc.com) to find the name of an authorized distributor in your area or country. Click on the Global Sales Partner link in the About Waters ERA pull down menu. You may also request distributor information by sending an e-mail to [ERA\\_Europe\\_Sales@waters.com](mailto:ERA_Europe_Sales@waters.com) in Europe or [info@eraqc.com](mailto:info@eraqc.com) in the U.S. and the rest of the world. See our website for all of our best in class partners across the world.



## Waters ERA Subscription Services

We can setup subscription orders to meet your specific needs if your internal quality control program requires regularly scheduled analyses for compliance monitoring or routine instrument maintenance. Subscriptions eliminate the need to place recurring orders. Products are delivered on a regular schedule and they will always be available when you need them. Some of the benefits include:

- Subscriptions can be designed to match your specific needs (e.g., weekly, monthly, etc.)
- Billing occurs for each individual shipment regardless of how you normally pay for vendor supplied materials
- Changes can be made if necessary during the length of the subscription
- You will have the maximum amount of expiration period for your required reference materials
- Subscriptions can be designed for custom products

Please contact Waters ERA to set up a subscription order or if you have any questions about these services.

**Sylvia Lowe**  
Senior International  
Customer Support

Years with Waters ERA: 16



| A                   | AE | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil | UST | WP | WS |
|---------------------|----|-----|-------|----|-------|-----|------|-----|----|----|
| Acetate             |    | 74  |       |    |       |     |      |     |    |    |
| Acidity             |    |     |       |    |       |     |      |     | 13 |    |
| Acids               |    |     |       |    |       |     | 39   |     | 16 |    |
| Aldehydes & Ketones | 53 |     |       |    |       |     |      |     |    |    |
| Aluminum            |    | 75  |       |    |       |     |      |     |    |    |
| Americium-241       |    |     |       | 59 |       |     |      |     |    |    |
| Ammonia             | 55 | 74  |       |    |       |     |      |     |    |    |
| Ammonium            |    | 74  |       |    |       |     |      |     |    |    |
| Anions              |    | 75  |       |    |       |     | 37   |     |    |    |
| Aromatics           |    |     |       |    |       |     |      |     | 16 |    |
| Arsenic             |    | 75  |       |    |       |     |      |     |    |    |

| B                               | AE | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil | UST    | WP | WS |
|---------------------------------|----|-----|-------|----|-------|-----|------|--------|----|----|
| Barium                          |    |     |       |    | 59    |     |      |        |    |    |
| Base/Neutrals                   |    |     |       |    |       |     | 39   |        | 16 |    |
| Beryllium                       |    | 75  |       |    |       |     |      |        |    |    |
| Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) |    |     |       |    |       |     |      |        |    |    |
| Bismuth                         |    | 75  |       |    |       |     |      |        |    |    |
| Boron                           |    |     |       |    |       |     |      |        | 14 |    |
| Boston Round Oil & Grease       |    |     |       |    |       |     |      |        | 11 |    |
| Bromate                         |    | 74  |       |    |       |     |      |        |    |    |
| Bromide                         |    | 74  |       |    |       |     |      |        | 14 |    |
| BTEX & MTBE                     |    |     |       |    |       |     | 37   | 46, 47 | 15 |    |

| C                             | AE | Cal        | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil   | UST | WP     | WS |
|-------------------------------|----|------------|-------|----|-------|-----|--------|-----|--------|----|
| Calcium                       |    | 74,75      |       |    |       |     |        |     |        |    |
| Carbamate                     |    |            |       |    |       |     | 41     |     | 17     | 28 |
| Cations                       |    | 74, 75, 76 |       |    |       |     |        |     |        |    |
| Cesium                        |    |            |       |    | 59    |     |        |     |        |    |
| Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)* |    | 74         |       |    |       |     |        |     |        |    |
| Chloral Hydrate               |    |            |       |    |       |     |        |     | 25     |    |
| Chlorate                      |    | 74         |       |    |       |     |        |     |        |    |
| Chlordane                     |    |            |       |    |       |     | 41     |     | 17     | 28 |
| Chloride                      |    | 74         |       |    |       |     |        |     |        |    |
| Chlorinated Acid              |    |            |       |    |       |     | 39     |     | 15     | 29 |
| Chlorine                      |    |            | 64    |    |       |     |        |     | 14     | 25 |
| Chlorite                      |    | 74         |       |    |       |     |        |     |        |    |
| Chromium                      | 54 | 75         |       |    |       |     |        |     |        |    |
| Cobalt                        |    | 75         |       |    |       |     |        |     |        |    |
| Cobalt-60                     |    |            |       |    | 59    |     |        |     |        |    |
| Color                         |    |            | 64    |    |       |     |        |     | 13     | 26 |
| Complex Cyanide               |    | 74         |       |    |       |     |        |     |        |    |
| Complex Nutrients             |    |            | 66    |    |       |     |        |     | 10, 18 |    |
| Copper                        |    | 75         |       |    |       |     |        |     |        |    |
| Corrosivity                   |    |            |       |    |       |     | 36     |     |        | 26 |
| Cyanide                       |    | 74         | 64    |    |       |     | 37, 41 |     | 13, 20 | 26 |

\*See Demand

| D                           | AE | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil | UST    | WP         | WS |
|-----------------------------|----|-----|-------|----|-------|-----|------|--------|------------|----|
| Demand                      |    |     | 64    |    |       |     |      |        | 12, 18, 19 |    |
| Diesel Range Organics (DRO) |    |     |       |    |       |     | 39   | 46, 47 | 16         |    |

| E                 | AE | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil | UST | WP | WS |
|-------------------|----|-----|-------|----|-------|-----|------|-----|----|----|
| EDB/DBCP/TCP      |    |     |       |    |       |     |      |     | 16 | 28 |
| Massachusetts EPH |    |     |       |    |       |     |      | 48  |    |    |
| New Jersey EPH    |    |     |       |    |       |     |      | 48  |    |    |
| Enterococci       |    |     |       | 32 |       |     |      |     |    |    |

| F        | AE | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil | UST | WP | WS |
|----------|----|-----|-------|----|-------|-----|------|-----|----|----|
| Fluoride | 55 | 74  |       |    |       |     |      |     | 19 |    |

| G                             | AE | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem          | RGT | Soil | UST        | WP | WS |
|-------------------------------|----|-----|-------|----|----------------|-----|------|------------|----|----|
| Gamma Emitters                |    |     |       |    | 58             |     |      |            |    |    |
| Gasoline Additives            |    |     |       |    |                |     |      |            |    | 27 |
| Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) |    |     |       |    |                |     | 37   | 46, 47, 48 | 15 |    |
| Glycols                       |    |     |       |    |                |     | 39   |            | 16 |    |
| Gross Alpha/Beta              |    |     |       |    | 58, 59, 60, 61 |     |      |            |    |    |

| H                           | AE | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil | UST | WP     | WS |
|-----------------------------|----|-----|-------|----|-------|-----|------|-----|--------|----|
| Halooacetic Acids (HAA)     |    |     |       |    |       |     |      |     |        | 25 |
| Halomethanes (THMs)         |    |     |       |    |       |     |      |     |        | 27 |
| Hardness                    |    |     |       |    |       |     |      |     | 10, 18 | 24 |
| HCl                         |    |     |       |    |       | 80  |      |     |        |    |
| HEM/SGT-HEM                 |    |     |       |    |       |     |      |     | 11     |    |
| Herbicides                  |    |     | 67    |    |       |     | 39   |     | 15     | 29 |
| Heterotrophic Plate Count   |    |     |       | 32 |       |     |      |     |        |    |
| Hexavalent Chromium         | 54 |     | 65    |    |       |     | 36   |     | 12, 19 | 24 |
| Hydrogen Halides & Halogens | 55 |     |       |    |       |     |      |     |        |    |

| I                                  | AE | Cal    | LLCRM  | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil | UST | WP | WS |
|------------------------------------|----|--------|--------|----|-------|-----|------|-----|----|----|
| ICP-MS Trace Metals/ Major Cations |    | 75     |        |    |       |     |      |     |    |    |
| Ignitability/Flash Point           |    |        |        |    |       |     | 36   |     |    |    |
| Inorganic Disinfection             |    |        |        |    |       |     |      |     |    | 25 |
| Inorganics                         | 55 | 74     | 64, 65 |    |       |     | 37   |     |    | 24 |
| Iodide                             |    | 74     |        |    |       |     |      |     |    |    |
| Iodine-131                         |    |        |        |    | 58    |     |      |     |    |    |
| Ion Chromatography                 |    | 74, 75 |        |    |       |     |      |     |    |    |
| Iron                               |    | 75     |        |    |       |     |      |     |    |    |

| L                   | AE | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil | UST | WP | WS |
|---------------------|----|-----|-------|----|-------|-----|------|-----|----|----|
| Lead                | 54 | 75  |       |    |       |     |      |     |    |    |
| Lithium             |    | 75  |       |    |       |     |      |     | 12 |    |
| Low-Level 1,2,3-TCP |    |     |       |    |       |     |      |     |    | 29 |

| M                                      | AE | Cal    | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil   | UST | WP         | WS |
|--|----|--------|-------|----|-------|-----|--------|-----|------------|----|
| Magnesium                              |    | 74, 75 |       |    |       |     |        |     |            |    |
| Manganese                              |    | 75     |       |    |       | 81  |        |     |            |    |
| Massachusetts Ground Water Enterococci |    |        |       | 32 |       |     |        |     |            |    |
| Mercury                                | 54 | 75     | 65    |    |       |     |        |     | 12         | 24 |
| Metals                                 | 54 | 75, 76 | 65    |    |       |     | 36, 41 |     |            | 24 |
| Minerals                               |    |        |       |    |       |     |        |     | 12, 18, 20 | 24 |
| Molybdenum                             |    | 75     |       |    |       |     |        |     |            |    |

| N                           | AE | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil | UST | WP         | WS |
|-----------------------------|----|-----|-------|----|-------|-----|------|-----|------------|----|
| Naturals                    |    |     |       |    | 58    |     |      |     |            |    |
| Nickel                      |    | 75  |       |    |       |     |      |     |            |    |
| Nitrate                     |    | 74  |       |    |       |     |      |     |            |    |
| Nitrite                     |    | 74  |       |    |       |     |      |     | 10         | 25 |
| Nitroaromatics & Nitramines |    |     |       |    |       |     | 39   |     | 16         |    |
| Nitrogen Oxide              | 55 |     |       |    |       |     |      |     |            |    |
| Nitrogen Pesticides         |    |     |       |    |       |     |      |     | 17         |    |
| Nutrients                   |    |     | 66    |    |       |     | 37   |     | 10, 18, 19 | 25 |



| O                                 | AE | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil   | UST | WP         | WS |
|-----------------------------------|----|-----|-------|----|-------|-----|--------|-----|------------|----|
| Oil & Grease                      |    |     |       |    |       |     | 37     |     | 11, 18, 19 |    |
| o-Phosphate Nutrients             |    |     |       |    |       |     |        |     |            | 25 |
| Organic Carbon                    |    |     |       |    |       |     |        |     |            | 26 |
| Organochlorine Pesticides         | 53 |     | 66    |    |       |     | 39, 41 |     | 17         |    |
| Organophosphorus Pesticides (OPP) |    |     | 66    |    |       |     | 41     |     | 17         |    |

| P                              | AE | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT    | Soil   | UST | WP         | WS |
|--------------------------------|----|-----|-------|----|-------|--------|--------|-----|------------|----|
| PAHs                           | 53 |     | 67    |    |       |        | 39     |     | 16         |    |
| Particulate Matter             | 55 |     |       |    |       |        |        |     |            |    |
| PCBs                           | 53 |     | 67    |    |       |        | 40     |     | 15         | 29 |
| Perchlorate                    |    | 74  |       |    |       | 81     |        |     |            | 29 |
| Pesticides                     | 53 |     | 66    |    |       |        | 39, 41 |     | 17         | 28 |
| pH                             |    | 76  |       |    |       | 80     | 36     |     | 14, 18, 19 | 26 |
| Phenol                         |    | 74  |       |    |       |        |        |     | 13, 20     |    |
| Phosphate                      |    | 74  |       |    |       |        |        |     |            |    |
| Phosphorus                     |    | 75  |       |    |       |        |        |     |            |    |
| Plutonium                      |    |     |       |    | 59    |        |        |     |            |    |
| Potable Water Coliform Microbe |    |     |       | 32 |       |        |        |     |            |    |
| Potassium                      |    | 75  |       |    |       | 80, 81 |        |     |            |    |

| Q       | AE | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil | UST | WP     | WS |
|---------|----|-----|-------|----|-------|-----|------|-----|--------|----|
| QC-Plus |    |     |       |    |       |     |      |     | 19, 20 |    |

| R                                  | AE | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem  | RGT | Soil | UST | WP     | WS |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|-------|----|--------|-----|------|-----|--------|----|
| Radium                             |    |     |       |    | 59     |     |      |     |        |    |
| Radionuclides                      |    |     |       |    | 60, 61 |     |      |     |        |    |
| Ready-to-Use VOAs in Soil          |    |     |       |    |        |     | 38   |     |        |    |
| Regulated Volatiles                |    |     |       |    |        |     |      |     |        | 27 |
| Residual Chlorine                  |    |     |       |    |        |     |      |     | 14, 20 | 26 |
| Residual Range Organic fuels (RRO) |    |     |       |    |        |     |      | 47  |        |    |

| S                         | AE | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem  | RGT | Soil | UST | WP         | WS |
|---------------------------|----|-----|-------|----|--------|-----|------|-----|------------|----|
| Selenium                  |    | 75  |       |    |        |     |      |     |            |    |
| Semivolatiles             | 53 |     | 67    |    |        |     | 38   |     | 16         | 29 |
| Settleable Solids         |    |     |       |    |        |     |      |     | 10         |    |
| Silica                    |    | 75  |       |    |        |     |      |     | 13         | 26 |
| Silicon                   |    | 75  |       |    |        |     |      |     |            |    |
| Silver                    |    | 75  |       |    |        |     |      |     |            |    |
| Silver Nitrate            |    |     |       |    |        | 81  |      |     |            |    |
| Simple Nutrients          |    |     | 66    |    |        |     |      |     | 10, 18, 19 |    |
| Sodium                    |    | 75  |       |    |        | 81  |      |     |            |    |
| Sodium Hydroxide          |    |     |       |    |        | 81  |      |     |            |    |
| Sodium Thiosulfate        |    |     |       |    |        | 81  |      |     |            |    |
| Solids/Solids Concentrate |    |     | 65    |    |        |     |      |     | 10, 18, 20 | 24 |
| Source Water Microbe      |    |     |       | 32 |        |     |      |     |            |    |
| Strontium                 |    | 75  |       |    | 58, 59 |     |      |     |            |    |
| Sulfate                   |    | 74  |       |    |        |     |      |     |            |    |
| Sulfide                   |    | 74  |       |    |        |     |      |     | 13         |    |
| Sulfite                   |    |     |       |    |        |     |      |     | 13         |    |
| Sulfur Dioxide            | 55 |     |       |    |        |     |      |     |            |    |
| Sulfuric Acid             | 55 |     |       |    |        | 81  |      |     |            |    |
| Surfactants-MBAS          |    | 74  |       |    |        |     |      |     | 13         | 26 |

| T                                     | AE | Cal    | LLCRM | MB | RChem      | RGT | Soil | UST    | WP         | WS |
|---------------------------------------|----|--------|-------|----|------------|-----|------|--------|------------|----|
| TCLP                                  |    |        |       |    |            |     | 38   |        |            |    |
| Thallium                              |    | 75     |       |    |            |     |      |        |            |    |
| Tin                                   |    | 75     |       |    |            |     |      |        |            |    |
| Tin & Titanium                        |    |        |       |    |            |     |      |        | 12         |    |
| Titanium                              |    | 75     |       |    |            |     |      |        | 12         |    |
| Total Cyanide                         |    |        |       |    |            |     |      |        | 20         |    |
| Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)         |    | 74     |       |    |            |     |      |        |            |    |
| Total Organic Carbon (TOC)            |    | 74*    |       |    |            |     |      |        |            |    |
| Total Organic Halides (TOX)           |    | 74     |       |    |            |     |      |        | 13         |    |
| Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH)    |    |        |       |    |            |     | 38   | 46, 47 | 11         |    |
| Total Phenolics                       |    |        | 65    |    |            |     |      |        | 13, 20     |    |
| Total Residual Chlorine               |    |        |       |    |            |     |      |        | 14, 20     |    |
| Toxaphene                             |    |        |       |    |            |     | 41   |        | 17         | 28 |
| Trace Metals                          |    | 75, 76 |       |    |            |     |      |        | 12, 18, 20 | 24 |
| Triazines, Urons, and Acid Herbicides |    |        | 67    |    |            |     |      |        |            |    |
| Trihalomethanes                       |    |        | 67    |    |            |     |      |        |            |    |
| Tritium                               |    |        |       |    | 58, 59, 61 |     |      |        |            |    |
| Turbidity                             |    |        |       |    |            |     |      |        | 13         | 26 |

\*See Demand

| U                     | AE | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil | UST | WP | WS |
|-----------------------|----|-----|-------|----|-------|-----|------|-----|----|----|
| Unregulated Volatiles |    |     |       |    |       |     |      |     |    | 27 |
| Uranium               |    |     |       |    | 59    |     |      |     | 12 | 24 |
| UV 248 Absorbance     |    |     |       |    |       |     |      |     |    | 26 |

| V         | AE | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil   | UST | WP | WS |
|-----------|----|-----|-------|----|-------|-----|--------|-----|----|----|
| Vanadium  |    | 75  |       |    |       |     |        |     |    | 24 |
| Volatiles | 52 |     | 67    |    |       |     | 37, 38 |     | 14 | 27 |
| VPH       |    |     |       |    |       |     |        | 48  |    |    |

| W                      | AE | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil | UST | WP | WS |
|------------------------|----|-----|-------|----|-------|-----|------|-----|----|----|
| Washington HEM/SGT-HEM |    |     |       |    |       |     |      | 48  |    |    |

| Y       | AE | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil | UST | WP | WS |
|---------|----|-----|-------|----|-------|-----|------|-----|----|----|
| Yttrium |    | 75  |       |    |       |     |      |     |    |    |

| Z    | AE | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil | UST | WP | WS |
|------|----|-----|-------|----|-------|-----|------|-----|----|----|
| Zinc |    | 75  |       |    | 59    |     |      |     |    |    |

|       |                 |       |                          |    |                 |
|-------|-----------------|-------|--------------------------|----|-----------------|
| AE    | Air & Emissions | RChem | Radiochemistry           | WP | Water Pollution |
| Cal   | Calibration     | RGT   | Reagents                 | WS | Water Supply    |
| LLCRM | Low-Level CRMs  | Soil  | Soil                     |    |                 |
| MB    | Microbiology    | UST   | Underground Storage Tank |    |                 |

| A                                     | AE    | Cal   | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil  | UST | WP         | WS |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|----|-------|-----|-------|-----|------------|----|
| Acenaphthene                          | 53    |       | 67    |    |       |     | 39    |     | 16         | 29 |
| Acenaphthylene                        | 53    |       | 67    |    |       |     | 39    |     | 16         | 29 |
| Acetaldehyde                          | 53    |       |       |    |       |     |       |     |            |    |
| Acetate                               |       | 74    |       |    |       |     |       |     |            |    |
| Acetone                               | 52-53 |       |       |    |       |     | 37-38 |     | 14         |    |
| Acetonitrile                          | 52    |       |       |    |       |     | 37-38 |     | 14         |    |
| Acidity as CaCO <sub>3</sub>          |       |       |       |    |       |     |       |     | 13         |    |
| Acifluorfen                           |       |       |       |    |       |     | 39    |     | 15         | 29 |
| Acrolein                              | 52    |       |       |    |       |     | 37-38 |     | 14         |    |
| Acrylonitrile                         | 52    |       |       |    |       |     |       |     | 14         |    |
| Actinium                              |       |       |       | 60 |       |     |       |     |            |    |
| Alachlor                              |       |       |       |    |       |     |       |     | 17         | 28 |
| Aldicarb                              |       |       |       |    |       |     | 41    |     | 17         | 28 |
| Aldicarb sulfone                      |       |       |       |    |       |     | 41    |     | 17         | 28 |
| Aldicarb sulfide                      |       |       |       |    |       |     | 41    |     | 17         | 28 |
| Aldrin                                | 53    |       | 66    |    |       |     | 41    |     | 17         | 28 |
| Alkalinity                            |       |       | 64    |    |       |     |       |     | 10, 18, 19 | 24 |
| Aluminum                              |       | 75-76 | 65    |    |       |     | 36    |     | 12, 18, 20 | 24 |
| Americium-241                         |       |       |       |    | 60-61 |     |       |     |            |    |
| Ametryn                               |       |       |       |    |       |     |       |     | 17         |    |
| 2-Amino-1-methylbenzene (o-Toluidine) |       |       |       |    |       |     | 39    |     | 16         |    |
| 4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene            |       |       |       |    |       |     | 39    |     | 16         |    |
| 2-Amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene            |       |       |       |    |       |     | 39    |     | 16         |    |
| Ammonia as N                          |       | 74    | 66    |    |       |     | 37    |     | 10, 18, 19 |    |
| Ammonia as NH <sub>3</sub>            |       | 74    |       |    |       |     |       |     |            |    |
| Ammonium                              | 55    |       | 66    |    |       |     |       |     |            |    |
| Ammonium as N                         | 74    |       |       |    |       |     |       |     |            |    |
| Ammonium as NH <sub>4</sub>           |       | 74    | 66    |    |       |     |       |     |            |    |
| tert-Amyl methyl ether (TAME)         |       |       |       |    |       |     |       |     |            | 27 |
| Anilazine                             |       |       |       |    |       |     |       |     | 17         |    |
| Aniline                               | 53    |       |       |    |       |     | 39    |     | 16         |    |
| Anthracene                            | 55    |       | 67    |    |       |     | 39    |     | 16         | 29 |
| Antimony                              | 54    | 75-76 | 65    |    |       |     | 36    |     | 12, 18, 20 | 24 |
| Aroclor                               | 53    |       |       |    |       |     | 40    |     | 15         | 29 |
| Arsenic                               | 54    | 75-76 | 65    |    |       |     | 36    |     | 12, 18, 20 | 24 |
| Atraton                               |       |       |       |    |       |     |       |     | 17         |    |
| Atrazine                              |       |       | 67    |    |       |     |       |     | 17         | 28 |
| Azinphos-methyl (Guthion)             |       |       | 66    |    |       |     | 41    |     | 17         |    |

| B                               | AE | Cal   | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil   | UST | WP         | WS |
|---------------------------------|----|-------|-------|----|-------|-----|--------|-----|------------|----|
| Barium                          | 54 | 75-76 | 76    |    | 58-59 |     | 36     |     | 12, 18, 20 | 24 |
| Barium Perchlorate              |    |       |       |    |       | 81  |        |     |            |    |
| Baygon                          |    |       |       |    |       |     |        |     | 17         | 28 |
| Bentazon                        |    |       | 67    |    |       |     | 39     |     | 15         | 29 |
| Benzaldehyde                    | 53 |       |       |    |       |     |        |     |            |    |
| Benzene                         | 52 |       | 67    |    |       |     | 37-38  |     | 14         | 27 |
| Benzidine                       | 53 |       |       |    |       |     | 39     |     | 16         |    |
| Benzo(a)anthracene              | 53 |       | 67    |    |       |     | 39     |     | 16         | 29 |
| Benzo(a)pyrene                  | 53 |       | 67    |    |       |     | 39     |     | 16         | 29 |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene            | 53 |       | 67    |    |       |     | 39     |     | 16         | 29 |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene            | 53 |       | 67    |    |       |     | 39     |     | 16         | 29 |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene            | 53 |       | 67    |    |       |     | 39     |     | 16         | 29 |
| Benzoic acid                    |    |       |       |    |       |     | 39     |     | 16         |    |
| Benzyl alcohol                  | 53 |       |       |    |       |     | 39     |     | 16         |    |
| Beryllium                       | 54 | 75-76 | 65    |    |       |     | 36     |     | 12, 18, 20 | 24 |
| alpha-BHC                       | 53 |       | 66    |    |       |     | 41     |     | 17         |    |
| beta-BHC                        | 53 |       | 66    |    |       |     | 41     |     | 17         |    |
| delta-BHC                       | 53 |       | 66    |    |       |     | 41     |     | 17         |    |
| gamma-BHC (Lindane)             | 53 |       | 68    |    |       |     | 41, 43 |     | 17         | 28 |
| Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) |    |       | 64    |    |       |     |        |     | 12, 18, 19 |    |
| Bismuth                         |    | 75-76 |       |    | 60    |     |        |     |            |    |
| Boron                           |    | 75    | 65    |    |       |     | 36     |     | 12, 18, 19 | 24 |
| Bromacil                        |    |       |       |    |       |     |        |     | 17         | 28 |
| Bromate                         |    | 74    |       |    |       |     |        |     |            | 25 |
| Bromide                         | 55 | 74    |       |    |       |     | 37     |     | 14         | 25 |
| Bromine                         | 55 |       |       |    |       |     |        |     |            |    |
| Bromobenzene                    |    |       |       |    |       |     | 37-38  |     | 14         | 27 |

| B (continued)                 | AE    | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil  | UST   | WP | WS |
|-------------------------------|-------|-----|-------|----|-------|-----|-------|-------|----|----|
| Bromochloroacetic acid        |       |     |       |    |       |     |       |       |    | 25 |
| Bromochloromethane            |       |     |       |    |       |     | 37-38 |       | 14 | 27 |
| Bromodichloromethane          | 52    |     | 67    |    |       |     | 37-38 |       | 14 | 27 |
| Bromoform                     | 52    |     | 67    |    |       |     | 37-38 |       | 14 | 27 |
| Bromomethane                  | 52    |     |       |    |       |     | 37-38 |       | 14 | 27 |
| 4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether    | 53    |     |       |    |       |     | 39    |       | 16 |    |
| Bromoxynil                    |       |     |       |    |       |     |       |       |    |    |
| BTEX                          |       |     |       |    |       |     | 37    | 46-47 | 15 |    |
| BTEX & MTBE                   |       |     |       |    |       |     | 37    | 46    | 15 |    |
| Butachlor                     |       |     |       |    |       |     |       |       | 17 | 28 |
| 2-Butanone (MEK)              | 52-53 |     |       |    |       |     | 37-38 |       | 14 |    |
| tert-Butyl Alcohol            |       |     |       |    |       |     |       |       |    | 27 |
| Butylate                      |       |     |       |    |       |     |       |       | 17 |    |
| Butyl benzyl phthalate        | 53    |     |       |    |       |     | 39    |       | 16 | 29 |
| Butyraldehyde (butanal)       | 53    |     |       |    |       |     |       |       |    |    |
| 2,2'-Oxybis (1-Chloropropane) |       |     |       |    |       |     | 39    |       |    |    |

| C                                     | AE | Cal   | LLCRM | MB | RChem      | RGT | Soil  | UST | WP         | WS |
|---------------------------------------|----|-------|-------|----|------------|-----|-------|-----|------------|----|
| Cadmium                               | 54 | 75-76 | 65    |    |            |     | 36    |     | 12, 18, 20 | 24 |
| Calcium                               |    | 75-76 | 64    |    |            |     | 36    |     | 10, 18, 19 | 24 |
| Calcium hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub> |    |       |       |    |            |     |       |     | 10, 18, 19 | 24 |
| Carbaryl                              |    |       |       |    |            |     | 41    |     | 17         | 28 |
| Carbazole                             | 53 |       |       |    |            |     | 39    |     | 16         |    |
| Carbofuran                            |    |       |       |    |            |     | 41    |     | 17         | 28 |
| Carbon disulfide                      | 52 |       |       |    |            |     | 37-38 |     | 14         |    |
| Carbon tetrachloride                  | 52 |       | 67    |    |            |     | 37-38 |     | 14         | 27 |
| Carbophenothion                       |    |       |       |    |            |     |       |     | 17         |    |
| Ceriodaphnia dubia                    |    |       |       |    |            |     |       |     |            |    |
| Chemical oxygen demand (COD)          |    | 74    | 64    |    |            |     |       |     | 12, 18, 19 |    |
| Chloral Hydrate                       |    |       |       |    |            |     |       |     |            | 25 |
| Chloramben                            |    |       |       |    |            |     | 39    |     | 15         | 29 |
| Chlorate                              |    | 74    |       |    |            |     |       |     |            | 25 |
| Chlordane                             | 53 |       |       |    |            |     | 41    |     | 17         | 28 |
| Chlorfenvinphos                       |    |       | 66    |    |            |     |       |     |            |    |
| alpha-Chlordane                       |    |       |       |    |            |     |       |     | 17         |    |
| gamma-Chlordane                       |    |       |       |    |            |     |       |     | 17         |    |
| Chloride                              |    | 74-75 | 64    |    |            |     | 37    |     | 10, 18, 19 | 24 |
| Chlorine                              | 55 |       | 64    |    |            |     |       |     |            |    |
| Chlorite                              |    | 74    |       |    |            |     |       |     |            | 27 |
| 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol               | 53 |       |       |    |            |     | 39    |     | 16         |    |
| 4-Chloroaniline                       | 53 |       |       |    |            |     | 39    |     | 16         |    |
| Chlorobenzene                         | 52 |       | 67    |    |            |     | 37-38 |     | 14         | 27 |
| Chlorodibromomethane                  | 52 |       | 67    |    |            |     | 37-38 |     | 14         | 27 |
| Chloroethane                          | 52 |       |       |    |            |     | 37-38 |     | 14         | 27 |
| bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane            | 53 |       |       |    |            |     | 39    |     | 16         |    |
| 2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether             | 52 |       |       |    |            |     | 37-38 |     | 14         |    |
| bis(2-chloroethyl)ether               | 53 |       |       |    |            |     | 39    |     | 16         |    |
| Chloroform                            | 52 |       | 67    |    |            |     | 37-38 |     | 14         | 27 |
| Chloromethane                         | 52 |       |       |    |            |     | 37-38 |     | 14         | 27 |
| 1-Chloronaphthalene                   | 53 |       |       |    |            |     | 39    |     | 16         |    |
| 2-Chloronaphthalene                   | 53 |       |       |    |            |     | 39    |     | 16         |    |
| 2-Chlorophenol                        | 53 |       |       |    |            |     | 39    |     | 16         |    |
| 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether           | 53 |       |       |    |            |     | 39    |     | 16         |    |
| 2-Chlorotoluene                       | 52 |       |       |    |            |     | 37-38 |     | 14         | 27 |
| 2-Chlorotoluene                       | 52 |       |       |    |            |     | 37-38 |     | 14         | 27 |
| Chlorpyrifos                          |    |       | 66    |    |            |     | 41    |     | 17         | 26 |
| Chlortoluron                          |    |       | 67    |    |            |     |       |     |            |    |
| Chromium                              | 54 | 75-76 | 65    |    |            |     | 36    |     | 12, 18, 20 | 24 |
| Chrysene                              | 53 |       | 67    |    |            |     | 39    |     | 16         | 29 |
| Cobalt                                | 54 | 75-76 | 65    |    | 59, 60, 61 |     | 36    |     | 12, 18, 20 |    |
| Coliforms                             |    |       |       | 32 |            |     |       |     |            |    |
| Color                                 |    |       | 64    |    |            |     |       |     | 13         | 26 |
| Specific conductance at 25 °C         |    |       |       |    |            |     |       |     | 10/18      | 24 |
| Conductivity                          |    |       | 64    |    |            |     |       |     | 19         |    |
| Copper                                | 54 | 75-76 | 65    |    |            |     | 36    |     | 12, 18, 20 | 24 |
| Corrosivity                           |    |       |       |    |            |     |       |     |            | 26 |
| Corrosivity/pH                        |    |       |       |    |            |     | 36    |     |            |    |
| Crotonaldehyde                        | 53 |       |       |    |            |     |       |     |            |    |
| Curium                                |    |       |       |    |            |     |       |     |            |    |
| Cyanazine                             |    |       |       |    |            |     |       |     | 17         |    |
| Cyanide                               |    | 74    | 64    |    |            |     | 37    |     | 13, 20     | 25 |
| Cyclohexane                           | 52 |       |       |    |            |     |       |     |            |    |
| Cypermethrin                          |    |       | 66    |    |            |     |       |     |            |    |

| D                                  | AE    | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil   | UST        | WP     | WS |
|------------------------------------|-------|-----|-------|----|-------|-----|--------|------------|--------|----|
| 2,4-D                              |       |     | 67    |    |       |     | 39     |            | 15     | 29 |
| Dacthal diacid (DCPA)              |       |     |       |    |       |     | 39     |            | 15     | 29 |
| Dalapon                            |       |     |       |    |       |     | 39     |            | 15     | 29 |
| Daphnia magna                      |       |     |       |    |       |     |        |            |        |    |
| Daphnia pulex                      |       |     |       |    |       |     |        |            |        |    |
| 2,4-DB                             |       |     |       |    |       |     | 39     |            | 15     | 29 |
| 4,4'-DDD                           | 55    |     | 66    |    |       |     | 41     |            | 17     |    |
| 4,4'-DDE                           | 53    |     | 68    |    |       |     | 41     |            | 17     |    |
| 2,4-DDT                            |       |     | 66    |    |       |     |        |            |        |    |
| 4,4'-DDT                           | 53    |     | 66    |    |       |     | 41     |            | 17     |    |
| Decachlorobiphenyl                 |       |     |       |    |       |     |        |            |        | 29 |
| Deethyl atrazine                   |       |     |       |    |       |     |        | 17         |        |    |
| Deisopropyl atrazine               |       |     |       |    |       |     |        | 17         |        |    |
| Demeton O & S                      |       |     |       |    |       |     | 41     |            | 17     |    |
| Diaminotrazine                     |       |     |       |    |       |     |        | 17         |        |    |
| Diazinon                           |       |     | 66    |    |       |     | 41     |            | 17     | 28 |
| Dibenz(a,h)anthracene              | 53    |     | 67    |    |       |     | 39     |            | 16     | 29 |
| Dibenzofuran                       | 53    |     |       |    |       |     | 39     |            | 16     |    |
| 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP) | 52    |     |       |    |       |     | 37-38  |            | 14-16  | 29 |
| Dibromoacetic Acid                 |       |     |       |    |       |     |        |            |        | 25 |
| 1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)            | 52    |     |       |    |       |     | 37-38  |            | 14-16  |    |
| Dibromomethane                     | 52    |     |       |    |       |     | 37-38  |            | 14     | 27 |
| Dicamba                            |       |     |       |    |       |     | 39     |            | 15     | 29 |
| Dichloroacetic Acid                |       |     |       |    |       |     |        |            |        | 25 |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene                | 52-53 |     | 67    |    |       |     | 37-39  |            | 14, 16 | 27 |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene                | 52-53 |     |       |    |       |     | 37-39  |            | 14, 16 | 27 |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene                | 52-53 |     | 67    |    |       |     | 37-39  |            | 14, 16 | 29 |
| 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine             | 53    |     |       |    |       |     | 38     |            | 16     |    |
| 3,5-Dichlorobenzoic Acid           |       |     |       |    |       |     |        |            |        | 29 |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane            | 52    |     |       |    |       |     | 37-38  |            | 14     | 27 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane                 | 52    |     |       |    |       |     | 37-38  |            | 14     | 27 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene                 | 52    |     | 67    |    |       |     | 37-38  |            | 14     |    |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane                 | 52    |     | 67    |    |       |     | 37-38  |            | 14     | 27 |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene             | 52    |     | 67    |    |       |     |        |            | 14     |    |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene           | 52    |     | 67    |    |       |     |        |            | 14     |    |
| 1,1-Dichloroethylene               | 52    |     | 67    |    |       |     | 37-38  |            |        | 27 |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene           | 52    |     | 67    |    |       |     | 37-38  |            |        | 27 |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene         | 52    |     | 6     |    |       |     | 37-38  |            |        | 27 |
| 2,4-Dichlorophenol                 | 53    |     |       |    |       |     | 39     |            | 16     |    |
| 2,6-Dichlorophenol                 | 53    |     |       |    |       |     | 39     |            | 16     |    |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane                | 52    |     | 67    |    |       |     | 37-38  |            | 14     | 27 |
| 1,3-Dichloropropane                |       |     |       |    |       |     | 37-38  |            | 14     | 27 |
| 2,2-Dichloropropane                |       |     |       |    |       |     | 37-38  |            | 14     | 27 |
| 1,1-Dichloropropene                |       |     |       |    |       |     | 37-38  |            | 14     | 27 |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene            | 52    |     |       |    |       |     |        |            | 14     | 27 |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene          | 52    |     |       |    |       |     |        |            | 14     | 27 |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene          | 52    |     |       |    |       |     | 37-38  |            |        |    |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene        | 52    |     |       |    |       |     | 37-38  |            |        |    |
| 1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane      | 52    |     |       |    |       |     |        |            |        |    |
| Dichlorprop                        |       |     |       |    |       |     | 39     |            | 15     | 29 |
| Dichlorvos (DDVP)                  |       |     | 66    |    |       |     | 41     |            | 17     |    |
| 1,1-Dichloroethylene               | 54    |     | 70    |    |       |     | 40, 41 |            |        | 29 |
| Dieldrin                           | 53    |     | 66    |    |       |     | 41     |            | 17     | 28 |
| Diesel range organics (DRO)        |       |     |       |    |       |     | 39     | 46, 47, 48 | 16     |    |
| Diethylene glycol                  |       |     |       |    |       |     | 39     |            | 16     |    |
| Diethyl phthalate                  | 53    |     | 67    |    |       |     | 39     |            | 16     | 29 |
| Di-isopropylether (DIPE)           |       |     |       |    |       |     |        |            |        | 27 |
| Dimethoate                         |       |     |       |    |       |     |        |            | 17     |    |
| Dimethyl phthalate                 | 53    |     | 67    |    |       |     | 39     |            | 16     | 29 |
| 2,5-Dimethylbenzaldehyde           | 53    |     |       |    |       |     |        |            |        |    |
| 2,4-Dimethylphenol                 | 53    |     |       |    |       |     | 39     |            | 16     |    |
| Di-n-butyl phthalate               | 53    |     | 67    |    |       |     | 39     |            | 16     | 29 |
| 1,3-Dinitrobenzene                 |       |     |       |    |       |     | 39     |            | 16     |    |
| 2,4-Dinitrophenol                  | 53    |     |       |    |       |     | 39     |            | 16     |    |
| 2,4-Dinitrotoluene                 | 53    |     |       |    |       |     | 39     |            | 16     |    |
| 2,6-Dinitrotoluene                 | 53    |     |       |    |       |     | 39     |            | 16     |    |
| Di-n-octyl phthalate               | 53    |     | 67    |    |       |     | 39     |            | 16     | 29 |
| Dinoseb                            |       |     |       |    |       |     | 39     |            | 15     | 29 |
| Dioxacarb                          |       |     |       |    |       |     | 41     |            |        |    |
| Dioxathion                         |       |     |       |    |       |     |        |            | 17     |    |
| Dioxin                             |       |     |       |    |       |     |        |            |        | 29 |
| Diquat                             |       |     |       |    |       |     |        |            |        | 29 |
| Dissolved organic carbon (DOC)     |       |     | 64    |    |       |     |        |            |        | 26 |
| Dissolved Oxygen                   |       |     |       |    |       |     |        |            | 13     |    |
| Disulfoton                         |       |     |       |    |       |     | 41     |            | 17     |    |
| Diuron                             |       |     |       |    |       |     | 41     |            | 17     |    |

| E                             | AE | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil  | UST | WP | WS |
|-------------------------------|----|-----|-------|----|-------|-----|-------|-----|----|----|
| E. coli                       |    |     |       | 32 |       |     |       |     |    |    |
| Endosulfan I and II           | 53 |     | 66    |    |       |     | 41    |     | 17 |    |
| Endosulfan sulfate            | 53 |     | 66    |    |       |     | 41    |     | 17 |    |
| Endothall                     |    |     |       |    |       |     |       |     |    | 29 |
| Endrin                        | 53 |     | 66    |    |       |     | 41    |     | 17 | 28 |
| Endrin aldehyde               | 53 |     | 66    |    |       |     | 41    |     | 17 |    |
| Endrin ketone                 | 53 |     | 66    |    |       |     | 41    |     | 17 |    |
| EPTC (Eptam)                  |    |     |       |    |       |     |       |     | 17 |    |
| Ethion                        |    |     |       |    |       |     |       |     | 17 |    |
| Ethoprop                      |    |     |       |    |       |     |       |     | 17 | 26 |
| Ethyl tert-butyl ether (ETBE) |    |     |       |    |       |     |       |     |    | 27 |
| Ethylbenzene                  | 52 |     | 67    |    |       |     | 37-38 |     | 14 | 27 |
| Ethylene dibromide (EDB)      |    |     |       |    |       |     |       |     |    | 29 |
| Ethylene glycol               |    |     |       |    |       |     | 39    |     | 16 |    |
| bis(2-Ethylhexyl)adipate      |    |     | 67    |    |       |     |       |     |    | 29 |
| bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate    | 53 |     | 67    |    |       |     | 39    |     | 16 | 29 |
| p-Ethyltoluene                | 52 |     |       |    |       |     |       |     |    |    |

| F                        | AE | Cal   | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil | UST | WP         | WS |
|--------------------------|----|-------|-------|----|-------|-----|------|-----|------------|----|
| Famphur                  |    |       |       |    |       |     |      |     | 17         |    |
| Fecal Coliform WP        |    |       |       | 32 |       |     |      |     |            |    |
| Fecal Coliform WP        |    |       |       | 32 |       |     |      |     |            |    |
| Fenitrothion             |    |       | 66    |    |       |     |      |     |            |    |
| Fenthion                 |    |       | 66    |    |       |     |      |     |            |    |
| Ferrous Ammonium Sulfate |    |       |       |    | 81    |     |      |     |            |    |
| Fluoranthene             | 53 |       | 67    |    |       |     | 39   |     | 16         | 29 |
| Fluorene                 | 53 |       | 67    |    |       |     | 39   |     | 16         | 29 |
| Fluoride                 | 55 | 74-75 | 64    |    |       |     | 37   |     | 10, 18, 20 | 24 |
| Fluoride Buffer          |    |       |       |    | 81    |     |      |     |            |    |
| Fluorotrichloromethane   |    |       |       |    |       |     |      |     |            | 27 |
| Fonofos                  |    |       |       |    |       |     |      |     | 17         |    |
| Formaldehyde             | 53 |       |       |    |       |     |      |     |            |    |
| Free Residual Chlorine   |    |       |       |    |       |     |      |     |            | 25 |

| G                             | AE | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem      | RGT | Soil | UST        | WP | WS |
|-------------------------------|----|-----|-------|----|------------|-----|------|------------|----|----|
| Gasoline range organics (GRO) |    |     |       |    |            |     | 37   | 46, 47, 48 | 15 |    |
| Glyphosate                    |    |     | 67    |    |            |     |      |            |    | 29 |
| Gross Alpha                   |    |     |       |    | 58, 60, 61 |     |      |            |    |    |
| Gross Alpha/Beta              |    |     |       |    | 58, 60, 61 |     |      |            |    |    |
| Gross Beta                    |    |     |       |    | 58, 60, 61 |     |      |            |    |    |

| H                             | AE    | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil   | UST | WP     | WS |
|-------------------------------|-------|-----|-------|----|-------|-----|--------|-----|--------|----|
| Halides                       | 55    |     |       |    |       |     |        |     | 15     |    |
| Halogens                      | 55    |     |       |    |       |     |        |     |        |    |
| HEM                           |       |     |       |    |       |     |        | 48  | 13     |    |
| Heptachlor                    | 53    |     | 66    |    |       |     | 38-41  |     | 17     | 28 |
| Heptachlor epoxide            | 53    |     | 66    |    |       |     | 38-41  |     | 17     | 28 |
| n-Heptane                     | 52    |     |       |    |       |     |        |     |        |    |
| Heterotrophic                 |       |     |       | 35 |       |     |        |     |        |    |
| Hexachlorobenzene             | 53    |     | 66    |    |       |     | 38, 39 |     | 16     | 28 |
| Hexachlorobutadiene           | 52-53 |     |       |    |       |     | 38-39  |     | 14, 16 | 27 |
| Hexachlorocyclopentadiene     | 53    |     |       |    |       |     | 39     |     | 16     | 28 |
| Hexachloroethane              | 53    |     |       |    |       |     | 38-39  |     | 14, 16 |    |
| Hexaldehyde (hexanal)         | 53    |     |       |    |       |     |        |     |        |    |
| n-Hexane                      | 52    |     |       |    |       |     | 37     |     |        |    |
| n-Hexane extractable material |       |     |       |    |       |     | 37     |     |        |    |
| 2-Hexanone                    | 52    |     |       |    |       |     | 37, 38 |     | 14     |    |
| Hexavalent chromium           | 54    |     | 65    |    |       |     | 36     |     | 14, 21 | 24 |
| Hexazinone                    |       |     |       |    |       |     |        |     | 17     |    |
| HMX                           |       |     |       |    |       |     | 39     |     | 16     |    |
| Hydrogen bromide              | 55    |     |       |    |       |     |        |     |        |    |
| Hydrogen chloride             | 55    |     |       |    |       |     |        |     |        |    |
| Hydrogen fluoride             | 55    |     |       |    |       |     |        |     |        |    |
| 3-Hydroxycarbofuran           |       |     |       |    |       |     | 41     |     | 17     | 28 |

|       |                 |       |                          |    |                 |
|-------|-----------------|-------|--------------------------|----|-----------------|
| AE    | Air & Emissions | RChem | Radiochemistry           | WP | Water Pollution |
| Cal   | Calibration     | RGT   | Reagents                 | WS | Water Supply    |
| LLCRM | Low-Level CRMs  | Soil  | Soil                     |    |                 |
| MB    | Microbiology    | UST   | Underground Storage Tank |    |                 |



| I                       | AE | Cal    | LLCM | MB | RChem  | RGT | Soil   | UST | WP         | WS |
|-------------------------|----|--------|------|----|--------|-----|--------|-----|------------|----|
| Ignitability/Flashpoint |    |        |      |    |        |     | 36     |     |            |    |
| Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene  | 53 |        | 67   |    |        |     | 39     |     | 16         | 29 |
| Iodide                  |    | 74     |      |    |        |     |        |     |            |    |
| Iron                    |    | 75, 76 | 65   |    | 60, 61 |     | 36, 41 |     | 12, 18, 20 | 24 |
| Isophorone              | 53 |        |      |    |        |     | 39     |     | 16         |    |
| Isopropylbenzene        | 52 |        |      |    |        |     | 37, 38 |     | 14         | 27 |
| Isopropyltoluene        | 52 |        |      |    |        |     | 37, 38 |     | 14         | 27 |
| Isovaleraldehyde        | 53 |        |      |    |        |     |        |     |            |    |
| Isopropyltoluene        |    |        |      |    |        |     | 40     |     | 17         | 29 |
| Isovaleraldehyde        | 55 |        |      |    |        |     |        |     |            |    |

| L         | AE | Cal    | LLCM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil   | UST | WP         | WS |
|-----------|----|--------|------|----|-------|-----|--------|-----|------------|----|
| Lanthanum |    | 79     |      |    |       |     |        |     |            |    |
| Lead      | 54 | 75, 76 | 65   |    | 60    |     | 36, 41 |     | 12, 18, 20 | 24 |
| Lithium   |    | 75     | 65   |    |       |     |        |     | 12         |    |

| M                              | AE     | Cal        | LLCM | MB | RChem  | RGT | Soil   | UST | WP         | WS |
|--------------------------------|--------|------------|------|----|--------|-----|--------|-----|------------|----|
| Magnesium                      |        | 74, 75, 76 | 64   |    |        |     | 36, 41 |     | 10, 18, 19 | 24 |
| Malathion                      |        |            | 66   |    |        |     | 41     |     | 17         |    |
| Manganese                      | 54     | 75, 76     | 65   |    | 60, 61 | 81  | 36, 41 |     | 12, 18, 20 | 24 |
| MBAS-Surfactants               |        | 74         |      |    |        |     |        |     | 13         | 26 |
| MCPA                           |        |            | 67   |    |        |     | 39     |     | 15         |    |
| MCPB                           |        |            | 67   |    |        |     |        |     |            |    |
| MCPB                           |        |            |      |    |        |     | 39     |     | 15         |    |
| Mercury                        | 54     | 75         | 65   |    |        |     | 36, 41 |     | 12, 20     | 24 |
| Metals & Cyanide Blank Sand    |        |            |      |    |        |     | 41     |     |            |    |
| Metals & Cyanide Blank Soil    |        |            |      |    |        |     | 41     |     |            |    |
| Methiocarb                     |        |            |      |    |        |     | 41     |     | 17         | 28 |
| Methomyl                       |        |            |      |    |        |     | 43     |     | 17         | 28 |
| Methoxychlor                   | 53     |            | 66   |    |        |     | 38, 41 |     | 17         | 28 |
| Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK)      | 52, 53 |            |      |    |        |     | 37, 38 |     | 17         |    |
| Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) | 52     |            |      |    |        |     | 37, 38 |     | 14         | 29 |
| 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)    | 52     |            |      |    |        |     | 37, 38 |     | 14         |    |
| 2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol     | 53     |            |      |    |        |     | 39     |     | 16         |    |
| Methylene chloride             | 52     |            | 67   |    |        |     | 37, 38 |     | 14         | 27 |
| 1-Methylnaphthalene            |        |            |      |    |        |     |        |     | 16         |    |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene            | 53     |            |      |    |        |     | 39     |     | 16         |    |
| 2-Methylphenol                 | 53     |            |      |    |        |     | 38, 39 |     | 16         |    |
| 3 & 4-Methylphenol             |        |            |      |    |        |     | 38, 39 |     | 16         |    |
| 2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)      | 53     |            |      |    |        |     |        |     |            |    |
| 4-Methylphenol (p-Cresol)      | 53     |            |      |    |        |     |        |     |            |    |
| Metolachlor                    |        |            |      |    |        |     |        |     | 17         | 28 |
| Metribuzin                     |        |            |      |    |        |     |        |     | 17         | 28 |
| Mevinphos                      |        |            | 66   |    |        |     |        |     |            |    |
| Molinate (Ordram)              |        |            |      |    |        |     |        |     |            | 28 |
| Molybdenum                     |        | 75, 76     | 65   |    |        |     | 36     |     | 12, 18, 20 | 24 |
| Monochloroacetic Acid          |        |            |      |    |        |     |        |     |            | 25 |

| N                          | AE     | Cal    | LLCM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil       | UST | WP         | WS     |
|----------------------------|--------|--------|------|----|-------|-----|------------|-----|------------|--------|
| Naphthalene                | 52, 53 |        | 67   |    |       |     | 37, 38, 39 |     | 14, 16     | 27, 29 |
| Napropamide                |        |        |      |    |       |     |            |     | 17         |        |
| Nickel                     | 54     | 75, 76 | 65   |    |       |     | 36, 41     |     | 12, 18, 20 | 24     |
| Nitrate as N               |        | 74, 75 |      |    |       |     | 36, 41     |     | 10, 18     | 24     |
| Nitrate as NO <sub>3</sub> |        | 74     | 66   |    |       |     |            |     |            |        |
| Nitrate plus nitrite as N  |        |        |      |    |       |     |            |     | 10, 18     | 24     |
| Nitrite as N               |        | 74     |      |    |       |     |            |     | 10, 18     | 24     |
| Nitrite as NO <sub>2</sub> |        |        | 66   |    |       |     |            |     |            |        |
| 2-Nitroaniline             | 53     |        |      |    |       |     | 39         |     | 16         |        |
| 3-Nitroaniline             | 53     |        |      |    |       |     | 39         |     | 16         |        |
| 4-Nitroaniline             | 53     |        |      |    |       |     | 39         |     | 16         |        |
| Nitrobenzene               | 52, 53 |        |      |    |       |     | 37, 38, 39 |     | 14, 16     |        |
| 2-Nitrophenol              | 53     |        |      |    |       |     | 39         |     | 16         |        |
| 4-Nitrophenol              | 53     |        |      |    |       |     | 39         |     | 15, 16     | 29     |
| n-Butylbenzene             |        |        |      |    |       |     | 37, 38     |     | 14         | 27     |
| N-Nitrosodiethylamine      | 53     |        |      |    |       |     | 39         |     | 16         |        |

| N (continued)                 | AE | Cal | LLCM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil | UST | WP | WS |
|-------------------------------|----|-----|------|----|-------|-----|------|-----|----|----|
| N-Nitrosodimethylamine (NDMA) | 53 |     |      |    |       |     | 39   |     | 16 |    |
| N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine    | 53 |     |      |    |       |     | 39   |     | 16 |    |
| N-Nitrosodiphenylamine        | 53 |     |      |    |       |     | 39   |     | 16 |    |
| 2-Nitrotoluene                |    |     |      |    |       |     | 39   |     | 16 |    |
| 3-Nitrotoluene                |    |     |      |    |       |     | 39   |     | 16 |    |
| 4-Nitrotoluene                |    |     |      |    |       |     | 39   |     | 16 |    |

| O                            | AE | Cal | LLCM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil | UST | WP         | WS |
|------------------------------|----|-----|------|----|-------|-----|------|-----|------------|----|
| Oil & Grease                 |    |     |      |    |       |     | 37   |     | 11, 18, 19 |    |
| ortho-Phosphate as P         |    |     |      |    |       |     |      |     | 10, 11, 19 | 27 |
| Organophosphorus Pesticides  |    |     | 66   |    |       |     | 41   |     | 17         | 30 |
| Oxamyl                       |    |     |      |    |       |     | 41   |     | 17         | 28 |
| Oxides of nitrogen           | 55 |     |      |    |       |     |      |     |            |    |
| 2,2'-Oxybis(1-Chloropropane) |    |     |      |    |       |     |      |     | 16         |    |

| P                            | AE | Cal    | LLCM | MB | RChem      | RGT | Soil   | UST    | WP         | WS |
|------------------------------|----|--------|------|----|------------|-----|--------|--------|------------|----|
| Paraquat                     |    |        |      |    |            |     |        |        |            | 29 |
| Parathion                    |    |        | 66   |    |            |     | 41     |        | 17         |    |
| Particulate matter           | 55 |        |      |    |            |     |        |        |            |    |
| PCB 28                       |    |        | 67   |    |            |     |        |        |            |    |
| PCB 52                       |    |        | 67   |    |            |     |        |        |            |    |
| PCB 101                      |    |        | 67   |    |            |     |        |        |            |    |
| PCB 118                      |    |        | 67   |    |            |     |        |        |            |    |
| PCB 138                      |    |        | 67   |    |            |     |        |        |            |    |
| PCB 153                      |    |        | 67   |    |            |     |        |        |            |    |
| PCB 180                      |    |        | 67   |    |            |     |        |        |            |    |
| PCBs in Oil                  |    |        |      |    |            |     | 40     |        | 15         |    |
| PCBs in Soil                 |    |        |      |    |            |     | 40     |        |            |    |
| PCBs in Water                |    |        |      |    |            |     |        |        | 15         | 29 |
| Pentachlorobenzene           | 53 |        | 66   |    |            |     | 39     |        | 16         |    |
| Pentachlorophenol            | 53 |        |      |    |            |     | 38, 39 |        | 15, 16     | 29 |
| Petroleum Hydrocarbons Fuels |    |        |      |    |            |     | 38     | 46, 48 | 11         |    |
| Perchlorate                  |    | 74     |      |    |            |     |        |        |            | 26 |
| pH                           |    | 76     | 64   |    |            | 80  | 36     |        | 14, 18, 19 | 26 |
| Phenanthrene                 | 53 |        | 67   |    |            |     | 39     |        | 16         | 29 |
| Phenol                       | 53 | 74     |      |    |            |     | 39     |        | 13, 16     |    |
| Phenolphthalein              |    |        |      |    | 81         |     |        |        |            |    |
| Phorate                      |    |        |      |    |            |     | 41     |        | 17         |    |
| Phosmet                      |    |        |      |    |            |     |        |        | 17         |    |
| ortho-Phosphate as P         |    |        |      |    |            |     |        |        | 10, 18, 19 | 28 |
| Phosphate as P               |    | 74, 75 |      |    |            |     | 37     |        |            |    |
| Phosphate as PO <sub>4</sub> |    | 74     |      |    |            |     |        |        |            |    |
| Phosphorus                   | 54 | 75, 76 | 66   |    |            |     |        |        |            |    |
| Picloram                     |    |        |      |    |            |     | 39     |        | 15         | 29 |
| Plutonium                    |    |        |      |    | 59, 60, 61 |     |        |        |            |    |
| Potassium                    |    | 75, 76 | 64   |    | 60         |     | 36     |        | 10, 18, 19 | 24 |
| Potassium Cyanide (KCN)      |    |        |      |    | 81         |     |        |        |            |    |
| Potassium Dichromate         |    |        |      |    | 81         |     |        |        |            |    |
| Potassium Hydroxide (KOH)    |    |        |      |    | 80, 81     |     |        |        |            |    |
| Potassium Permanganate       |    |        |      |    | 81         |     |        |        |            |    |
| Promecarb                    |    |        |      |    |            |     | 41     |        |            |    |
| Prometon                     |    |        |      |    |            |     |        |        | 17         | 28 |
| Prometryn                    |    |        |      |    |            |     |        |        | 17         |    |
| Pronamide                    |    |        |      |    |            |     |        |        | 17         |    |
| Propachlor                   |    |        |      |    |            |     |        |        | 17         | 28 |
| Propazine                    |    |        |      |    |            |     |        |        | 17         |    |
| Propham                      |    |        |      |    |            |     | 41     |        | 17         |    |
| Propionaldehyde (propanal)   | 53 |        |      |    |            |     |        |        |            |    |
| Propoxur                     |    |        |      |    |            |     | 41     |        |            |    |
| n-Propylbenzene              | 52 |        |      |    |            |     | 37, 38 |        | 14         | 27 |
| Propylene                    | 52 |        |      |    |            |     |        |        |            |    |
| Propylene glycol             |    |        |      |    |            |     | 39     |        | 16         |    |
| Pyrene                       | 53 |        | 67   |    |            |     | 39     |        | 16         | 29 |
| Pyridine                     | 53 |        |      |    |            |     | 38, 39 |        | 16         |    |

| R                            | AE | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem  | RGT | Soil | UST | WP | WS |
|------------------------------|----|-----|-------|----|--------|-----|------|-----|----|----|
| Radium                       |    |     |       |    | 58, 59 |     |      |     |    |    |
| RDX                          |    |     |       |    |        |     | 39   |     | 16 |    |
| Residual Range Organic (RRO) |    |     |       |    |        |     |      | 47  |    |    |
| Rommel                       |    |     |       |    |        |     | 41   |     | 17 |    |

| S                             | AE | Cal    | LLCRM | MB | RChem          | RGT | Soil   | UST | WP         | WS |
|-------------------------------|----|--------|-------|----|----------------|-----|--------|-----|------------|----|
| sec-Butylbenzene              |    |        |       |    |                |     | 37, 38 |     | 14         | 27 |
| Selenium                      | 54 | 75, 76 | 65    |    |                |     | 36     |     | 12, 18, 20 | 24 |
| Settleable solids             |    |        |       |    |                |     |        |     | 10         |    |
| SGT-HEM                       |    |        |       |    |                |     |        | 48  | 11         |    |
| Silica                        |    | 75     |       |    |                |     |        |     | 11, 13     | 26 |
| Silicon                       |    | 75     |       |    |                |     |        |     |            |    |
| Silver                        | 54 | 75, 76 | 65    |    |                |     | 36, 41 |     | 12, 18, 20 | 24 |
| Silver Nitrate                |    |        |       |    | 81             |     |        |     |            |    |
| Simazine                      |    |        | 67    |    |                |     |        |     | 17         | 28 |
| Sodium                        |    | 75, 76 | 64    |    |                |     | 36, 41 |     | 10, 18, 19 | 24 |
| Sodium Carbonate              |    |        |       |    | 81             |     |        |     |            |    |
| Sodium Hydroxide              |    |        |       |    | 81             |     |        |     |            |    |
| Sodium Thiosulfate            |    |        |       |    | 81             |     |        |     |            |    |
| Strophos (tetrachlorovinphos) |    |        |       |    |                |     | 41     |     | 17         |    |
| Strontium                     |    | 75, 76 | 65    |    | 58, 59, 60, 61 |     | 36     |     | 12, 18, 20 |    |
| Styrene                       | 52 |        | 67    |    |                |     | 37, 38 |     | 14         | 27 |
| Sulfate                       |    | 74, 75 | 64    |    |                |     | 37     |     | 10, 18, 19 | 24 |
| Sulfur dioxide                | 55 |        |       |    |                |     |        |     |            |    |
| Sulfuric acid                 | 55 |        |       |    |                |     |        |     |            |    |

| T                             | AE | Cal    | LLCRM  | MB | RChem      | RGT | Soil   | UST | WP             | WS |
|-------------------------------|----|--------|--------|----|------------|-----|--------|-----|----------------|----|
| 2,4,5-T                       |    |        |        |    |            |     |        |     | 15             | 29 |
| Terbacil                      |    |        |        |    |            |     |        |     | 17             |    |
| Terbufos                      |    |        |        |    |            |     | 41     |     | 17             |    |
| Tert-Butylbenzene             |    |        |        |    |            |     |        |     | 14             |    |
| 1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene    | 53 |        |        |    |            |     | 39     |     | 16             |    |
| 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane     | 52 |        |        |    |            |     | 37     |     | 14             | 27 |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane     | 52 |        |        |    |            |     | 37     |     | 14             | 27 |
| Tetrachloroethene             | 52 |        | 67     |    |            |     | 37     |     | 14             |    |
| Tetrachloroethylene           | 52 |        |        |    |            |     | 38     |     | 14             | 27 |
| 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol     | 53 |        |        |    |            |     | 39     |     | 16             |    |
| Tetraethylene glycol          |    |        |        |    |            |     | 39     |     | 16             |    |
| Tetryl                        |    |        |        |    |            |     | 39     |     | 16             |    |
| Thallium                      | 54 | 75, 76 | 65     |    |            |     | 36, 41 |     | 12, 18, 20     | 24 |
| Thiobencarb                   |    |        |        |    |            |     |        |     |                | 28 |
| Thorium                       |    | 75     |        |    | 58, 60, 61 |     |        |     |                |    |
| Tin                           |    | 75, 76 | 65     |    |            |     | 36     |     | 12, 20         |    |
| Titanium                      |    | 75, 76 |        |    |            |     | 36     |     | 12, 20         |    |
| TISAB                         |    |        |        |    | 81         |     |        |     |                |    |
| Tolualdehyde                  | 53 |        |        |    |            |     |        |     |                |    |
| Toluene                       | 52 |        | 67     |    |            |     | 37, 38 |     | 14, 15         | 27 |
| o-Toluidine                   | 53 |        |        |    |            |     | 39     |     | 16             |    |
| Total Coliform WP             |    |        |        |    |            |     |        |     | 32             |    |
| Total Coliform WS             |    |        |        |    |            |     |        |     | 32             |    |
| Total dissolved solids        |    |        | 64, 65 |    |            |     |        |     | 10, 18, 19, 20 | 24 |
| Total hardness                |    |        | 64     |    |            |     |        |     | 10, 18, 19     | 24 |
| Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen       |    | 74     | 66     |    |            |     | 37     |     | 10, 18, 19     |    |
| Total Nitrogen                |    |        | 66     |    |            |     |        |     |                |    |
| Total Organic Carbon (TOC)    |    | 74     | 64     |    |            |     | 37     |     | 12, 18, 19, 13 | 24 |
| Total Organic Halides (TOX)   |    | 74     |        |    |            |     |        |     |                |    |
| Total Oxidized Nitrogen (TON) |    |        | 66     |    |            |     |        |     |                |    |
| Total Phenolics (4-AAP)       |    |        | 65     |    |            |     |        |     | 13, 20         |    |
| Total Phosphorus              |    |        | 66     |    |            |     | 37     |     | 10, 18, 19     |    |
| Total solids at 89°C          |    |        |        |    |            |     |        |     | 10, 18, 20     | 24 |
| Total suspended solids (TSS)  |    |        | 65     |    |            |     |        |     | 10, 18, 20     | 24 |
| Total volatile solids         |    |        |        |    |            |     |        |     | 10             |    |

| T (continued)             | AE     | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem      | RGT | Soil       | UST    | WP     | WS         |
|---------------------------|--------|-----|-------|----|------------|-----|------------|--------|--------|------------|
| Toxaphene                 |        |     |       |    |            |     | 41         |        | 17     | 28         |
| 2,4,5-TP (Silvex)         |        |     |       |    |            |     | 39         |        | 15     | 29         |
| TPH                       |        |     |       |    |            |     | 38         | 46, 47 | 11     |            |
| Trichloroacetic Acid      |        |     |       |    |            |     |            |        |        | 25         |
| 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene    | 52     |     |       |    |            |     | 37, 38     |        | 14     | 27         |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene    | 52, 53 |     | 67    |    |            |     | 37, 38, 39 |        | 14, 16 | 27         |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane     | 52     |     | 67    |    |            |     | 37, 38     |        | 14     | 27         |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane     | 52     |     | 67    |    |            |     | 37, 38     |        | 14     | 27         |
| Trichloroethene           | 52     |     | 67    |    |            |     | 37, 38     |        | 14     |            |
| Trichloroethylene         | 52     |     |       |    |            |     | 38         |        |        | 27         |
| Trichlorofluoromethane    | 52     |     |       |    |            |     | 37, 38     |        | 14     | 27         |
| 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol     | 53     |     |       |    |            |     | 38, 39     |        | 16     |            |
| 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol     | 53     |     |       |    |            |     | 38, 39     |        | 16     |            |
| 1,2,3-Trichloropropane    | 52     |     |       |    |            |     | 37         |        | 14, 16 | 27, 28, 29 |
| Trichlorotrifluoromethane | 52     |     |       |    |            |     |            |        |        |            |
| Triethylene glycol        |        |     |       |    |            |     | 39         |        | 16     |            |
| Trifluralin               |        |     | 68    |    |            |     |            |        | 17     | 28         |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene    | 52     |     |       |    |            |     | 37, 38     |        | 14     | 27         |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene    | 52     |     |       |    |            |     | 37, 38     |        | 14     | 27         |
| 1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene     |        |     |       |    |            |     | 39         |        | 16     |            |
| 2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene     |        |     |       |    |            |     | 39         |        | 16     |            |
| Tritium                   |        |     |       |    | 58, 58, 61 |     |            |        |        |            |
| Turbidity                 |        |     |       |    |            |     |            |        | 13     | 26         |

| U                 | AE | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem          | RGT | Soil | UST | WP | WS |
|-------------------|----|-----|-------|----|----------------|-----|------|-----|----|----|
| Uranium           |    | 75  |       |    | 58, 59, 60, 61 |     | 36   |     | 12 | 24 |
| UV 248 Absorbance |    |     |       |    |                |     |      |     |    | 26 |

| V                        | AE | Cal    | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil   | UST | WP         | WS |
|--------------------------|----|--------|-------|----|-------|-----|--------|-----|------------|----|
| Valeraldehyde (pentanal) | 53 |        |       |    |       |     |        |     |            |    |
| Vanadium                 |    | 75, 76 | 65    |    |       |     | 36, 41 |     | 12, 18, 20 | 24 |
| Vinyl acetate            | 52 |        |       |    |       |     | 37     |     | 14         |    |
| Vinyl bromide            | 52 |        |       |    |       |     |        |     |            |    |
| Vinyl chloride           | 52 |        | 67    |    |       |     | 37, 38 |     | 14         | 27 |

| X              | AE | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil   | UST | WP     | WS |
|----------------|----|-----|-------|----|-------|-----|--------|-----|--------|----|
| Xylenes, total | 52 |     | 67    |    |       |     | 37, 38 | 46  | 14, 15 | 27 |

| Y       | AE | Cal | LLCRM | MB | RChem | RGT | Soil | UST | WP | WS |
|---------|----|-----|-------|----|-------|-----|------|-----|----|----|
| Yttrium |    | 75  |       |    |       |     |      |     |    |    |

| Z    | AE | Cal    | LLCRM | MB | RChem          | RGT | Soil   | UST | WP         | WS |
|------|----|--------|-------|----|----------------|-----|--------|-----|------------|----|
| Zinc | 54 | 75, 76 | 65    |    | 58, 59, 60, 61 |     | 36, 41 |     | 12, 18, 20 | 24 |

|       |                 |       |                          |    |                 |
|-------|-----------------|-------|--------------------------|----|-----------------|
| AE    | Air & Emissions | RChem | Radiochemistry           | WP | Water Pollution |
| Cal   | Calibration     | RGT   | Reagents                 | WS | Water Supply    |
| LLCRM | Low-Level CRMs  | Soil  | Soil                     |    |                 |
| MB    | Microbiology    | UST   | Underground Storage Tank |    |                 |

| A                       | ANATEL<br>PAT700 | ANATEL<br>A643 | ANATEL<br>TOC600 | ANATEL<br>A-1000 | SIEVERS 900,<br>5310 C, M9,<br>M5310 C | SIEVERS<br>500 | ANALYTIK<br>JENA | OI<br>ANALYTICAL | SWAN | LIGHTHOUSE | MEMBRAPURE | CONSUMABLES | CLEANING<br>VALIDATION | REFERENCE<br>STANDARDS | CONDUCTIVITY |
|-------------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|--|----------------|------------------|------------------|------|------------|------------|-------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| Accuracy/Precision Sets |                  |                |                  |                  |  | 88             |                  |                  |      |            |            |             |                        |                        |              |
| Autoreagent Sets        |                  |                |                  |                  | 87                                     |                |                  |                  |      |            |            |             |                        |                        |              |

| B       | ANATEL<br>PAT700 | ANATEL<br>A643 | ANATEL<br>TOC600 | ANATEL<br>A-1000 | SIEVERS 900,<br>5310 C, M9,<br>M5310 C | SIEVERS<br>500 | ANALYTIK<br>JENA | OI<br>ANALYTICAL | SWAN | LIGHTHOUSE | MEMBRAPURE | CONSUMABLES | CLEANING<br>VALIDATION | REFERENCE<br>STANDARDS | CONDUCTIVITY |
|---------|------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|--|----------------|------------------|------------------|------|------------|------------|-------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| Bottles |                  |                |                  |                  |  |                |                  |                  |      |            |            | 95          |                        |                        |              |

| C                                      | ANATEL<br>PAT700 | ANATEL<br>A643 | ANATEL<br>TOC600 | ANATEL<br>A-1000 | SIEVERS 900,<br>5310 C, M9,<br>M5310 C | SIEVERS<br>500 | ANALYTIK<br>JENA | OI<br>ANALYTICAL | SWAN | LIGHTHOUSE | MEMBRAPURE | CONSUMABLES | CLEANING<br>VALIDATION | REFERENCE<br>STANDARDS | CONDUCTIVITY |
|--|------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|--|----------------|------------------|------------------|------|------------|------------|-------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| Calibration Kits                       | 84               | 85             | 86               | 86               | 87                                     | 88             | 89               | 90               | 94   | 94         | 94         |             |                        |                        |              |
| Caps                                   | 84               | 85             |                  |                  |  |                |                  |                  |      |            |            |             |                        |                        |              |
| Cleaning Validation                    |                  |                |                  |                  |  |                | 89               |                  |      |            |            |             | 98                     |                        |              |
| Conductivity Kits                      | 84               | 85             | 86               |                  | 87                                     | 88             |                  |                  |      |            |            |             |                        |                        | 101          |
| Conductivity - High-Level              |                  |                |                  |                  |  |                |                  |                  |      |            |            |             |                        |                        | 101          |
| Conductivity - Low-Level               |                  |                |                  |                  |  |                |                  |                  |      |            |            |             |                        |                        | 101          |
| Conductivity - Mid-Level               |                  |                |                  |                  |  |                |                  |                  |      |            |            |             |                        |                        | 101          |
| Conductivity - Mid-Level ASTM Solution |                  |                |                  |                  |  |                |                  |                  |      |            |            |             |                        |                        | 101          |
| Conductivity- High Level               |                  |                |                  |                  |  |                |                  |                  |      |            |            |             |                        |                        | 102          |
| Consumables                            | 84               | 85             | 86               |                  | 87                                     | 88             |                  | 90               |      |            |            | 95          |                        |                        |              |
| Custom Coupons                         |                  |                |                  |                  |  |                |                  |                  |      |            |            |             | 98                     |                        |              |

| F                 | ANATEL<br>PAT700 | ANATEL<br>A643 | ANATEL<br>TOC600 | ANATEL<br>A-1000 | SIEVERS 900,<br>5310 C, M9,<br>M5310 C | SIEVERS<br>500 | ANALYTIK<br>JENA | OI<br>ANALYTICAL | SWAN | LIGHTHOUSE | MEMBRAPURE | CONSUMABLES | CLEANING<br>VALIDATION | REFERENCE<br>STANDARDS | CONDUCTIVITY |
|-------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|--|----------------|------------------|------------------|------|------------|------------|-------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| Filters           |                  |                |                  |                  | 87                                     | 88             |                  |                  |      |            |            | 95          |                        |                        |              |
| Function Test Kit |                  |                |                  |                  |  |                |                  |                  | 94   |            |            |             |                        |                        |              |
| Full Cal Kit      |                  |                |                  |                  |  |                | 89               |                  |      |            |            |             |                        |                        |              |

| H                                     | ANATEL<br>PAT700 | ANATEL<br>A643 | ANATEL<br>TOC600 | ANATEL<br>A-1000 | SIEVERS 900,<br>5310 C, M9,<br>M5310 C | SIEVERS<br>500 | ANALYTIK<br>JENA | OI<br>ANALYTICAL | SWAN | LIGHTHOUSE | MEMBRAPURE | CONSUMABLES | CLEANING<br>VALIDATION | REFERENCE<br>STANDARDS | CONDUCTIVITY |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|--|----------------|------------------|------------------|------|------------|------------|-------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| High-Purity Water Reference Standards |                  |                |                  |                  |  |                |                  |                  |      |            |            |             |                        | 100                    |              |

| I                     | ANATEL<br>PAT700 | ANATEL<br>A643 | ANATEL<br>TOC600 | ANATEL<br>A-1000 | SIEVERS 900,<br>5310 C, M9,<br>M5310 C | SIEVERS<br>500 | ANALYTIK<br>JENA | OI<br>ANALYTICAL | SWAN | LIGHTHOUSE | MEMBRAPURE | CONSUMABLES | CLEANING<br>VALIDATION | REFERENCE<br>STANDARDS | CONDUCTIVITY |
|-----------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|--|----------------|------------------|------------------|------|------------|------------|-------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| Inorganic Carbon CRMs |                  |                |                  |                  |  |                |                  |                  |      |            |            |             |                        | 99                     | N/A          |
| Individual CRMs       |                  |                |                  |                  |  |                |                  |                  |      |            |            |             |                        | 99                     | N/A          |

| L                   | ANATEL<br>PAT700 | ANATEL<br>A643 | ANATEL<br>TOC600 | ANATEL<br>A-1000 | SIEVERS 900,<br>5310 C, M9,<br>M5310 C | SIEVERS<br>500 | ANALYTIK<br>JENA | OI<br>ANALYTICAL | SWAN | LIGHTHOUSE | MEMBRAPURE | CONSUMABLES | CLEANING<br>VALIDATION | REFERENCE<br>STANDARDS | CONDUCTIVITY |
|---------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|--|----------------|------------------|------------------|------|------------|------------|-------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| Limited Cal Kit     |                  |                |                  |                  |  |                | 89               |                  |      |            |            |             |                        |                        |              |
| Linearity Sets      |                  |                |                  |                  | 87                                     | 88             |                  |                  |      |            |            |             |                        |                        |              |
| Multipoint Cal Sets |                  |                |                  |                  | 87                                     |                |                  |                  |      |            |            |             |                        |                        |              |



| P                  | ANATEL PAT700 | ANATEL A643 | ANATEL TOC600 | ANATEL A-1000 | SIEVERS 900, 5310 C, M9, M5310 C | SIEVERS 500 | ANALYTIK JENA | OI ANALYTICAL | SWAN | LIGHTHOUSE | MEMBRAPURE | CONSUMABLES | CLEANING VALIDATION | REFERENCE STANDARDS | CONDUCTIVITY |
|--------------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|------|------------|------------|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| pH Buffer Products |               |             |               |               |                                  |             |               |               |      |            |            |             |                     | 100                 | N/A          |

| R                  | ANATEL PAT700 | ANATEL A643 | ANATEL TOC600 | ANATEL A-1000 | SIEVERS 900, 5310 C, M9, M5310 C | SIEVERS 500 | ANALYTIK JENA | OI ANALYTICAL | SWAN | LIGHTHOUSE | MEMBRAPURE | CONSUMABLES | CLEANING VALIDATION | REFERENCE STANDARDS | CONDUCTIVITY |
|--------------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|------|------------|------------|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Reagents           |               |             |               |               | 87                               |             |               | 90            |      |            |            | 95          |                     |                     |              |
| Reagent Cartridges |               |             |               |               | 87                               |             |               | 90            |      |            |            | 95          |                     |                     |              |
| Resin Beds         |               |             |               |               | 87                               |             |               |               |      |            |            |             |                     |                     |              |

| S                            | ANATEL PAT700 | ANATEL A643 | ANATEL TOC600 | ANATEL A-1000 | SIEVERS 900, 5310 C, M9, M5310 C | SIEVERS 500 | ANALYTIK JENA | OI ANALYTICAL | SWAN | LIGHTHOUSE | MEMBRAPURE | CONSUMABLES | CLEANING VALIDATION | REFERENCE STANDARDS | CONDUCTIVITY |
|------------------------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|------|------------|------------|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Sampling Kit w/Vial and Swab |               |             |               |               |                                  |             |               |               |      |            |            |             | 98                  |                     |              |
| Specificity Sets             |               |             |               |               | 87                               | 88          |               |               |      |            |            |             |                     |                     |              |
| Service Kits                 |               |             |               |               | 87                               |             |               |               |      |            |            |             |                     |                     |              |
| Swabs                        |               |             |               |               |                                  |             |               |               |      |            |            |             | 98                  |                     |              |
| Swabbing Templates           |               |             |               |               |                                  |             |               |               |      |            |            |             | 98                  |                     |              |
| System Suitability Kits      | 84            | 85          | 86            | 86            | 87                               | 88          | 89            | 90            | 94   | 94         | 94         |             |                     |                     |              |

| T                             | ANATEL PAT700 | ANATEL A643 | ANATEL TOC600 | ANATEL A-1000 | SIEVERS 900, 5310 C, M9, M5310 C | SIEVERS 500 | ANALYTIK JENA | OI ANALYTICAL | SWAN | LIGHTHOUSE | MEMBRAPURE | CONSUMABLES | CLEANING VALIDATION | REFERENCE STANDARDS | CONDUCTIVITY |
|-------------------------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|------|------------|------------|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Tubing                        |               |             |               |               | 87                               | 88          |               |               |      |            |            | 95          |                     | 99                  |              |
| Turbidity Standards           |               |             |               |               |                                  |             |               |               |      |            |            |             |                     |                     |              |
| Turbidimeter Replacement Lamp |               |             |               |               |                                  |             |               |               |      |            |            |             |                     | 99                  |              |

| U                  | ANATEL PAT700 | ANATEL A643 | ANATEL TOC600 | ANATEL A-1000 | SIEVERS 900, 5310 C, M9, M5310 C | SIEVERS 500 | ANALYTIK JENA | OI ANALYTICAL | SWAN | LIGHTHOUSE | MEMBRAPURE | CONSUMABLES | CLEANING VALIDATION | REFERENCE STANDARDS | CONDUCTIVITY |
|--------------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|------|------------|------------|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Ultra Low CRM Kits |               |             |               |               |                                  |             |               | 90            |      |            |            |             |                     |                     |              |
| UV Lamps           | 84            | 85          | 86            |               | 87                               | 88          |               |               |      |            |            | 95          |                     |                     |              |

| V               | ANATEL PAT700 | ANATEL A643 | ANATEL TOC600 | ANATEL A-1000 | SIEVERS 900, 5310 C, M9, M5310 C | SIEVERS 500 | ANALYTIK JENA | OI ANALYTICAL | SWAN | LIGHTHOUSE | MEMBRAPURE | CONSUMABLES | CLEANING VALIDATION | REFERENCE STANDARDS | CONDUCTIVITY |
|-----------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|------|------------|------------|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Validation Kits | 84            | 85          | 86            |               | 87                               | 88          |               | 90            |      |            |            |             |                     |                     |              |
| Vials           | 84            | 85          |               |               | 87                               | 88          |               |               |      |            |            | 95          |                     |                     |              |

**A - C**

|   |       |   |
|---|-------|---|
| A | 4-AAP | 4 - Aminoantipyrine                               |
|   | A2LA  | American Association for Laboratory Accreditation |
|   | AE    | Air & emissions                                   |
| B | BCH   | Benzene hexachloride                              |
|   | BOD   | Biochemical oxygen demand                         |
|   | BTEX  | Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes       |
| C | CALA  | Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation |
|   | CFU   | Colony-forming unit                               |
|   | CLP   | Contract laboratory program                       |
|   | COD   | Chemical oxygen demand                            |
|   | CofA  | Certificate of analysis                           |
|   | CRDL  | Contract required detection limit                 |
|   | CRM   | Certified reference material                      |
|   | CVAFS | Cold vapor atomic fluorescence spectroscopy       |
|   | CVAA  | Cold vapor atomic absorption                      |
|   | CWA   | Clean Water Act                                   |

**D - F**

|   |       |  |
|---|-------|--|
| D | DBCP  | Dibromochloropropane                               |
|   | DI    | Deionized  |
| E | EDB   | Ethylene dibromide also known as 1,2-Dibromoethane |
|   | EDD   | Electronic data deliverable                        |
|   | ELAP  | Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program     |
|   | EPA   | Environmental Protection Agency                    |
|   | EPTIS | European Proficiency Testing Information System    |
|   | ERA   | Environmental Resource Associates                  |
| F | FAQ   | Frequently asked question                          |
|   | FID   | Flame ionization detector                          |
|   | FoPT  | Field of Proficiency Testing                       |

**G - I**

|   |      |  |
|---|------|--|
| G | GC   | Gas chromatography                             |
| H | HCH  | Hexachlorocyclohexane                          |
|   | HEM  | Hexane extractable material                    |
|   | HMX  | Nitroamine high explosive                      |
|   | HPC  | Heterotrophic plate count                      |
|   | HPLC | High performance liquid chromatography         |
| I | IC   | Ion chromatography                             |
|   | ICP  | Inductively coupled plasma                     |
|   | IR   | Infrared                                       |
|   | ISE  | Ion selective electrode                        |
|   | ISO  | International Organization for Standardization |

**L - N**

|   |         |  |
|---|---------|--|
| L | LAS     | Linear alkylbenzene sulphonates          |
|   | LIMS    | Laboratory information management system |
| M | MBAS    | Methylene blue active substances         |
|   | MCPA    | 2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxyacetic acid      |
|   | MCPP    | Mecoprop (chlorophenoxy herbicide)       |
|   | MEK     | Methyl ethyl ketone                      |
|   | MF      | Membrane filtration                      |
|   | mg      | Milligrams                               |
|   | mg/dscm | Milligrams per dry standard cubic meter  |
|   | MIBK    | Methyl isobutyl ketone                   |
|   | MOE     | Ministry of the Environment (Ontario)    |
|   | MPN     | Most probable number                     |
|   | MRAD    | Multi-media radiochemistry               |
|   | MTBE    | Methyl tert-butyl ether                  |

|   |       |  |
|---|-------|--|
| N | NELAC | National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Conference |
|   | NELAP | National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program    |
|   | NIST  | National Institute of Standards and Technology (U.S.)      |
|   | NPDES | National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System            |
|   | NQA   | National Quality Assurance                                 |
|   | NTU   | Nephelometric turbidity unit                               |

**O - Q**

|   |          |                                  |
|---|----------|----------------------------------|
| O | OES      | Optical emission spectrometry    |
| P | PAH      | Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons |
|   | PC units | Platinum-cobalt                  |
|   | PCB      | Polychlorinated biphenyls        |
|   | pci/kg   | Picocuries per kilogram          |
|   | PE       | Performance evaluation           |
|   | pg       | Picogram                         |
|   | PT       | Proficiency test(ing)            |
|   | PUF      | Polyurethane foam                |
| Q | QC       | Quality control                  |
|   | QR       | QuiK Response                    |

**R - T**

|   |         |   |
|---|---------|---|
| R | RCRA    | Resource Conservation and Recovery Act                  |
|   | RDX     | Research department explosive (an explosive nitroamine) |
|   | RM      | Reference material                                      |
|   | RTU     | Ready-to-use  |
| S | SCC     | Standards Council of Canada                             |
|   | SDWA    | Safe Drinking Water Act                                 |
|   | SGTheM  | Silica gel treated hexane extractable materials         |
|   | SI unit | International System of units                           |
|   | SPE     | Solid-phase extraction                                  |
|   | SU      | Standard units  |
| T | TCDD    | Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin                             |
|   | TCLP    | Toxicity characteristic leaching procedure              |
|   | TCP     | Trichloropropane  |
|   | TKN     | Total Kjeldahl (kel'dahl) Nitrogen                      |
|   | TNI     | The NELAC Institute                                     |
|   | TOC     | Total organic carbon                                    |
|   | TOX     | Total organic halides                                   |
|   | TPH     | Total petroleum hydrocarbons                            |
|   | TSS     | Total suspended solids                                  |

**U - Z**

|   |         |  |
|---|---------|--|
| U | UCMR    | Unregulated contaminant monitoring rule  |
|   | UKAS    | United Kingdom Accreditation Service   |
|   | µmhos   | Micromhos (measure of electrical conductivity of a solution)                       |
|   | UPLC    | Ultra performance liquid chromatography  |
| V | VOA     | Volatile organic analysis  |
|   | VOC     | Volatile organic compounds   |
| W | WP      | Water pollution  |
|   | WS      | Water supply   |
|   | WWTP    | Wastewater treatment plant   |
| Z | Z-score | Statistical measurement of a score's relationship to the mean in a group of scores |







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